

"The discovery of this particle is potentially the beginning of another road, which is to explore what lies beyond the Standard Model"

- Peter Higgs



"I realized there would be many applications for the laser, but it never occurred to me that we'd get such power from it!"

- Charles Townes

Extreme Light: Bridging Optics and Fundamental High Energy Physics, first steps Towards Zeptosecond and Zettawatt Science

Gérard Mourou
IZEST Ecole Polytechnique

Charles Townes 1915-2015

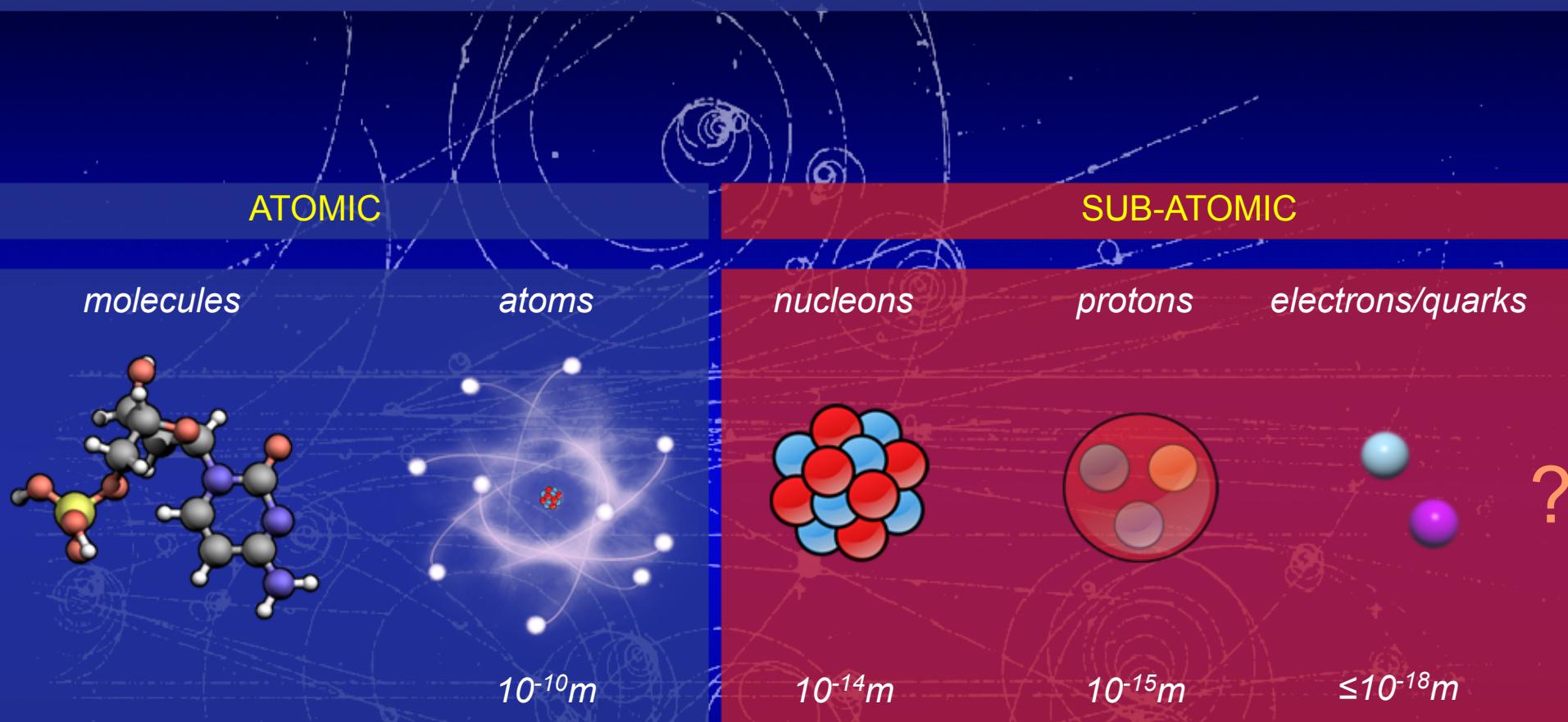


To live a century,
Inventing the laser,
Receiving the Nobel Prize,
Without working a single day.

Contents

- Extreme Light: Overview and Rationales:
 - ✓ Peak Power, Light Pressure,
 - ✓ From Atomic to subatomic (nuclear and Particle Physics)
- Route to Zeptosecond-Zettawatt (Z^2) Generation:
 - ✓ Single cycle Generation,
 - ✓ λ^3 Regime, Relativistic Compression
- Applications: Scientific and Societal
 - ✓ Vacuum Physics: Vacuum Polarization, Light Materialization
 - ✓ Societal Application: Transmutation of Nuclear waste

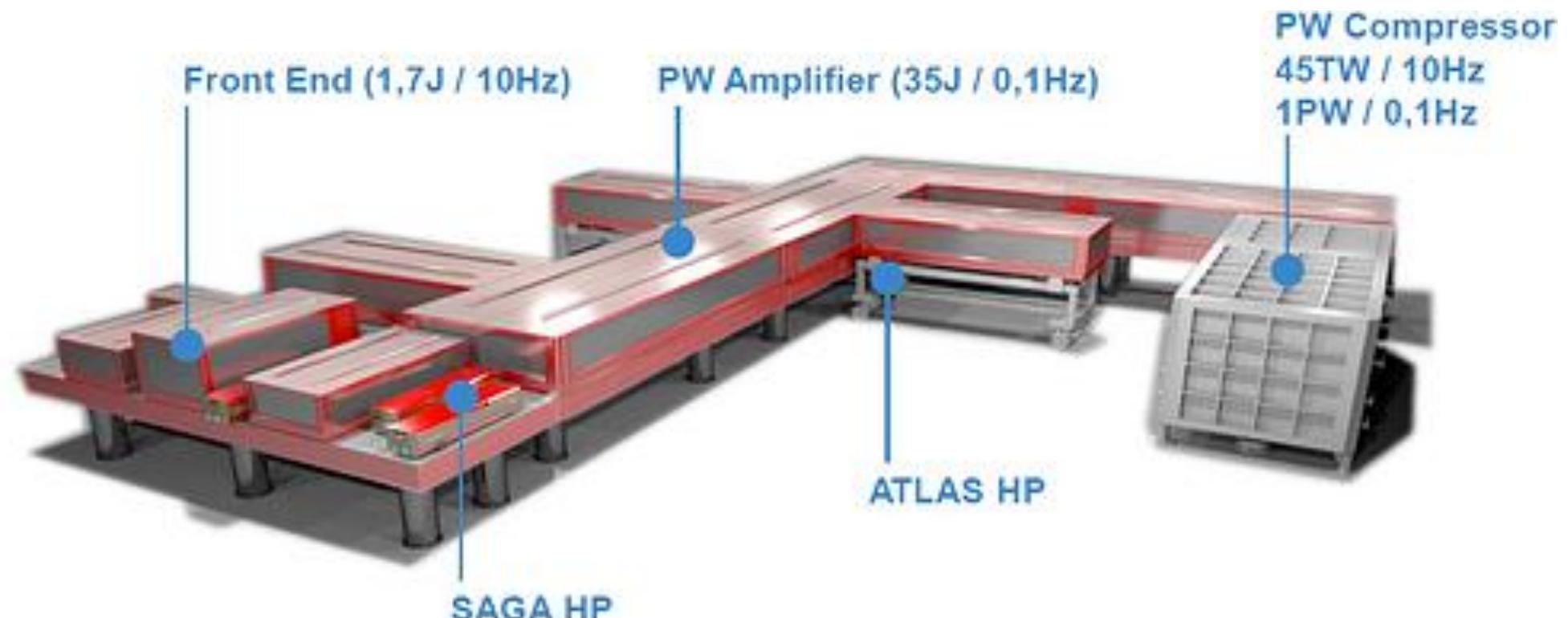
Laser Exploration : from Atomic to Sub-atomic





Extreme Light is Produced by Petawatt Laser

1 PW laser = 10^6 Nuclear Power Plants



Princeton-Rochester-Ottawa

Ultra-high Power laser (PW)

