

"Effective field theory and operator mixing"  
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## REFERENCES

### EFFECTIVE FIELD THEORY

- HOLLOWOOD 0909.0859
- MANO哈尔 hep-ph/9606222
- BURGESS hep-th/0701053
- ROTHSTEIN hep-ph/0308266
- SKIBA 1006.2142

### OPERATOR PRODUCT EXPANSION

- BURAS hep-ph/9806471  
† Rev. Mod. Phys. 68, 1125
- Peskin Ch. 18
- MANO哈尔+WISE "Heavy Quark Physics"

- OUTLINE
- I. A TRIVIAL EXAMPLE
  - II. A PHILOSOPHICAL INTERLUDE
  - III. A LESS-TRIVIAL EXAMPLE
  - IV. SOME CLOSING REMARKS

This course is called

# FLAVOR PHYSICS

↑  
MEASURING THE CKM MATRIX

but at its heart it is

### EFFECTIVE FIELD THEORY

{ RELEVANT DOF (+ EFFECT OF UV ON IR!)  
THIS IS WHERE "PHYSICAL INTUITION" LIVES

### THE MAIN IDEA :

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{EFF}} = \sum_i c_i \mathcal{O}_i$$

LOCAL OPERATORS

WILSON COEFFICIENT  
ENCODES INFORMATION  
ABOUT UV PHYSICS

MEASURE EXPERIMENTALLY

LOW ENERGY EFFECTIVE  
OPERATOR DESCRIBES  
IR DEGREES OF FREEDOM

FOR MATRIX ELEMENTS

FACTORIZES SHORT & LONG DISTANCE PHYSICS!

NOTE: WE HAVEN'T "THROWN AWAY" ANYTHING!  
PHYSICS LIVES EITHER IN  $c_i$  OR  $\mathcal{O}_i$

... BUT  $\mathcal{L}_{\text{EFF}}$  IS ONLY USEFUL (but very useful) FOR ANSWERING  
QUESTIONS ABOUT LOW E PHYSICS.

Naive belief: EFFECTIVE THEORIES ARE "MERELY" APPROXIMATIONS.  
ie SOMEHOW "LESSER" THAN FUNDAMENTAL THEORIES.

COUNTERPOINT: USES OF EFTs

1. BOTTOM-UP PHYSICS ("PHENOMENOLOGY") - UNKNOWN UV PHYSICS

ESTIMATE SCALE & EFFECT OF HIGH SCALE NEW PHYSICS:

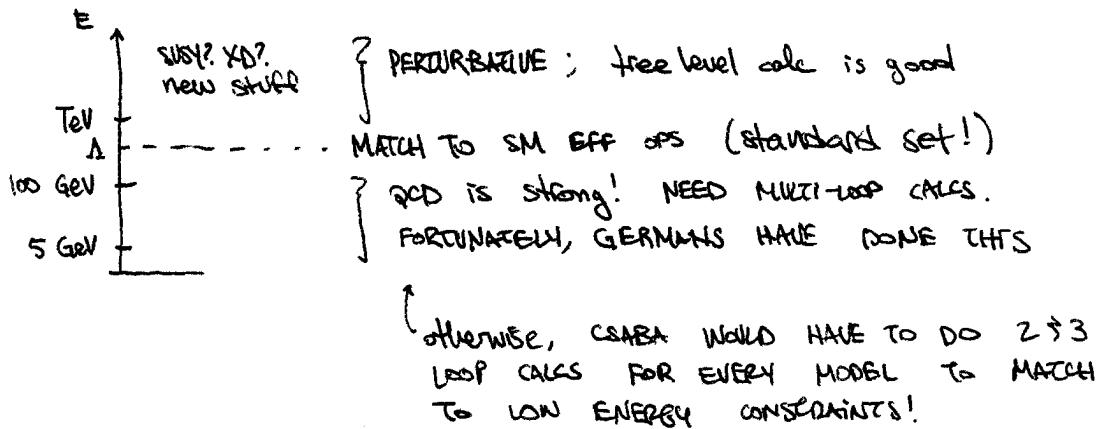
eg for FERMI THEORY, WE COULD HAVE WRITTEN

$$L_{\text{eff}} = - \frac{1}{\Lambda^2} J_\mu J^\mu \xrightarrow{\text{EXPERIMENT}} \Lambda = \sqrt{\frac{f_2}{G_F}} \approx 350 \text{ GeV}$$

PREDICT "NP" BY 350 GeV  
(actually shows up @ ~100 GeV)

this is how we know that STRING TH1 LIVES @  $\Lambda_{\text{Pl}}$ .

2. SIMPLIFY CALCULATIONS: KNOWN UV PHYSICS  
very important in flavor physics.



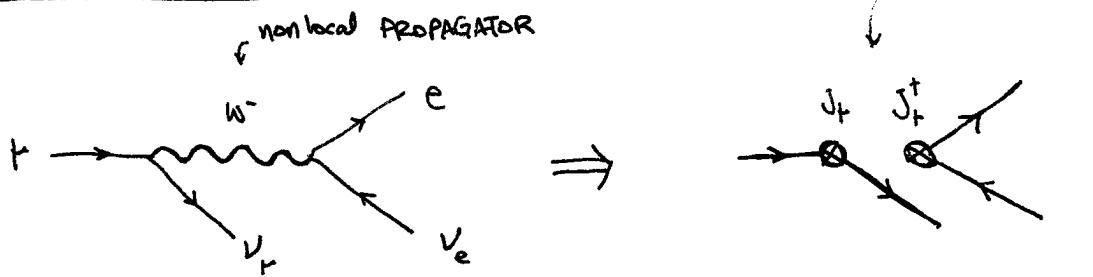
3. STRONG COUPLING: INTRACTABLE UV PHYSICS  
DESCRIBE EFF DOF OF STRONGLY-COUPLED THEORIES  
eg. MESONS w/ CHIRAL FERM. THEORY  
eg. SEIBERG DUALITY  
eg. THEORIES w/ NON-TRIVIAL IR FIXED POINTS (eg  $d=3$ )  
{}  
LOTS OF "FUNDAMENTAL" THEORY INVOLVED!  
eg. METASTABLE VACUA (COLEMAN WEINBERG  $V_{\text{eff}}$ )

LESSONS: EFTs ARENT "INFERIOR" APPROXIMATIONS

WE USE EFT IN FLAVOR PHYSICS FOR ALL OF THE ABOVE REASONS!

3 MANY GOOD REVIEWS ON EFT; see STRASSLER (hep-th/0309149), MANDHAR (hep-ph/9606222), WEINBERG (0908.1964), BIRGESS (hep-th/070153), HOLLIK (MPI-PH-93-21), ROTHSTEIN (hep-th/0308266)

### A TRIVIAL EXAMPLE : $\mu$ DECAY



SM:  $\mathcal{L}_{\text{SM}}$   
"full theory"

$\xrightarrow{\text{zeroth } \mathcal{O} \text{ in OPE}}$

$$\text{FERMI THEORY}: \mathcal{L}_{\text{EFF}} = -\frac{g_F}{\sqrt{2}} J_\mu J^{\dagger\mu}$$

$\underbrace{c}_C \quad \underbrace{\mathcal{O}}_O$

- TREE LEVEL
  - VALID & S, in principle
  - RENORMALIZABLE, by construction
- $\Rightarrow$  ALSO AN EFT  
(in a slightly different sense)

- "NOT EVEN TREE LEVEL"
  - ONLY VALID FOR  $S \ll M_W^2$
  - NON-RENORMALIZABLE
- ↓  
"EFFECTIVE THEORY"  
COMES W/ A CUT-OFF,  $\Lambda \sim M_W$

$$\left(\frac{i g}{\sqrt{2}}\right)^2 \bar{U} Y^a P_L U \cdot \frac{-i}{p^2 - M_W^2} \bar{U} Y_a P_L V$$

$$\xrightarrow{\text{so we define }} \frac{G_F}{\sqrt{2}} (\bar{U} Y^a (1 - Y^5) U) (\bar{U} Y_a (1 - Y^5) V)$$

so we define  
 $G_F$  BY MATCHING

HISTORICAL WAY OF WRITING  
THIS, "V-A" CURRENT.

KEY IDEA: MAP UV INFORMATION (e.g.  $M_W$ ) INTO IR THEORY BY MATCHING.  
THE WILSON COEFFICIENT FROM THE FULL CALCULATION.

QUESTION: AT WHAT ENERGY DO WE MATCH?

- ... in this case it doesn't really matter  
(the difference is RG running wrt weakly coupled states)
- IT'S OUR CHOICE, just choice of where to define RG conditions of the EFT.

MATCHING: PICK A SCALE  $\mathcal{O}$  WHICH FULL THY & EFT ARE DEFINED TO AGREE. EFT & FULL THY WILL AGREE @ LOWER SCALES, BUT NOT HIGHER SCALES.

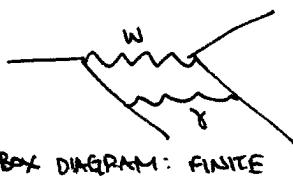
$\rightarrow$  THIS IS A SEPARATION OF UV  $\ni$  IR  
 $\uparrow c_i \quad \uparrow \mathcal{O}_i$

## A HINT OF LOOP CORRECTIONS

EFT: Wilson taught us that EFTs ARE THEORIES w/ cutoffs  
 → We need to specify Renormalization prescription to get finite & physical quantities.

©  $E \ll M_W$ , we can consider QED RG of  $t \rightarrow e\bar{v}t$

FULL THY.:



vertex  
renormaliz.  
FINITE AFTER  
WAVEFUNK REN.

EFT:



FIRST: THERE IS NO EFT DIAGRAM CAPTURING VERTEX RENORMALIZATION, THIS IS BECAUSE EFT HAS NO  $W$  BOSON!

THE DOMINANT CORRECTIONS TO EFT (from matching to full thy) COME FROM THIS TYPE OF DIAGRAM.  $\Rightarrow$  MAIN CONTRIBUTION WHEN  $W$  IS ON SHELL, SO WE SEE THAT EFT IS UNRELIABLE ABOVE  $E \sim \Theta(M_W)$ .

$\Rightarrow$  CONVERSELY, WE EXPECT GOOD AGREEMENT FOR  $E \ll \Theta(M_W)$

NEXT: THE FULL THY BOX DIAGRAM IS FINITE (eg, POWER COUNTING) BUT THE EFT IS DIVERGENT! (treat  $\textcircled{1}$  &  $\textcircled{2}$  AS ONE VERTEX)

Makes sense: EFT is non-renormalizable. HAVE TO INTRODUCE A COUNTERTERM

WE WILL DO THIS EXPLICITLY IN OUR NEXT EXAMPLE  
 FOR NOW WE'LL REVIEW QUALITATIVE FEATURES.