1 PW, is 1000 times the world Grid

$$1 \text{ PW} = 30\text{J}/30\text{fs}$$



International
Year of Light
2015

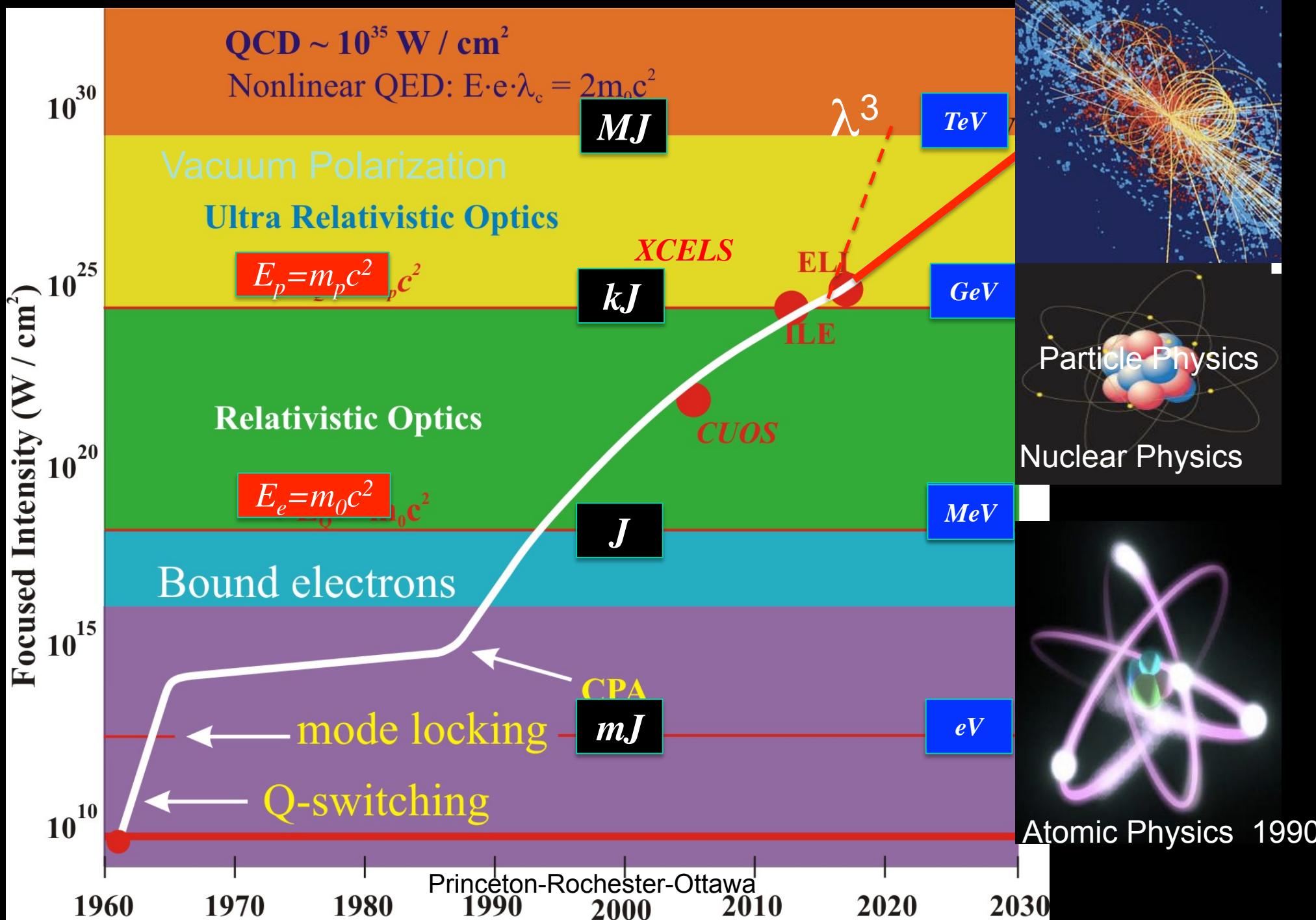
The Light Pressure= I/c

$$I = 10^{23} \text{ w/cm}^2$$

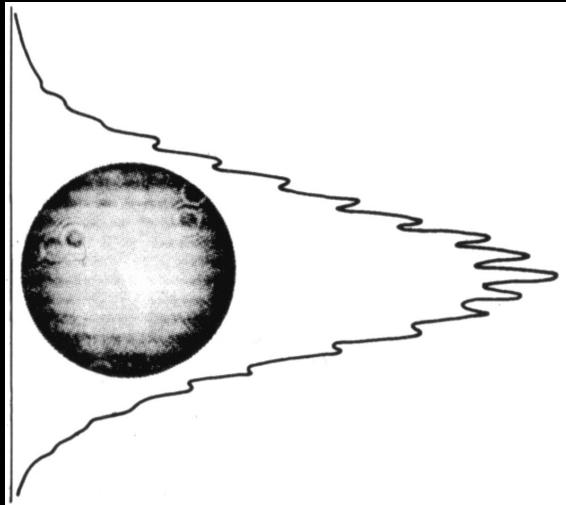
*10 millions Eiffel Towers
on the end of your finger!*



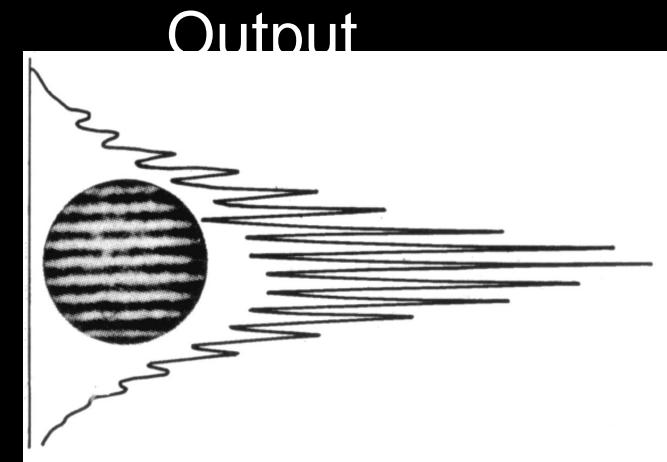
Extreme Light Road Map



Small-Scale Self-Focusing



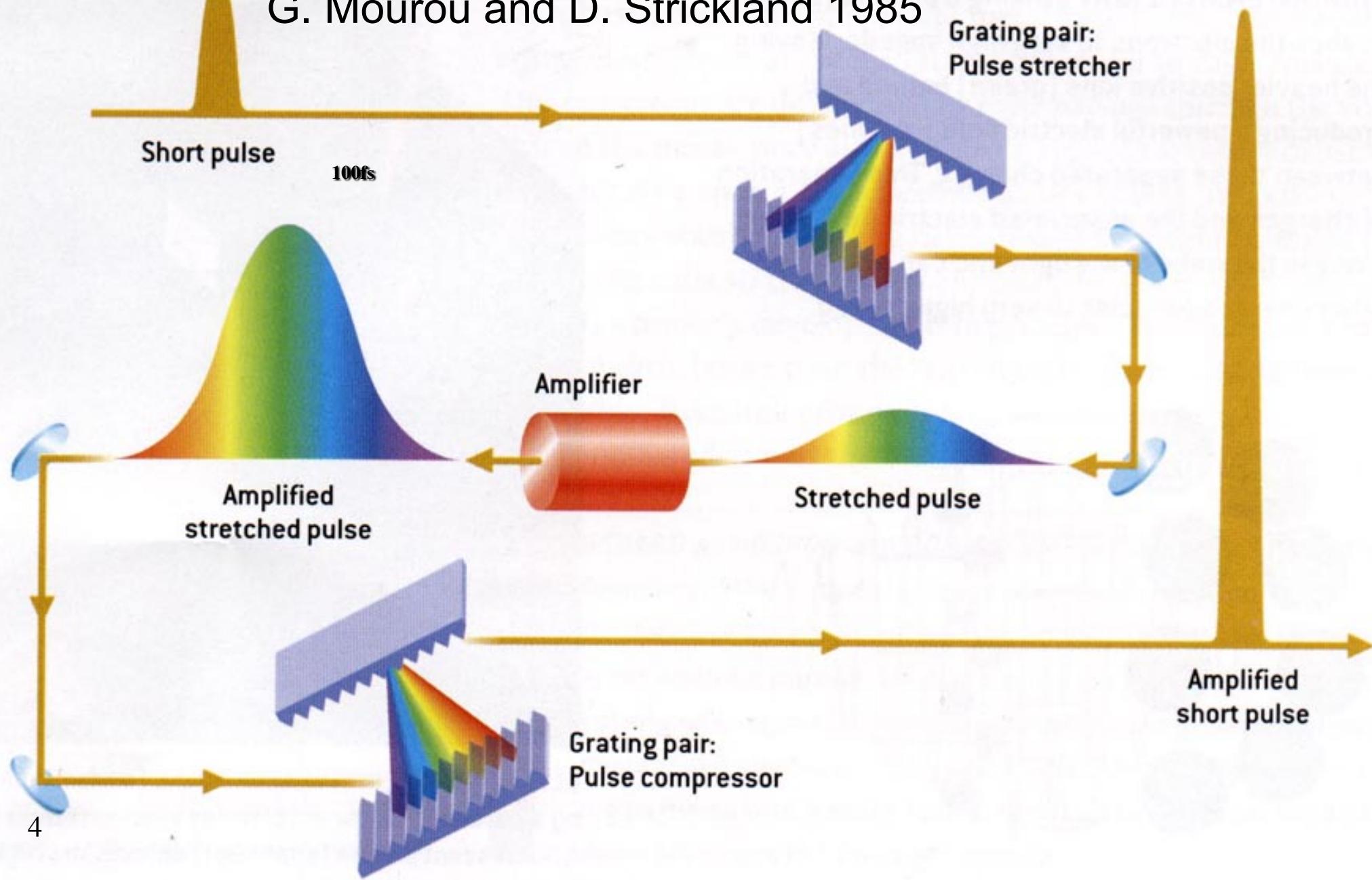
Amplifier
 $n = n_0 + n_2 I$



B-integral < 3 for good beam quality:



G. Mourou and D. Strickland 1985



Relativistic Optics



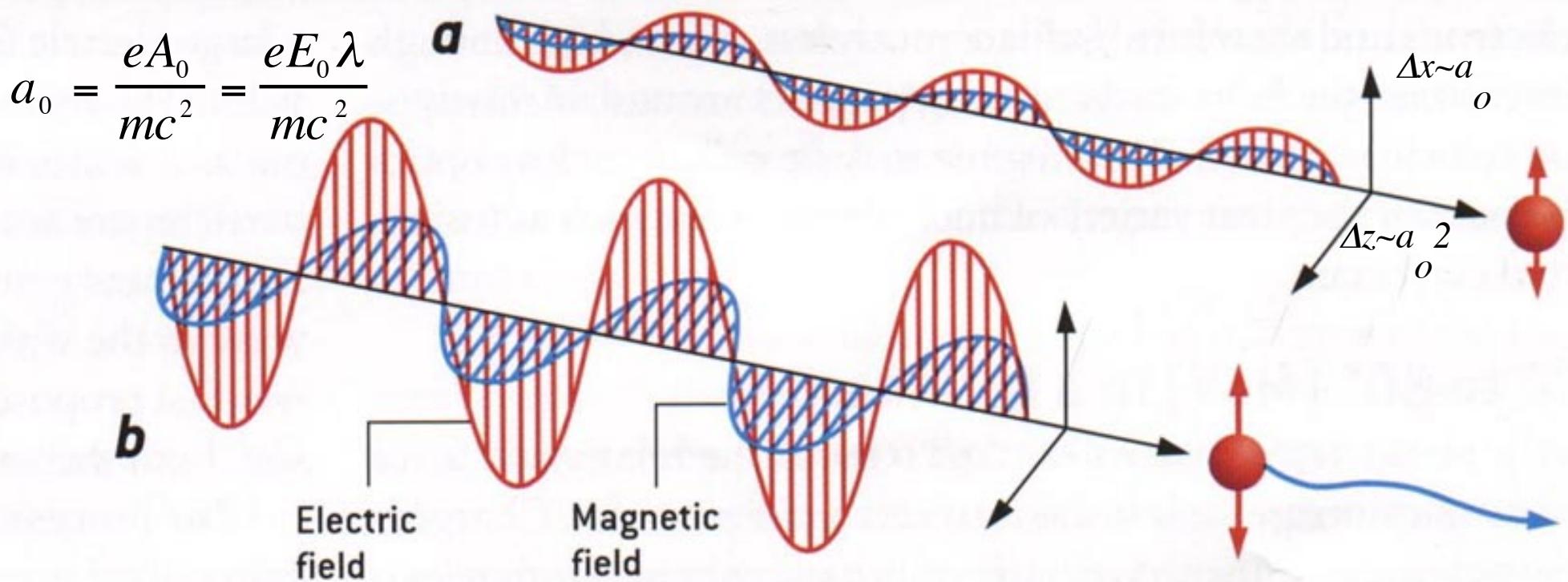
$$\vec{F} = q \left(\vec{E} + \left(\frac{\vec{v}}{c} \wedge \vec{B} \right) \right)$$