## DEALING WITH DIVERGENCES

- MASS INDEPENDENT VS. MASS DEPENDENT SCHEME

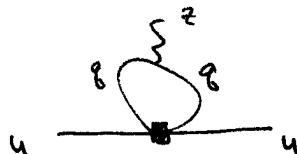
IN THIS CASE THIS IS NOT A BIG DEAL, SINCE



$$\sim \log \Lambda$$

... SO JUST ADD A COUNTER TERM  
 $(1+\delta)\Theta = 2\Theta$

BUT SUPPOSE WE HAD AN EFT DIAGRAM THAT HAD A POWER LAW DIVERGENCE, eg.



$$\sim \frac{1}{M_W^2} \int d^4 k \frac{1}{k^2} \sim \mathcal{O}(1)$$

MULLED OUT FROM  $G_F$

using, eg, momentum sub.

↑  
UP TO OVERALL FACTORS  
eg  $g^2/16\pi^2$

BECAUSE THE LOOP CUT OFF IS  $\sim M_W$ , THESE INTEGRALS ARE ALL  $\mathcal{O}(1)$ ! NOT GOOD FOR PERTURBABILITY, HAVE TO SUM ALL SUCH CONTRIBUTIONS

SOLUTION: MASS-INDEPENDENT SCHEME, eg  $\overline{MS}$

IN THIS CASE WE HAVE AN 'ARBITRARY' DIMENSIONFUL PARAMETER  $m$  THAT ONLY APPEARS IN LOGS.  $\beta$  FUNCTIONS & ANOMALOUS DIMENSIONS & ARE INDEPENDENT OF MASS & INTEGRALS LOOK LIKE

$$\frac{1}{M_W^2} \int d^4 k \frac{1}{k^2} \sim \frac{m^2}{M_W^2} \log t \quad \begin{matrix} \checkmark \\ \text{we'll make a big deal about} \\ t \text{ soon!} \end{matrix}$$

$m$  IS SOME OTHER MASS SCALE IN THE PROBLEM, eg.  $M_h$ .

INTEGRALS ARE NOW MUCH BETTER BEHAVED. LESSON: DIM RG +  $\overline{MS}$

OF COURSE: PHYSICS IS SCHEME-INDEPENDENT, BUT AN INTELLIGENT CHOICE OF SCHEME MAKES LIFE MUCH EASIER.

THE DOWNSIDE: MASS-INDEPENDENT SCHEMES DO NOT AUTOMATICALLY DECOPLE HEAVY PARTICLES; WE HAVE TO DO THIS BY HAND.  
SO WE GET A SEQUENCE OF EFT'S AFTER INTEGRATING OUT EACH HEAVY PARTICLE SPECIES.

↳ for more see Manohar §7  
Probstem §1.11

- A REMARK ABOUT RESUMMATION OF LOGARITHMS (really the same remark as before)

WE CAN REMOVE POWER LAW 'DIVERGENCES' USING REGULARIZATION AND A SUBTRACTION SCHEME.  $L_{ren} = L_{bare} + \text{counter terms}$

WHAT'S LEFT OVER : LOGARITHMS  $\sim \log^k / M_W$

Philosophy : POWER LAW DIVERGENCES ARE REALLY UV EFFECTS IN POSITION SPACE THESE ARE  $\delta$  FUNCTIONS ? DERIVATIVES OF  $\delta$  FUNCTIONS.

HOWEVER, LOGARITHMIC DIVERGENCES ARE DIFFERENT WHILE POWER LAW DIVERGENCES HAVE MOST OF THEIR SUPPORT IN THE UV, LOG DIVERGENCES SAMPLE EACH 'DECade' OF ENERGY SCALE EQUALLY — it is a "real" physical effect within the effective theory

→ this is why logs are important in RG

PROBLEM : LOGS NEEDN'T BE SMALL!

eg. Naive (very naive) Standard Model  $\Lambda \sim M_{Pl}$   
usually  $\Gamma_{loop} \sim g^2 \log^k / \Lambda \dots$  if this is  $O(1)$ , part. they lost!

BUT FORTUNATELY WE CAN RE-SUM THESE [POTENTIALLY] LARGE LOGS.

PERTURBATION THEORY :  $L = (1+\delta)C\Theta = Z C\Theta \rightarrow Z^{n/2} Z C\Theta$

( this is already ~~RG~~ renormalized, never had to write a  $\beta$  function, etc. )  
↑ canonical normalization  
but  $Z$  can have large logs!

"IMPROVED" PERTURBATION THEORY

( historical name, now it's just PART OF THE RG PROGRAM )

THIS IS WHERE THE RENORMALIZATION GROUP COMES IN.

IDEA: WOULDN'T IT BE GREAT IF WE COULD GEOMETRICALLY SUM THESE LOG FACTORS?

$$1 + \frac{d}{4\pi} \log + \left(\frac{d}{4\pi} \log\right)^2 + \dots = \frac{1}{1 - \frac{d}{4\pi} \log}$$

ANSWER : YES, AND WE CAN DO THIS...  
AND WE ALREADY KNOW HOW

→ Callan-Symanzik ("RG") Equation!

[continued: IMPROVED PERT THAT  $\nexists$  RESUMMATION OF LOGS ]

TECHNICALLY, THE CALLAN-SYMANZIK EQUATION (which just expresses the  $\mu$ -independence of physical quantities) GIVES A CONSISTENCY CONDITION THAT DETERMINES HIGHER COEFFICIENTS OF  ~~$\log^m$~~  RECURSIVELY IN TERMS OF LOWER POWERS.

$$(g^n \log^n) \downarrow g \log$$

i.e. GIVEN 1 LOOP RESULT, YOU CAN DETERMINE ALL COEFFICIENTS OF  $(g \log)^n$ . GIVEN 2 LOOP RESULT, YOU CAN DETERMINE COEFFICIENTS  $g^n \log^{n+1}$ , etc.

(I've been sloppy w/ notation, but the main idea is correct.)

A NICE EXPLICIT DEMONSTRATION OF THIS IS McKEON, INT. J. TH. PHYS. 37 '98  
SEE ALSO WEINBERG CH. 18.1, 18.2.

MORE INTUITIVELY, WE GAIN A LOT FROM DOING RG TRANSFORM INFINITESIMALLY WHERE THERE ARE NO LARGE LOGS.  
BY INTEGRATING THE CALLAN-SYMANZIK EQU. WE DO A SERIES OF INFINITESIMAL RG TRANSFORMS THAT NEVER SUFFER FROM BAD CONVERGENCE

WE AUTOMATICALLY RESUM THE LOGS!

Remark: THIS IS INTIMATELY TIED TO OUR MASS-INDEPENDENT RG SCHEME [THIS IS FROM Weinberg §18.1]

CONSIDER A GREEN'S FUNCTION OF DIMENSION D

$$G(E, x, g, m) = E^D G(1, x, g, \frac{m}{E})$$

↑ overall Energy scale      ↑ coupling      ↑ masses of particles  
 ↓ dimless variables

logs of this can  
 be large & invalidate  
 pert. theory!

BUT IN ~~MASS-INDP.~~ A MASS-INDEP. SCHEME, INTRODUCE SCALE  $\mu$  WHICH IS *a priori* UNRELATED TO ANY MASS IN THE PROBLEM.

$$G(E, x, g, m, \mu) = E^D G(1, x, g(\mu), \frac{m}{E}, \frac{\mu}{E})$$

- LOGS ARE NOW IN  $\mu/E$  ( $\mu \rightarrow 0$  limit is safe!); natural to pick  $\mu = E$
- $g$  IS NOW THE RUNNING COUPLING

CONSIDER  $\varphi^4$  THEORY @ 1 LOOP

ASSUME: WE'VE ALREADY SUBTRACTED ALL DIVERGENCES BY INTRODUCING THE NECESSARY COUNTER TERMS.

ALL POWER LAW DIVERGENCES GO AWAY W/ A TRACE  
 ... BUT LOG DIVERGENCES LEAVE FACTORS OF  $\log \mu^2$   
 ... technically  $\log^{m^2/\mu^2}$  where  $M = \mu$  MASS.

$$\text{def: } \log \equiv \log^{m^2/\mu^2}$$

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{1-loop}} = \frac{1}{2} Z (\partial \varphi_0)^2 + \frac{1}{2} Z_m M_0^2 \varphi_0^2 + \frac{1}{4!} Z \lambda_0 \varphi_0^4 + \dots$$

ignore for simplicity      BARE QUANTITIES      ignore for simplicity

NOW: WRITE OUT THE  $Z$ s IN TWO EXPANSIONS (WE'LL SEE WHY LATER)

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{L}_{\text{1-loop}} &= \frac{1}{2} (a_{ij} \lambda^i \log^j) (\partial \varphi_0)^2 + \frac{1}{4!} (b_{ij} \lambda^i \log^j) \varphi_0^4 \\ &\quad \text{where } a_{00} = b_{00} = 1 ; \quad i \leq j \quad (\text{@ most one log per } \lambda) \\ &= \frac{1}{2} (A(\lambda) \log^i) (\partial \varphi_0)^2 + \frac{1}{4!} (B(\lambda) \log^i) \varphi_0^4 \end{aligned}$$

### CLEAN SYMMETRIC (RG) EQUATION

@ THIS POINT, WE CAN JUST LITERALLY RE-NORMALIZE:

$$\begin{aligned} \lambda &\rightarrow \frac{1}{2} (\lambda \varphi)^2 + \underbrace{\frac{1}{4!} \left( \frac{2\lambda}{Z^2} \right) \lambda_0 \varphi_0^4}_{= \lambda}, \text{ renormalized coupling} \end{aligned}$$

SO THIS IS A FINITE (W/ CUTOFF PRESCRIPTION) 1 LOOP EFFECTIVE  $\mathcal{L}$ .  
 PROBLEM: THIS STILL HAS LARGE LOGS IN  $\lambda$ ! NOT VERY GOOD FOR PERTURBATION THEORY.

SO WE HAVE TO DO BETTER: NOT JUST ~~RE~~ RENORMALIZATION,  
 BUT PIENORMALIZATION GROUP.

CHIAN-SYMANZIK (RG) EQUATION

$$\mu \frac{d}{d\mu} \mathcal{L} = 0 = \left[ + \frac{\partial^2}{\partial \mu^2} + \beta \frac{\partial^2}{\partial \lambda^2} - \gamma \lambda \frac{\partial^2}{\partial \lambda^2} \right] \mathcal{L}$$

$$\beta = \mu \frac{\partial \lambda}{\partial \mu} \quad \frac{\partial \log \mathcal{L}}{\partial \log \mu} = \chi_1 \lambda + \chi_2 \lambda^2 + \dots$$

$$= \beta_2 \lambda^2 + \beta_3 \lambda^3 + \dots$$

from  $\log \mathcal{L} = \log^{m^2/\mu^2}$

$$\text{eg: } \beta = \frac{\partial}{\partial \log \mu} \left[ \lambda_0 \frac{b_{11} \lambda_0^2 \log i}{(a_{11} \lambda_0^2 \log i)^2} \right] = (-2) \lambda_0^2 \underbrace{(b_{11} - 2a_{11})}_{\equiv \beta_2} + \dots$$

$$\text{eg: } \chi = -\lambda_0 a_{11} + \dots$$

$$\underbrace{-\lambda_0 a_{11}}_{\equiv \chi_1}$$

GREAT. WE WROTE ONE SET OF UNKNOWNNS IN TERMS OF ANOTHER   
LET'S DO IT AGAIN w/ THE OTHER EXPANSION.