a) Classical optics $v \ll c$,

$$a_0 \ll 1, a_0 \gg a_0^2$$

b) Relativistic optics $v \sim c$

$$a_0 \gg 1, a_0 \ll a_0^2$$



Laser Plasma Acceleration

T. TAJIMA, J. M. DAWSON PRL 1979

Noble Gases

PW laser

GeV electrons

*wakefield acceleration in
plasma*

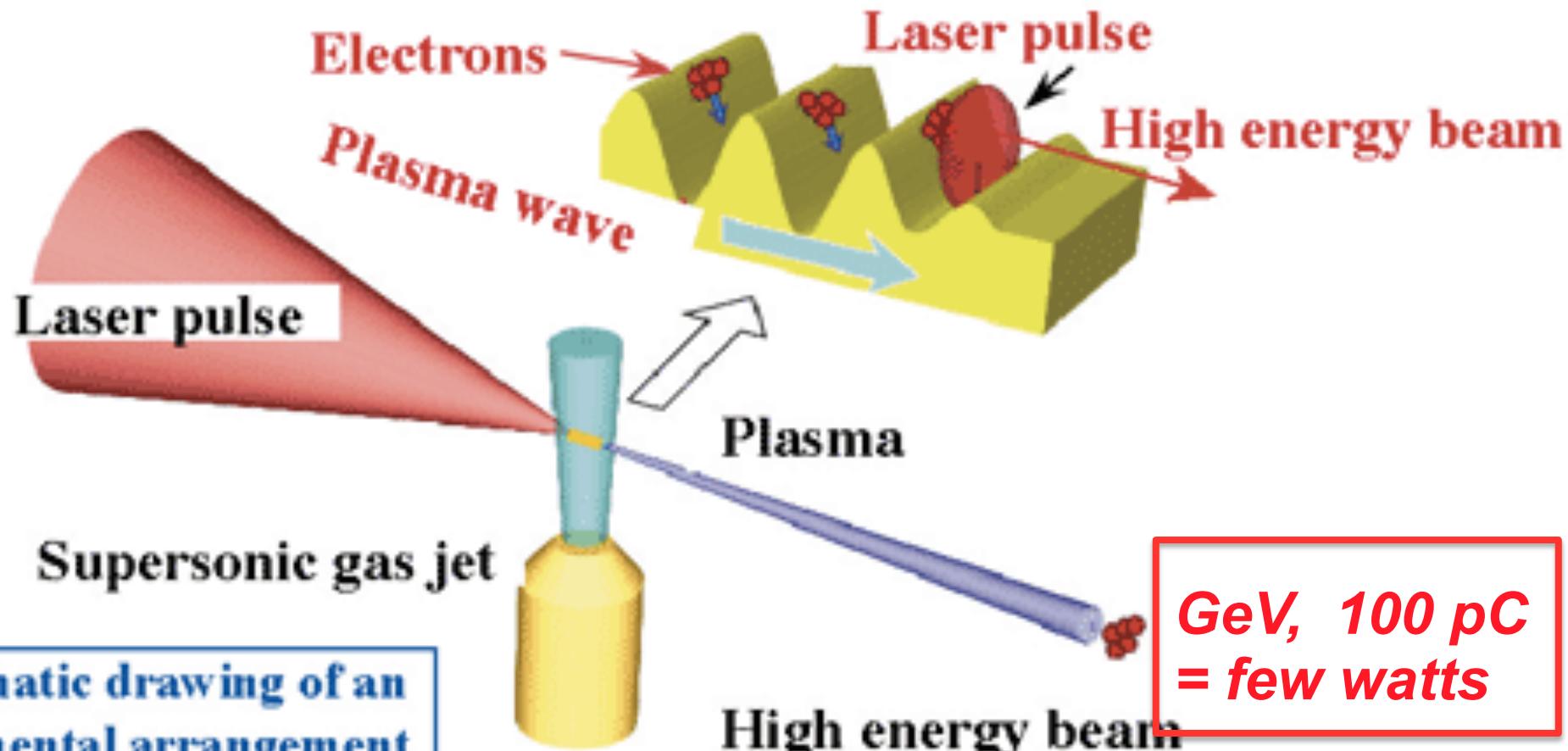


I ZEST
International Zeta-Exawatt
Science Technology



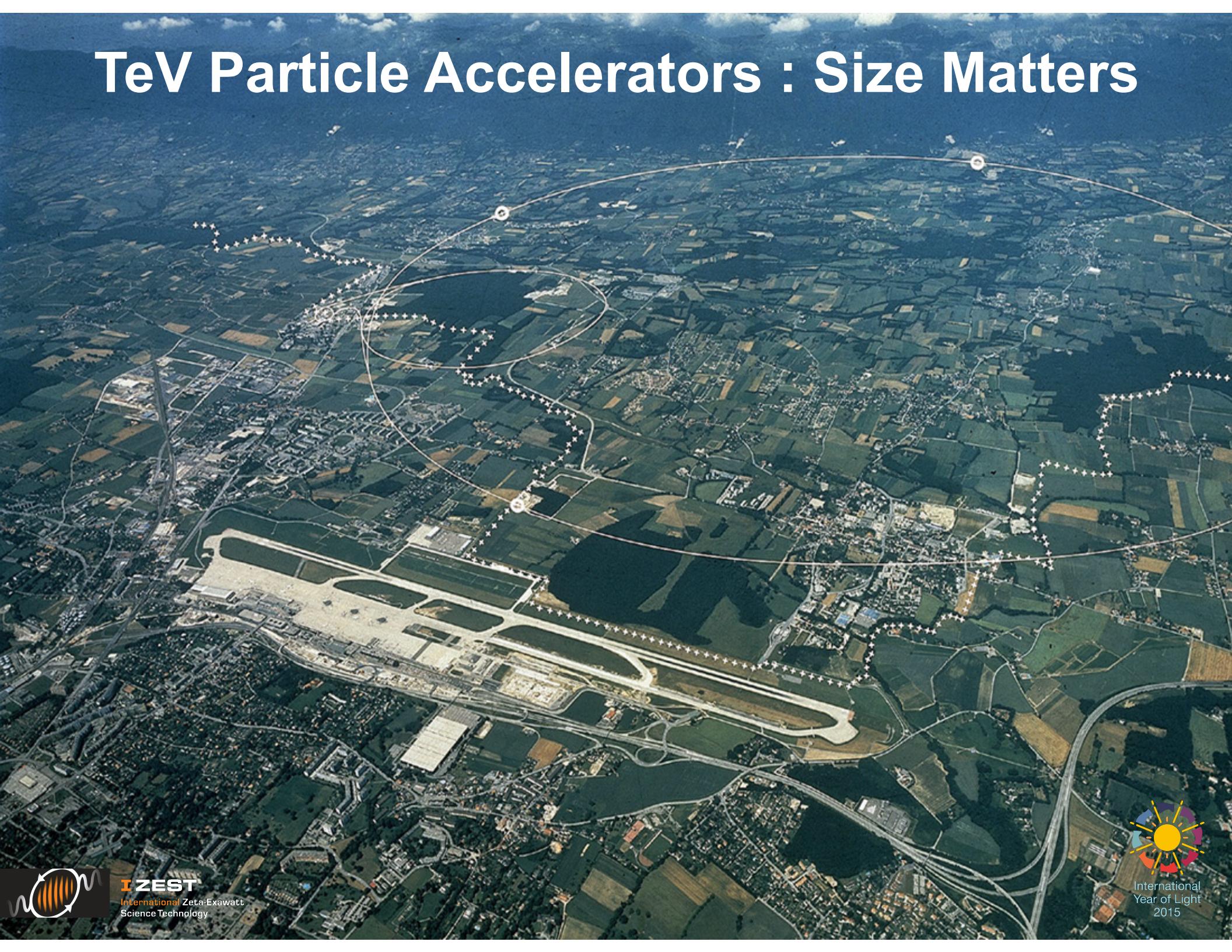
X

A schematic drawing of the principle of acceleration



A schematic drawing of an experimental arrangement

TeV Particle Accelerators : Size Matters

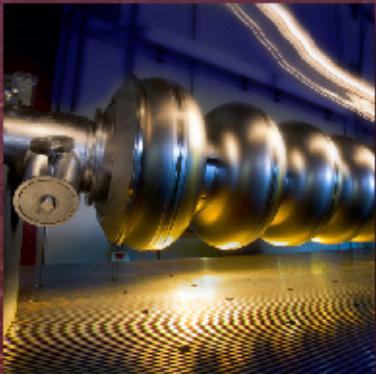


IZEST
International Zeta-Exawatt
Science Technology



International
Year of Light
2015

TeV Particle Accelerators : Size Matters



In Existence Now

The Large Hadron Collider (LHC), CERN.

- * 27kms toroidal tunnel
- * 175m underground
- * 1 billion proton collisions per second
- * 1 - 14 TeV

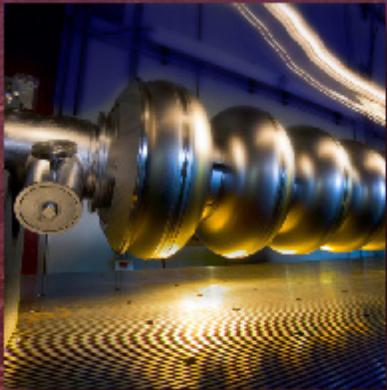


27 kilometres

Princeton-Rochester-Ottawa



TeV Particle Accelerators : Size Matters



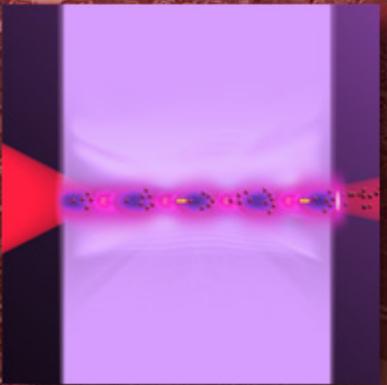
In Existence Now

The Large Hadron Collider (LHC), CERN.

- * 27kms toroidal tunnel
- * 175m underground
- * 1 billion proton collisions per second
- * 1 - 14 TeV



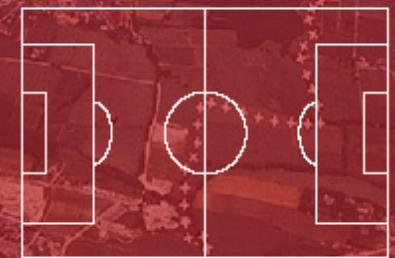
27 kilometres



In Development Now

Laser Wakefield Acceleration

- * electron/positron collider
- * 100m in length
- * 1 GeV/cm

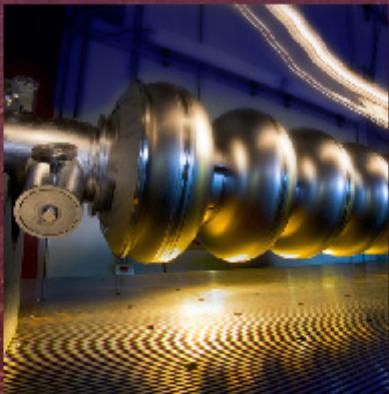


100 metres



IZEST
International Zeta-Exawatt
Science Technology

TeV Particle Accelerators : Size Matters



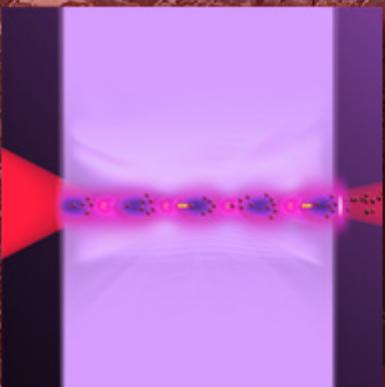
In Existence Now

The Large Hadron Collider (LHC), CERN.

- * 27kms toroidal tunnel
- * 175m underground
- * 1 billion proton collisions per second
- * 1 - 14 TeV



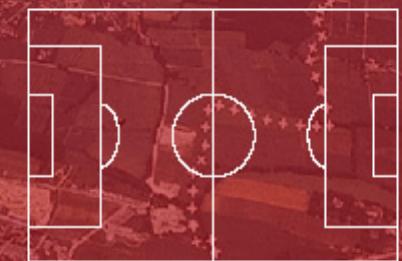
27 kilometres



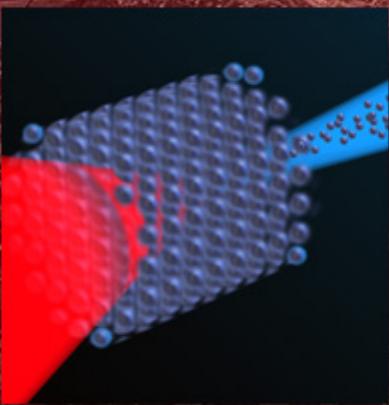
In Development Now

Laser Wakefield Acceleration

- * electron/positron collider
- * 100m in length
- * 1 GeV/cm



100 metres



In The Future

Zeptosecond X-ray Driver

- * laser induced solid crystal wakefield
- * electron, muon, ion collider
- * 1cm in length
- * 1 TeV/cm



1 centimetre
International Year of Light
2015

Route to Zeptosecond-Zettawatt(Z^2) Physics

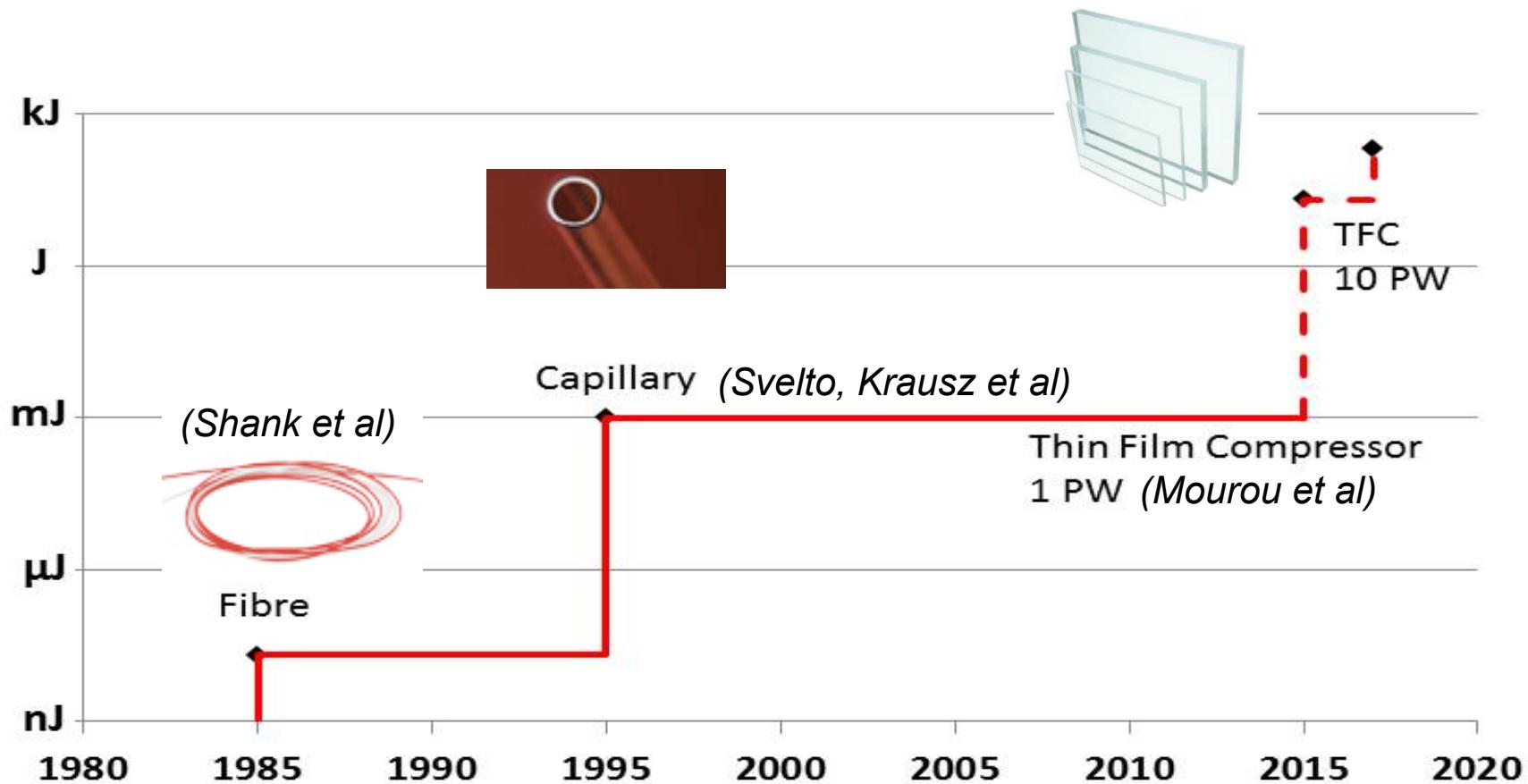
Princeton-Rochester-Ottawa

Zeptosecond Generation Steps

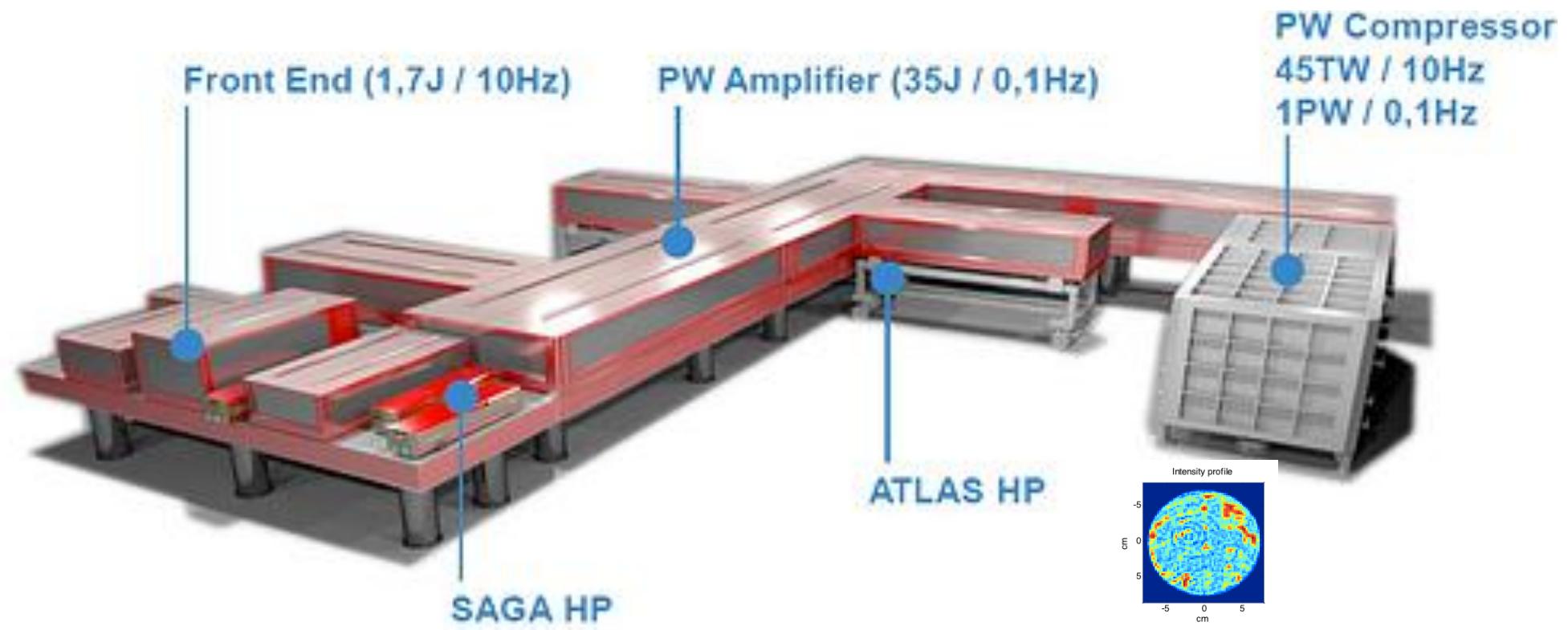
1. First step: Generation of single Cycle 10-100J (10-100PW) pulse
2. Second step: Relativistic Compression from fs to sub-attosecond (zeptosecond)