LET'S ONLY FOCUS ON THE INTERACTION TERM

$$\mu \frac{d}{d\mu} \left[ \lambda_0 \frac{1}{4!} B_i(\lambda) \log^4 \Phi_0^4 \right] = 0$$

~~$\lambda_0^4 \log^4 \Phi_0^4$~~

$$0 = -2i \lambda_0 B_i \log^{i-1} \Phi_0^4 + \beta B_i \log^i \Phi_0^4 + i \beta \lambda_0 B_i \log^i \Phi_0^4 - 4 \chi \lambda_0 B_i \log^i \Phi_0^4$$

PICK ONLY  $\log^n$  TERMS:

$$0 = -2i \lambda_0 B_{nn} + \frac{1}{\lambda_0} \beta B_n + n \beta B'_n - 4 \chi B_n \quad \leftarrow B_n = \sum b_{in} \lambda^i$$

$$\uparrow \quad \quad \quad \uparrow$$

$$\beta_2 \lambda_0^2 \quad \quad \quad \beta_1 \lambda_0^0$$

PICK ONLY  $O(\lambda^m)$  TERMS

$$+ 2n b_{(n+1)(n+1)} = \beta_2 b_{nn} + \beta_1 n b_{nn} - 4 \chi b_{nn}$$

→ RECURSIVE FORMULA FOR  $b_{nn}$  FROM RGE (CONSISTENCY.)

Hence one can resum leading log w/  $w_1$  to in  $\lambda$   
 $n \lambda_0$   $w_1$   $n \lambda_0$  in  $\lambda$

" WHEN WE REPLACE BARE COUPLINGS + FIELDS



RENORMALIZED COUPLINGS + FIELDS, DEF IN TERMS OF  
MATRIX ELEMENTS @ E. SCALE  $\mu$ ,

THE INTEGRALS OVER MOMENTA WILL BE EFFECTIVELY CUT OFF AT  $\mu \sim$   
- number 3 is 1.

THIS IS VERY IMPORTANT!

$\mu$  TELLS US HOW WE SEPARATE UV  $\neq$  IR!

"integrated out"      "active dof"

e.g. LOOP INTEGRALS:

$$\int_{-p^2}^{N^2} d^4 k \frac{1}{k^4} = \left( \int_{p^2}^{N^2} + \int_{-p^2}^{p^2} \right) d^4 k \frac{1}{k^4}$$

$\uparrow$                      $\uparrow$                      $\uparrow$   
 $\ln(N^2/p^2)$          $\ln(N^2/p^2)$          $\ln(p^2/\mu^2)$   
 GOES INTO  $c_i$         GOES INTO  $\Theta_i$

WANT TO CALCULATE  $c_i$  (MATCHING) WHERE PERT. THY VAID  
(ie avoid large logs), so PICK  $\mu \sim \Theta(\lambda)$   
e.g.  $\lambda = M_W$

RG EQUATION:

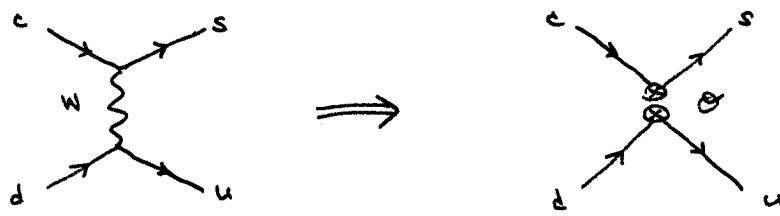
$$\begin{aligned} 0 &= \tau \frac{d}{dt} \langle f | \sum c_j \Theta_j | i \rangle \\ &= (r \frac{d}{dt} C_i) \Theta_i + c_i (\underbrace{\tau \frac{d}{dt} \Theta_i}_{Y_{ij} \Theta_j}) \end{aligned}$$

WE WILL SHOW THIS EXPLICITLY  
IN OUR MAIN EXAMPLE.

### MID-LECTURE SUMMARY

1. EFT of a known fundamental theory matches full theory (with domain of validity; ie what we define to be IR) @ arbitrary precision in powers of, e.g.,  $1/M_W^2$ .
2. KEY POINT IS SEPARATION OF UV INFO INTO  $c_i$   
IR INFO INTO  $\Theta_i$

OUR PRIMARY EXAMPLE :  $c \rightarrow u\bar{d}s$



STEP I: WRITE OUT  $\mathcal{L}_{\text{EFF}}$

... unfortunately there's a lot of stupid historical convention...