Single Cycle Pulse Compression Pulse: History

Single Cycle Generation History



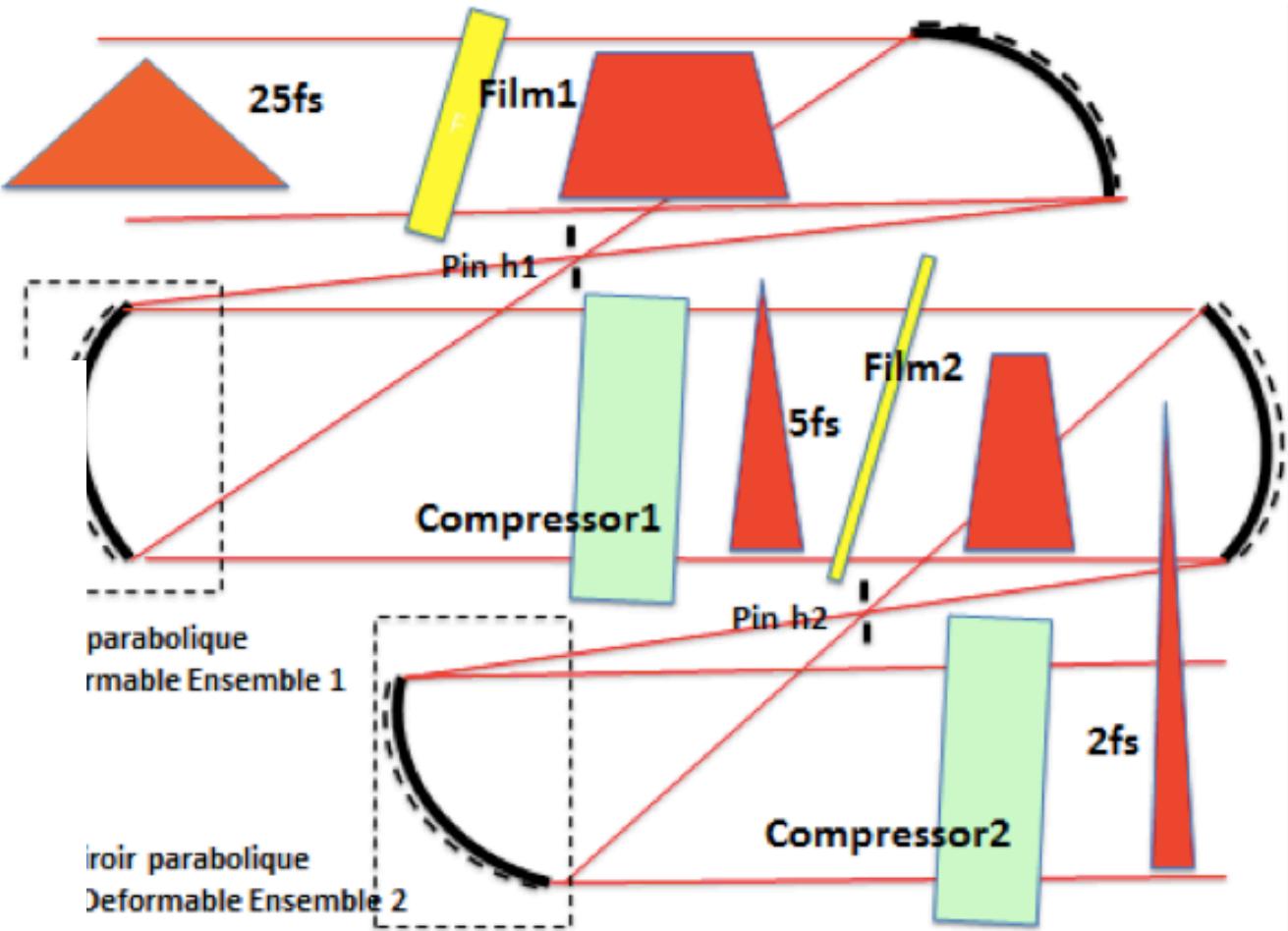
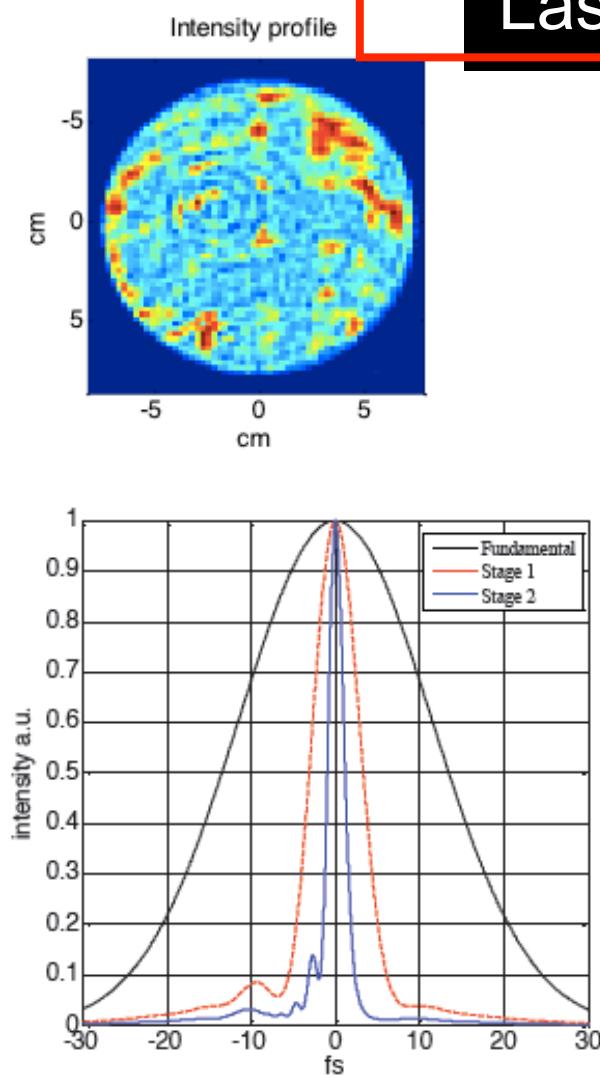
Petawatt Laser Provides A 10-1000J Flat Top



Princeton-Rochester-Ottawa

Single Cycle Thin Film Compressor

Laser with Uniform Beam Amplitude and Phase



G. Mourou, S. Mironov, E. Khazanov and A. Sergeev, Single cycle thin film compressor opening the door to Zeptosecond-Exawatt Physics , Eur. Phys. J. Special Topics, 223, 1181(2014)

Thin Plastic Optical Elements
Can Have Good Optical Quality
And Nonlinear Properties.

Unlimited size and very low
cost



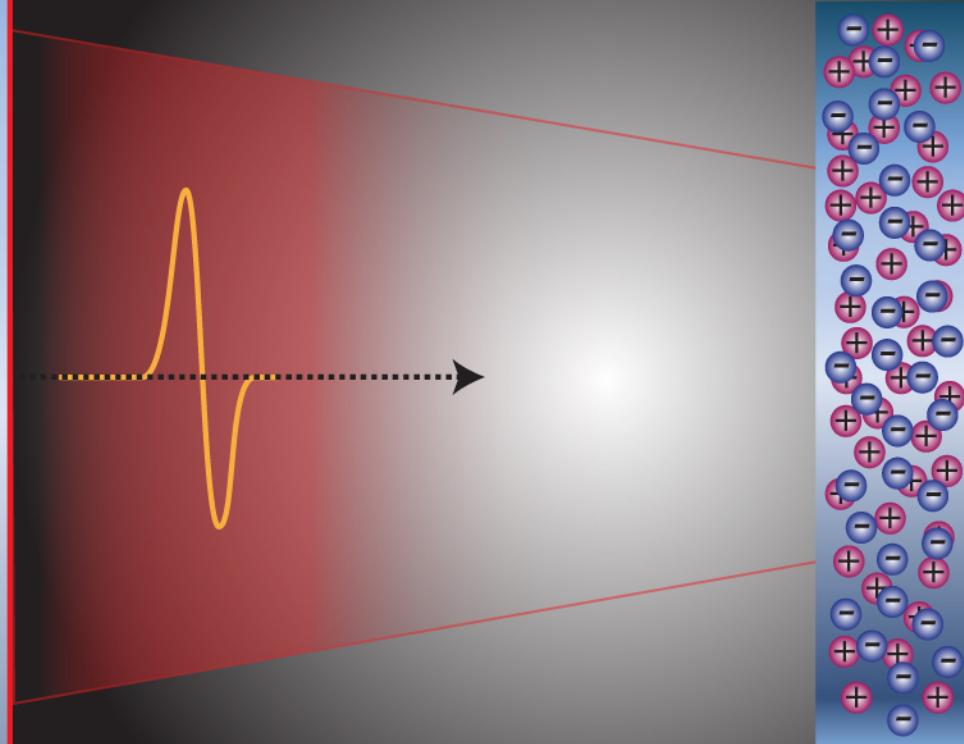
- . *Polyethylene terephthalate* 0.7mm, $1.5TW/cm^2$, $B=4.3$
- . Very large aspect ratio, surface over thickness,
Unlimited aperture inexpensive.
- . Uniformity within a fraction of λ .

Relativistic Compression



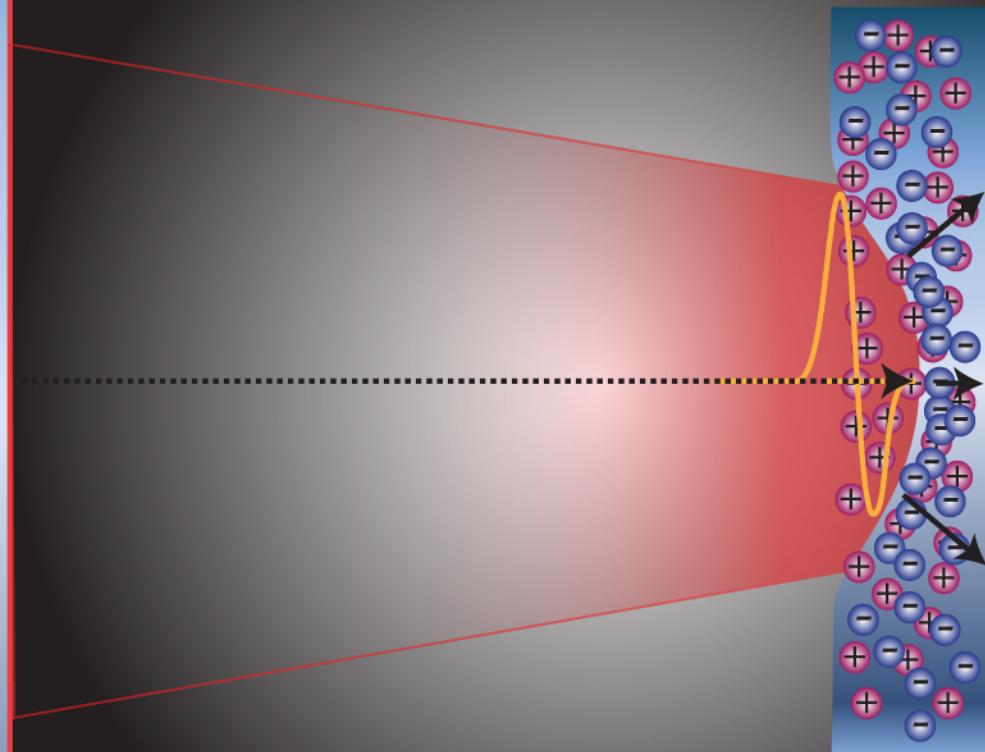
Princeton-Rochester-
Ottawa

Relativistic Compression



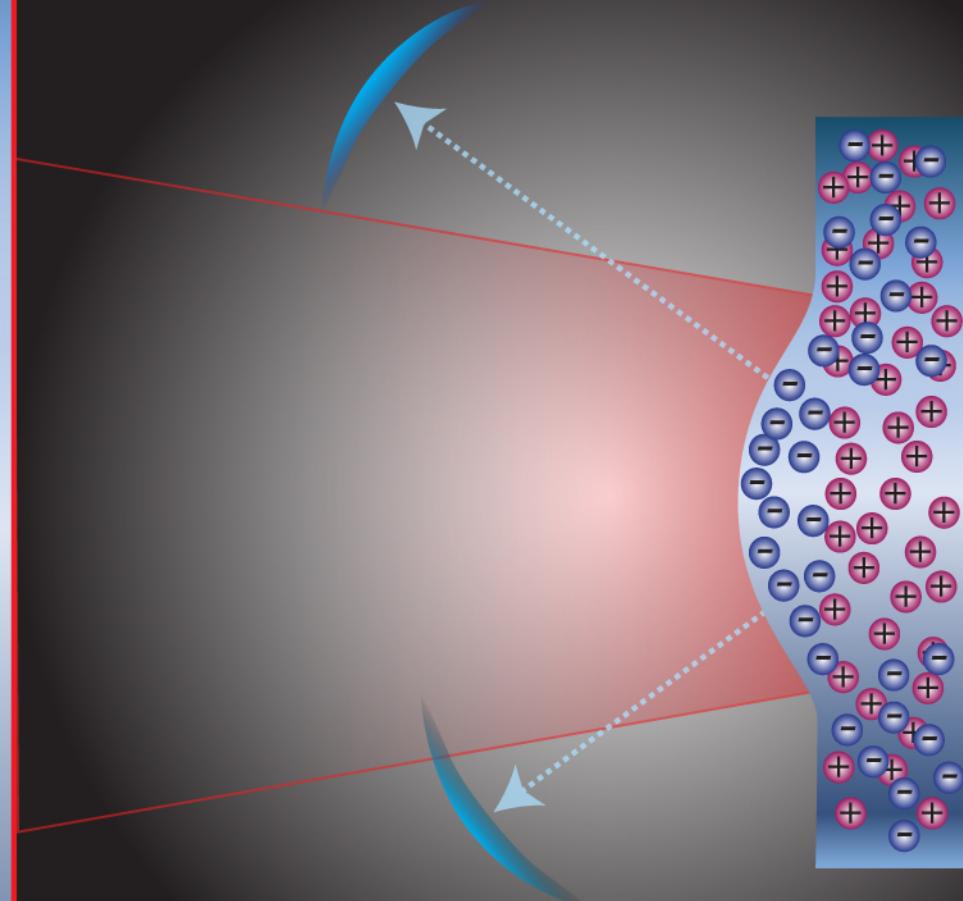
Princeton-Rochester-
Ottawa

Relativistic Compression



Princeton-Rochester-
Ottawa

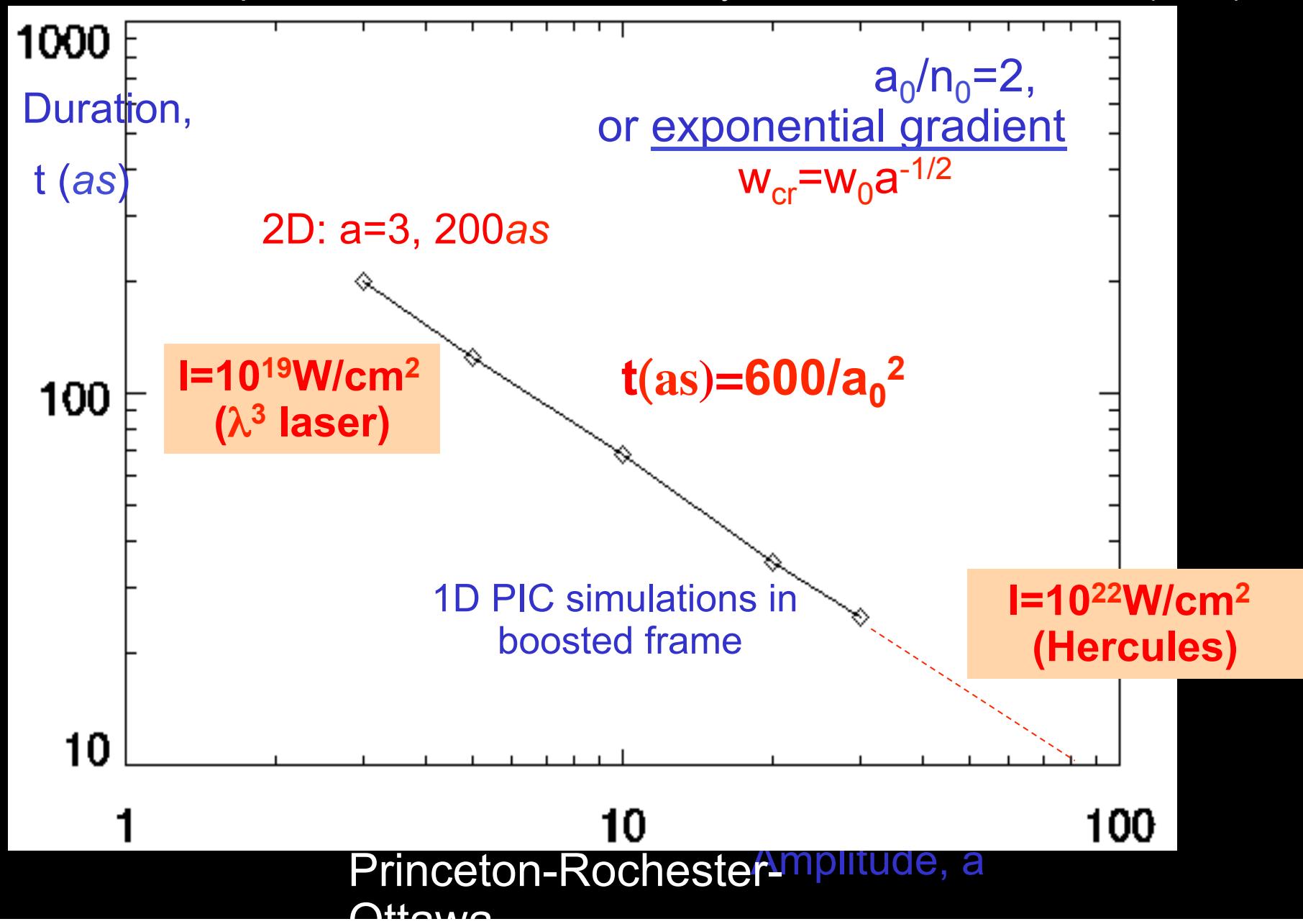
Relativistic Compression



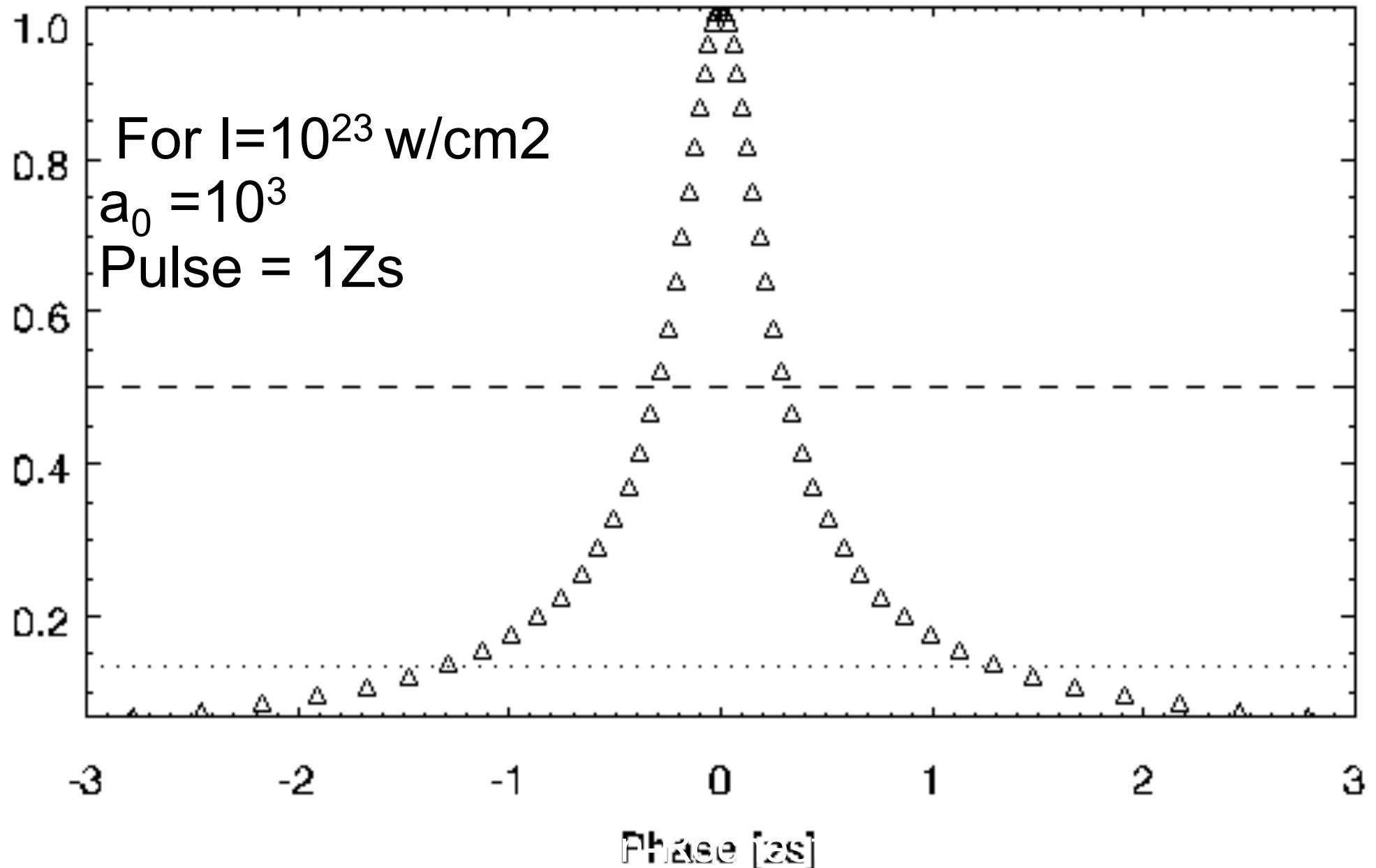
Princeton-Rochester-
Ottawa

Scalable Isolated Attosecond Pulses

N. M. Naumova, J. A. Nees, I. V. Sokolov, B. Hou, and G. A. Mourou, Relativistic generation of isolated attosecond pulses in a λ^3 focal volume, Phys. Rev. Lett. 92, 063902-1 (2004).



**Zeptosecond pulses, (N. Naumova, I. Sokolov, G. Mourou)
(Very Preliminary Result)**



But a Zeptosecond pulse is also:

1. 1J in a Zs (10^{-21}s) is a Zettawatt Zw (10^{21}W)
2. A Zs (10^{-21}s) is a 1MeV Coherent Gamma-ray

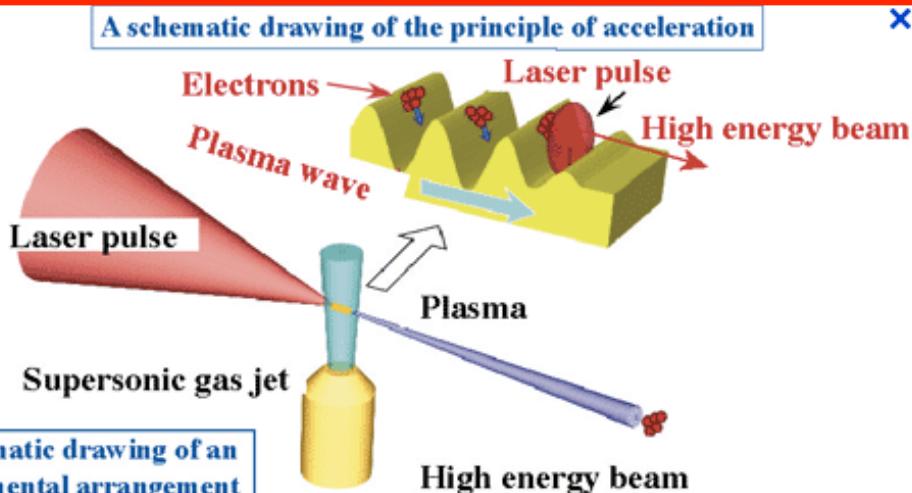
Giant Laser Acceleration in solid: TeV/cm
(CERN on a Dime) towards ZeV

3. 1Zw over λ^2 spot size is 10^{29} W/cm^2
Schwinger Intensity:

Light Turns into Matter and Antimatter

Zepto-Attosecond X-ray pulse and Giant acceleration

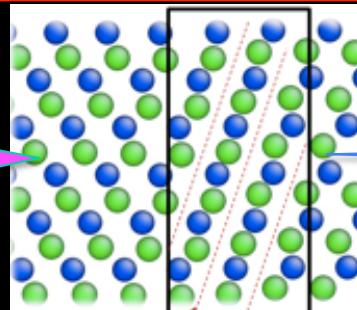
Femtosecond Visible Light Driver, Gas *Tajima et Dawson 1979*



Plasma Acceleration Energy Gain
 $G \propto n^{1/2} \text{ eV/cm}$

$$n_{\text{gas}} = 10^{18} \text{ cm}^3, G \sim 10^9, \text{ GeV/cm}$$

Atto-zepto, X-ray Driver, Solid, *Tajima et Cavenago 1987*



$$N_{\text{solid}} = 10^{24} \text{ cm}^3, G \sim 10^{12} \text{ eV/cm. TeV/cm}$$