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{EFF}} = -\frac{G_F}{\sqrt{2}} V_{cs}^* V_{ud} \sum_i C_i \mathcal{O}_i$$

$$\uparrow \frac{G_F}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{g^2}{8M_W^2} \quad \begin{array}{l} \text{Why } 8? (\frac{g}{\sqrt{2}})^2 \text{ COUPLING} + [\frac{1}{2}(1-\gamma^5)]^2 \text{ PROJECTION} \\ \text{Why } \sqrt{2}? \text{ NORMALIZATION OF } F_\pi \text{ VS. } F_{\pi'} \end{array}$$

the tree-level operator is easy to write out

[note: BY STUPID CONVENTION WE'VE PULLED OUT A FACTOR OF  $(\frac{1}{2})^2$  TO WRITE (V-A) CURRENTS.]

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{O}_2 &= (\bar{s}_a \gamma^\mu (1-\gamma^5) c_a) \cdot (\bar{u}_b \gamma^\mu (1-\gamma^5) d_b) && \leftarrow^{a,b \text{ are color indices}} \\ &\stackrel{\substack{\text{historical} \\ \text{name}}}{=} \bar{\chi}_s^a \bar{\sigma}^\mu \chi_c^a \cdot \bar{\chi}_u^b \bar{\sigma}_\mu \chi_d^b \times 4 && \leftarrow \text{GROWN UP NOTATION} \\ &\equiv (\bar{s}_a c_a)_{V-A} \cdot (\bar{u}_b d_b)_{V-A} \end{aligned}$$

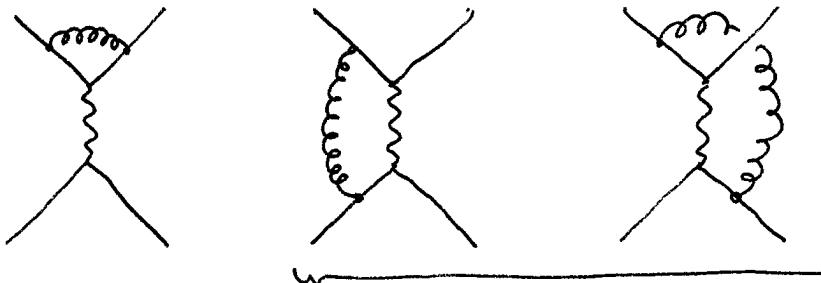
W/ OUR CHOICE OF NORMALIZATION,  $C_2 = 1$  (+ loop level)

CLEARLY @ LO IN THE WOLFENSTEIN PARAMETER  $\lambda$   
↑ @ TREE-LEVEL, THIS IS THE ONLY OPERATOR.

THINGS GET MORE INTERESTING @ LOOP LEVEL.

WHAT LOOPS DO WE CARE ABOUT? ONLY QCD - by far the dominant effect

examples:



RESHUFFLES THE COLOR CONTRACTIONS!  
(eg. use double line notation)



GENERATES ANOTHER OPERATOR

$$\mathcal{O}_1 = (\bar{s}_a c_b)_{V-A} (\bar{u}_b d_a)_{V-A}$$

$$C_1 = \mathcal{O} + \mathcal{O}(ds)$$

✓ Using group theory completeness relation for  $SU(3)$

$$(\frac{1}{2}\lambda^4)_{ab} (\frac{1}{2}\lambda^8)_{cd} = -\frac{1}{6}\delta_{ab}\delta_{cd} + \frac{1}{2}\delta_{acd}\delta_{bc}$$

STEP II: DETERMINE  $C_i(\Lambda)$  @ THE MATCHING SCALE

↑  
NP  
W boson  
Matching  
EFT w/ $\theta_1, \theta_2$   
(brown muck)

WE ARE REALLY MATCHING AMPLITUDES w/ SOME GIVEN EXTERNAL STATES.

BUT  $C_i \not\propto \theta_i$  ARE INDEPENDENT OF EXT STATE!  
THUS WE ARE FREE to choose THESE STATES CONVENIENTLY, even unphysically.

$$\langle f | \dots | i \rangle = \langle u(p) \bar{d}(-p) s(p) | \dots | c(p) \rangle$$

↪ note that we are sidestepping issues about HADRONIC matrix elements

TO DO OUR MATCHING, WE HAVE TO DO THE LOOP LEVEL CALC IN BOTH THEORIES!

↪ Why is this more efficient?

OTHERS HAVE NAVIGATED THE BROWN MUCK @ MULTI-LOOP ORDER  
WE CAN MAP ONTO THEIR WORK!

### FULL THEORY CALCULATION

DEFINE:  $A_{1,2} = \langle u \bar{d}s | \theta_{1,2} | c \rangle$

$$M_{\text{full}}^{(0)} = \frac{G_F}{\sqrt{2}} V_{us}^* V_{ud} \left[ A_2 \left( 1 + 2C_F \frac{\alpha_s}{4\pi} \left( \frac{1}{\epsilon} + \ln \frac{\mu^2}{-p^2} \right) \right) + A_2 \frac{\alpha_s}{4\pi} \ln \frac{M_u^2}{-p^2} - 3A_1 \frac{\alpha_s}{4\pi} \ln \frac{M_u^2}{-p^2} \right]$$

$$C_F = \frac{N_c^2 - 1}{2N} \text{ s.t. } \text{Tr} \left( \frac{\lambda^A}{2} \frac{\lambda^B}{2} \right) = C_F \delta^{AB}$$

OBSERVE: DIVERGENCE IN 1ST TERM FROM VERTEX CORRECTION:

THAT'S OK! SM IS RENORMALIZABLE, DIVERGENCE GOES AWAY AFTER WAVEFUNCTION RENORMALIZATION OF QUARKS:

$$\psi^{(0)} = \sum \psi^i \psi^i \quad \text{w/} \quad Z_\psi = 1 - C_F \frac{\alpha_s}{4\pi} \frac{1}{\epsilon}$$

$\times 4$  quarks, cancels in above ✓

NO OTHER DIVERGENCES!



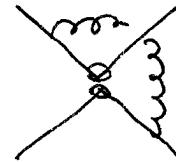
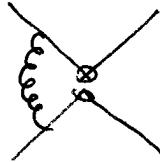
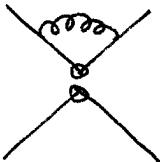
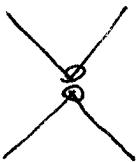
BOX DIAGRAMS ARE MANIFESTLY FINITE BY POWER COUNTING.

SUBTLE: ONE SHOULD ALSO BE CONCERNED ABOUT EXPLICIT FACTORS OF  $p^2$  SINCE WILSON COEFFICIENTS DO NOT DEPEND ON EXT-STATES!

(Why " $-p^2$ " in logs? We chose unphysical momenta)

### EFT CALCULATION

$$M_{\text{EFT}} = \frac{G_F}{\sqrt{2}} V_{us}^* V_{ud} (c_1 \langle \theta_1 \rangle + c_2 \langle \theta_2 \rangle)$$

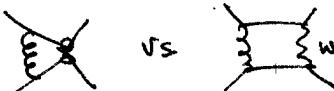


$$\langle \theta_1^{(0)} \rangle = A_1 \left( 1 + 2C_F \frac{\alpha_s}{4\pi} \left( \frac{1}{\epsilon} + \ln \frac{\mu^2}{-p^2} \right) \right) + A_1 \frac{\alpha_s}{4\pi} \left( \frac{1}{\epsilon} + \ln \frac{\mu^2}{-p^2} \right) - 3A_2 \frac{\alpha_s}{4\pi} \left( \frac{1}{\epsilon} + \ln \frac{\mu^2}{-p^2} \right)$$

$$\langle \theta_2^{(0)} \rangle = \text{same w/ } A_1 \leftrightarrow A_2$$

SAME DIVERGENCE

NEW DIVERGENCES!



(NON-RENORMALIZABLE THY!)

OKAY: WE'VE SEEN THIS ALREADY IN OUR  $\mu \rightarrow e \bar{v} \bar{v}$  DIAGRAM.  
WE JUST INTRODUCE A COUNTER TERM + SUBTRACTION SCHEME, right?

SOMETHING NEW: OPERATOR MIXING

$\langle O_2^{(0)} \rangle$  CONTAINS BOTH  $A_2$  AND  $A_1$ !

SO HAVE TO INTRODUCE A MATRIX OF COUNTERTERMS

$$O_i^{(0)} = \sum_j O_j \quad \text{w/ } Z^0 = 1 + \frac{\alpha_s}{4\pi} \frac{1}{\epsilon} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 3 \\ -3 & 1 \end{pmatrix} Y_{ij} \quad \text{ANOMALOUS DIM}$$

IN PRINCIPLE: DIAGONALIZE  $\chi$  TO GET  $O_\pm = \frac{1}{2}(O_2 \pm O_1)$   
THESE DIAGONALIZE THE EFFECTIVE HAMILTONIAN

IN THIS CASE, NOT A BIG DEAL SINCE WE WOULD INCLUDE BOTH OPERATORS IN ANY HADRONIC MATRIX ELEMENT; BUT GENERALLY ALL OPS OF SAME DIMENSION MIX  $\nleftrightarrow$  WE ONLY CARE ABOUT A SUBSET @ LOW ENERGIES. [see next example]

INTUITION: WHEN WE DO WAVEFUNCTION RENORMALIZATION, WE DEFINE OUR "LOW E" RENORMALIZED FIELDS AS INCLUDING QUANTUM CORRECTIONS FROM THE UV

$$\overline{\text{---}}_{\text{ren}} = \overline{\text{---}}_{\text{bare}} + \overline{\text{---}}_{\text{Q}} + \dots$$

IN THE SAME WAY THE OPERATOR INCLUDES THE QUANTUM EFFECTS FROM UV, EVEN COMING FROM DIFFERENT OPS!

$$\overline{\text{---}}_{\text{ren}} = \overline{\text{---}}_{\text{bare}} + \overline{\text{---}}_{\text{Q}} + \dots$$

REALLY WHAT IS HAPPENING IS THAT AS WE SHIFT  $\mu$ , WE PACKAGE "UV"  $\nleftrightarrow$  "IR" PHYSICS DIFFERENTLY. WE ARE PUTTING DIFFERENT EFFECTS IN THE WILSON COEFFICIENT VS EFF OPERATOR; BUT BOTH RENORMALIZE:

$$O = r \frac{d}{dr} \langle c_i O_i \rangle = \left( r \frac{d}{dr} c_i \right) O_i + c_i \left( r \frac{d}{dr} O_i \right)$$

@ LOW E, MAYBE I ONLY WANT  $O_1$ . SO I TAKE BETTER CALC  $\langle O_1 \rangle$ . BUT THIS  $O_1$  IS MIXED w/ OTHER OPS IN THE UV. (We'll see this in  $b \rightarrow s \gamma$ )

$\rightarrow$  Wilsonian EFT in action

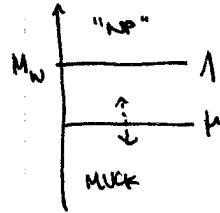
STEP III: DO MATCHING  $\Rightarrow$  WRITE WILSON COEFFICIENTS.

$$\text{COMPARE } \mathcal{M}_{\text{FULL}} \text{ w/ } \mathcal{M}_{\text{EFF}} = -\frac{G_F}{4\pi} V_{ud}^2 V_{us} \sum C_i \langle \mathcal{O}_i \rangle$$

$$\begin{aligned} C_1 &= -3 \frac{ds}{4\pi} \left( \ln \frac{M_W^2}{-p^2} - \ln \frac{\mu^2}{-p^2} \right) = \boxed{-3 \frac{ds}{4\pi} \ln \frac{M_W^2}{\mu^2}} \\ C_2 &= \boxed{1 + \frac{ds}{4\pi} \ln \frac{M_W^2}{\mu^2}} \end{aligned}$$

### Remarks

- INDEED INDEPENDENT OF EXTERNAL MOMENTA ✓
- DOES DEPEND ON  $\mu$  AND  $M_W$  ( $= 1$ )



EMPHASIZE ONCE MORE:  $\mu$  TELLS US HOW WE SEPARATE UV  $\neq$  IR!

eg. $\mu = M_W$	$C_1 = 0$	$C_2 = 1$	ALL INFO IN OPERATORS
$\mu = m_c$	$C_1 = \text{big log}$	$C_2 = \text{big log}$	ALL INFO IN COEFF

FULL AMPLITUDE IS INDEPENDENT OF  $\mu$ , SO IS EFT!

WANT  $\mu \sim O(M_W)$  TO REMOVE LARGE LOGS \*

AND TO AVOID HAVING TO DO CALC IN THE NUCK; WANT TO DO CALCULATION WHERE QCD IS AS PERTURBATIVE AS POSSIBLE.

(\* - actually, when there are multiple scales in the problem, these logs pop up in other places; eg in B decays, 'physics' occurs @  $m_b$ , not  $M_W$ .)

- REMARK: EFT HERE IS AN EXPANSION IN  $1/M_W$   
WE CONSTRUCT THE THEORY TO MATCH FULL THY  $\mathcal{O}$  SOME  $\mathcal{O}$  IN  $1/M_W$

WE CAN WORK TO ARBITRARILY HIGH ORDERS OF  $1/M_W$ ,  
 $\mathcal{O}$  SOME POINT EASIER TO JUST USE FULL THEORY,  
BUT IN PRINCIPLE YOU CAN MATCH FULL THY TO ARBITRARY PRECISION IN THE DOMAIN OF VALIDITY OF EFT ( $E \ll M_W$ ).

ONE LAST EXAMPLE: YUHSIN SAYS I HAVE A FANTASTIC CALCULATION FOR  $\mu \rightarrow e\chi$  IN A WARPED EXTRA DIMENSION.

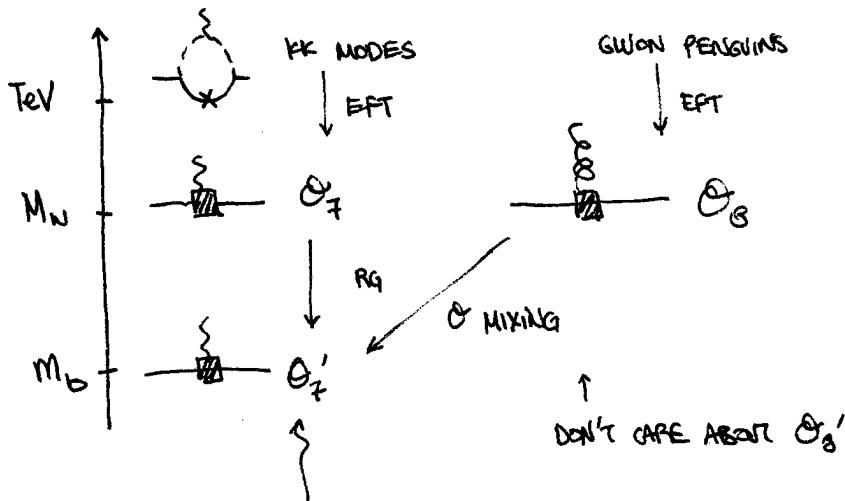
→ WANT TO CONVERT THIS INTO A CALC. FOR  $b \rightarrow s\chi$  ( $B \rightarrow X_s\chi$ )

$$\mu \rightarrow e\chi : e_L \sigma^{\mu\nu} F_{\mu\nu} \mu_R$$

$$b \rightarrow s\chi : s_L \sigma^{\mu\nu} F_{\mu\nu} b_R$$

1-loop amplitude  
very similar structure

THIS ALSO HAS A SILLY NAME:  $\mathcal{O}_7$



This is WHAT WE COMPARE TO EXPERIMENT  
"not even tree level" × form factors

PHYSICALLY:



This is TWO-LOOP IN FUNDAMENTAL THEORY!

THIS IS WHY WE MATCH @ A HIGH SCALE

CLEVER CALCULATORS (eg RUBAS) HAVE ALREADY  
CALCULATED THE RG RUNNING OF EFT FROM  
 $M_W \rightarrow M_b$ , AT MANY LOOP ORDER ( $\sim 3$ ) !

WE CAN MAP TO THEIR RESULT & USE IT AS  
A BRIDGE TO CONNECT TO DATA.

THIS CAN BE DONE IN EXOTIC MODEL SINCE  
ALL OF THE "NEW" FEATURES ARE PACKAGED  
INTO THE NELSON COEFFICIENTS.

THIS IS THE POWER OF EFT IN FLAVOR!