Drive pulse X-Ray,
600zs + as electron
pulse

Channeling lower the emittance
Valid for electron, muons, heavy ions

Princeton-Rochester-
Ottawa

Extreme Light Grand Challenges: Scientific and Societal Applications

Scientific Applications

Laser Astrophysics and Cosmology

Polarization of Vacuum, Materialization of Light

Beyond the Standard Model

Higgs Factory

Dark Matter

Societal Applications

Transmutation of Nuclear Waste

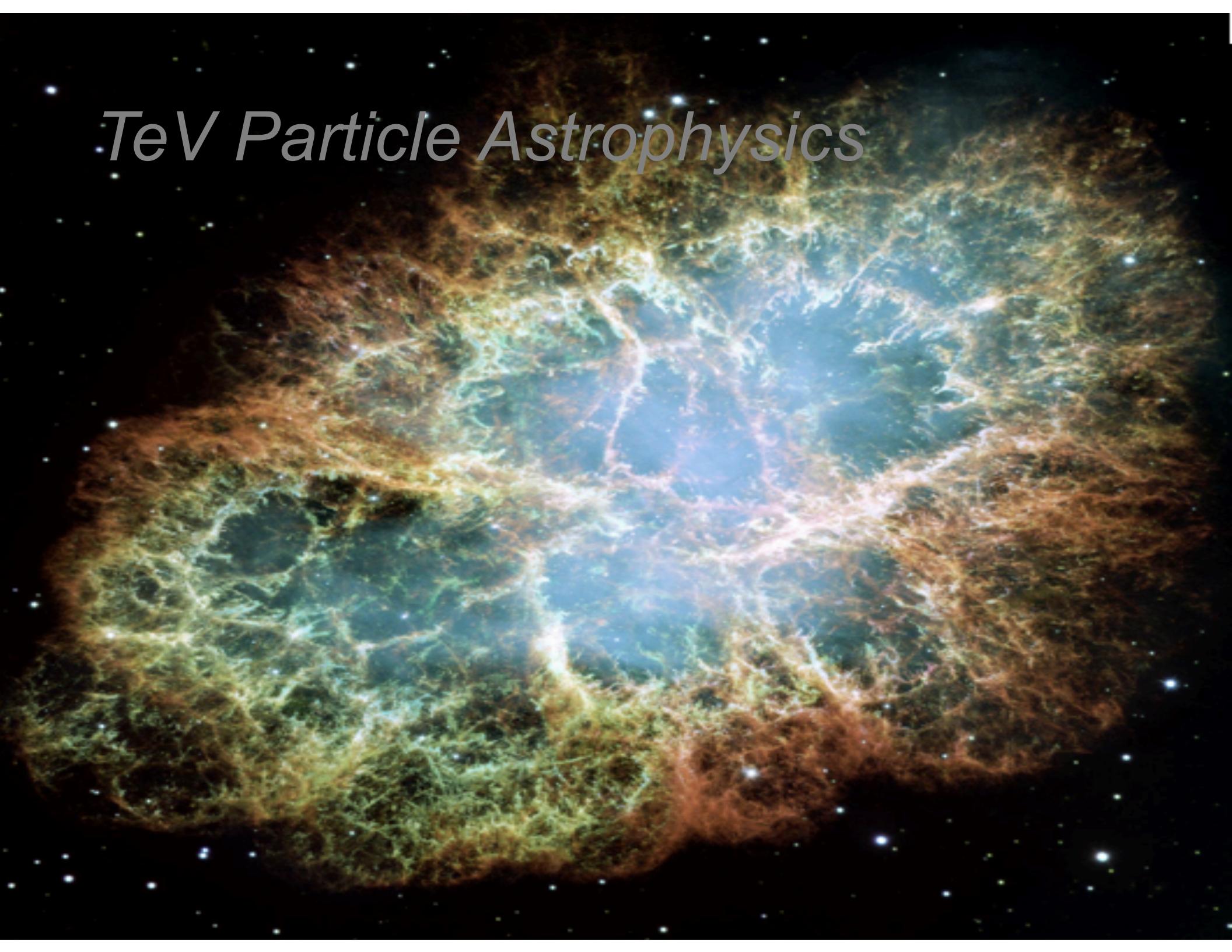
Under Critical Reactor

Nuclear Pharmacology

Proton Therapy

Orbital Debris Elimination by Deorbitation

TeV Particle Astrophysics

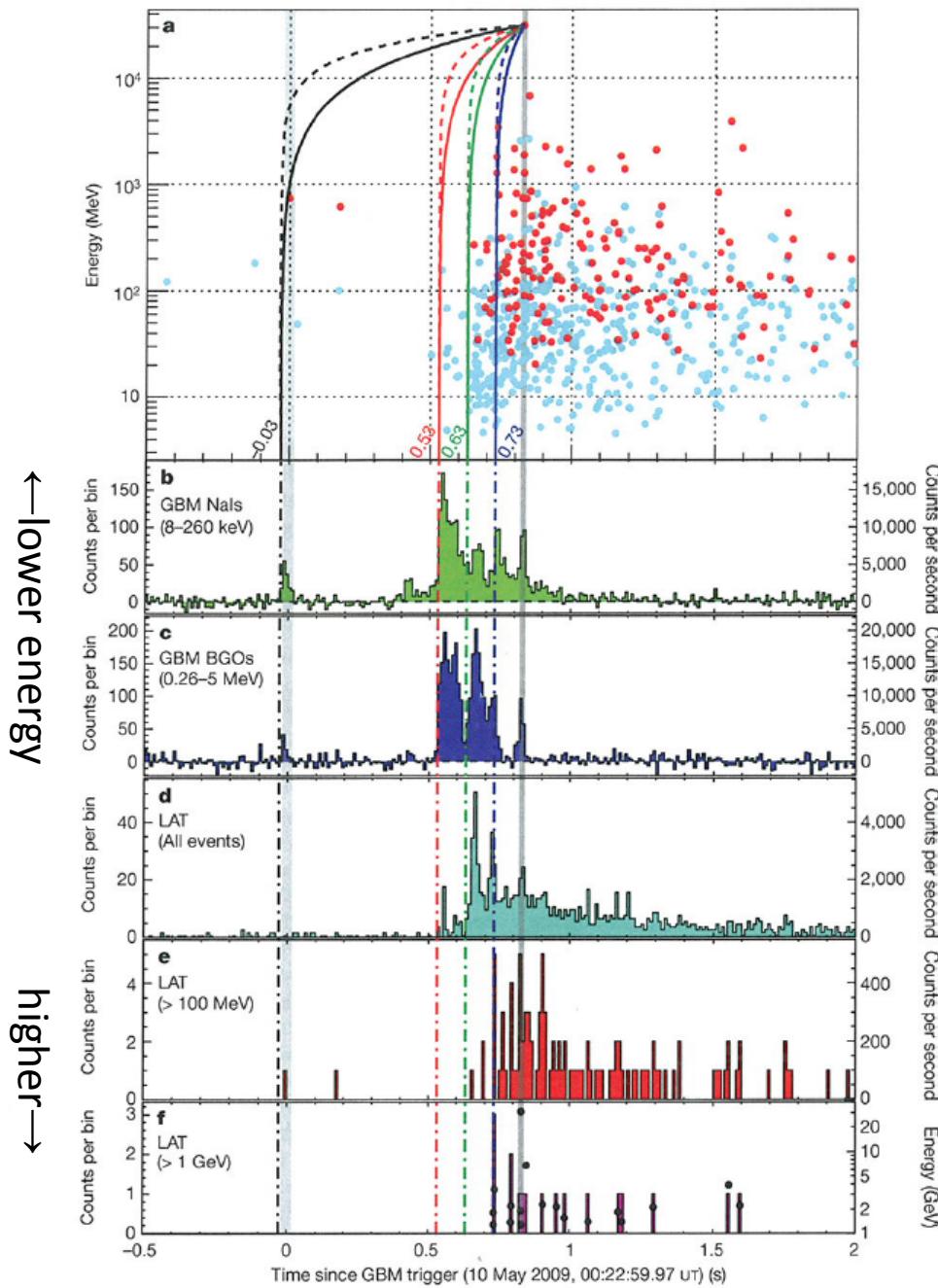


γ LORENTZ INVARIANCE AND GRB

LETTERS

NATURE

(Abdo, et al, 2009)



*Energy-dependent
photon
Observation*

Gamma
(limit
close)

Lab F
can
with

γ

Figure 1 | Light curves of GRB 090510 at different energies. **a**, Energy

lowest to highest energies. **f** also overlays energy versus arrival time for each

Light Dispersion From quantum Vacuum



1 billion years,

10 mn spread

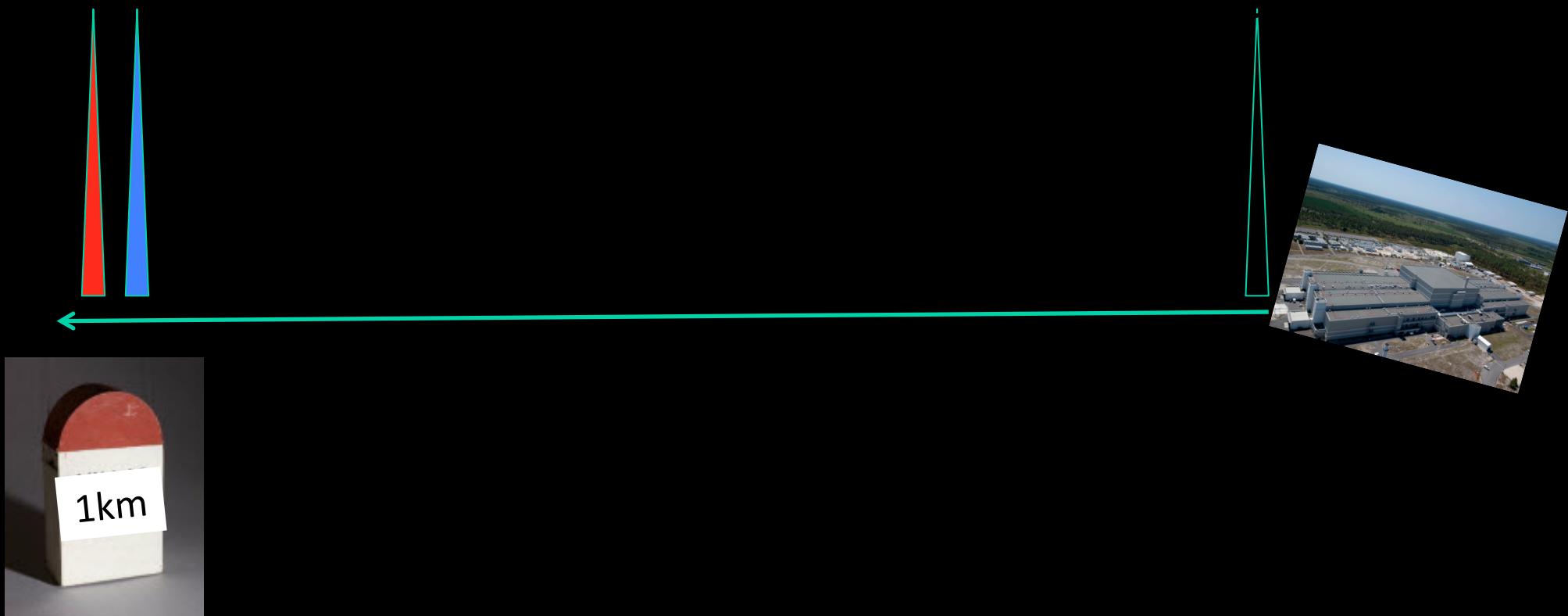
*Gamma Ray Burst
mn Duration*





Lorentz Invariance Violation

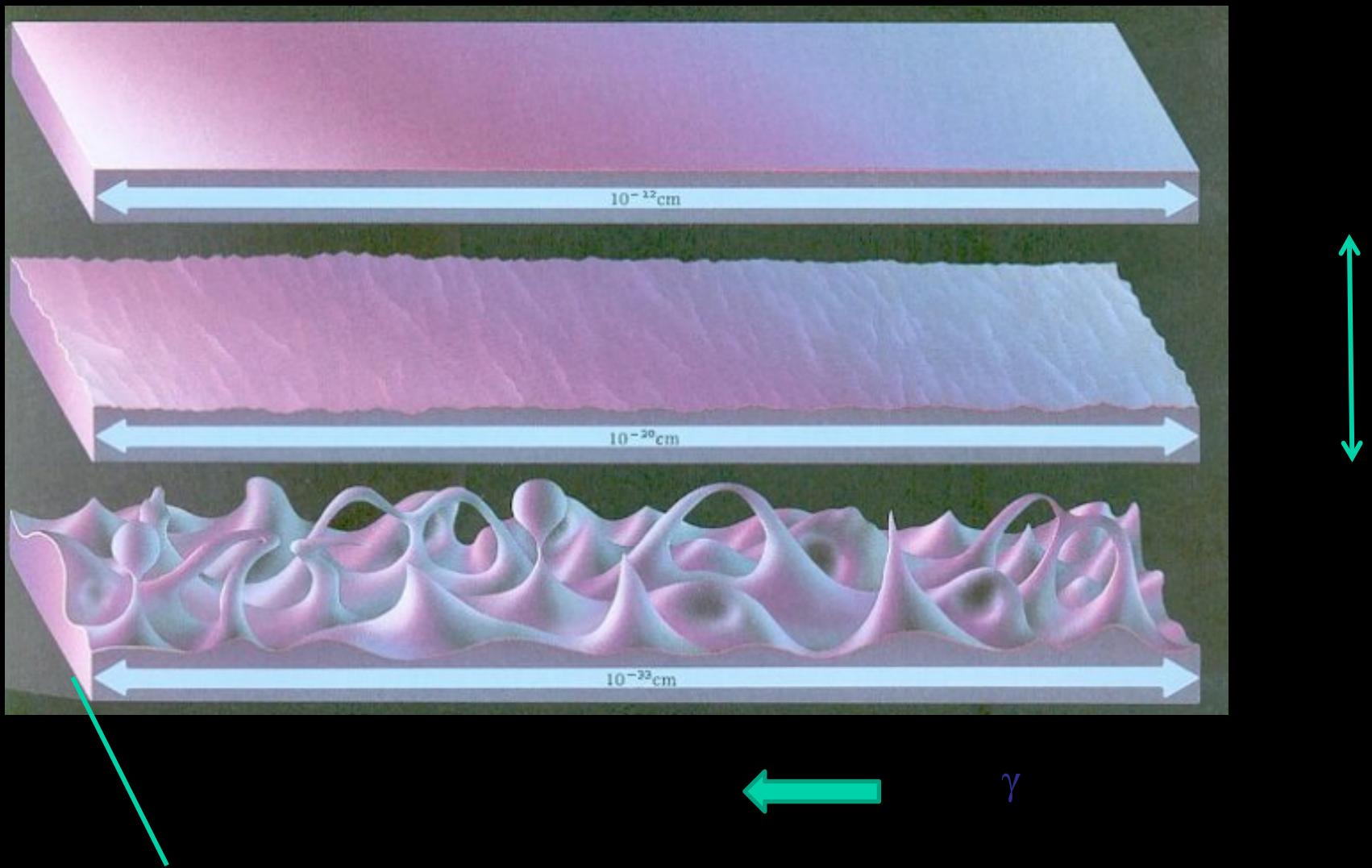
Cosmos on the table



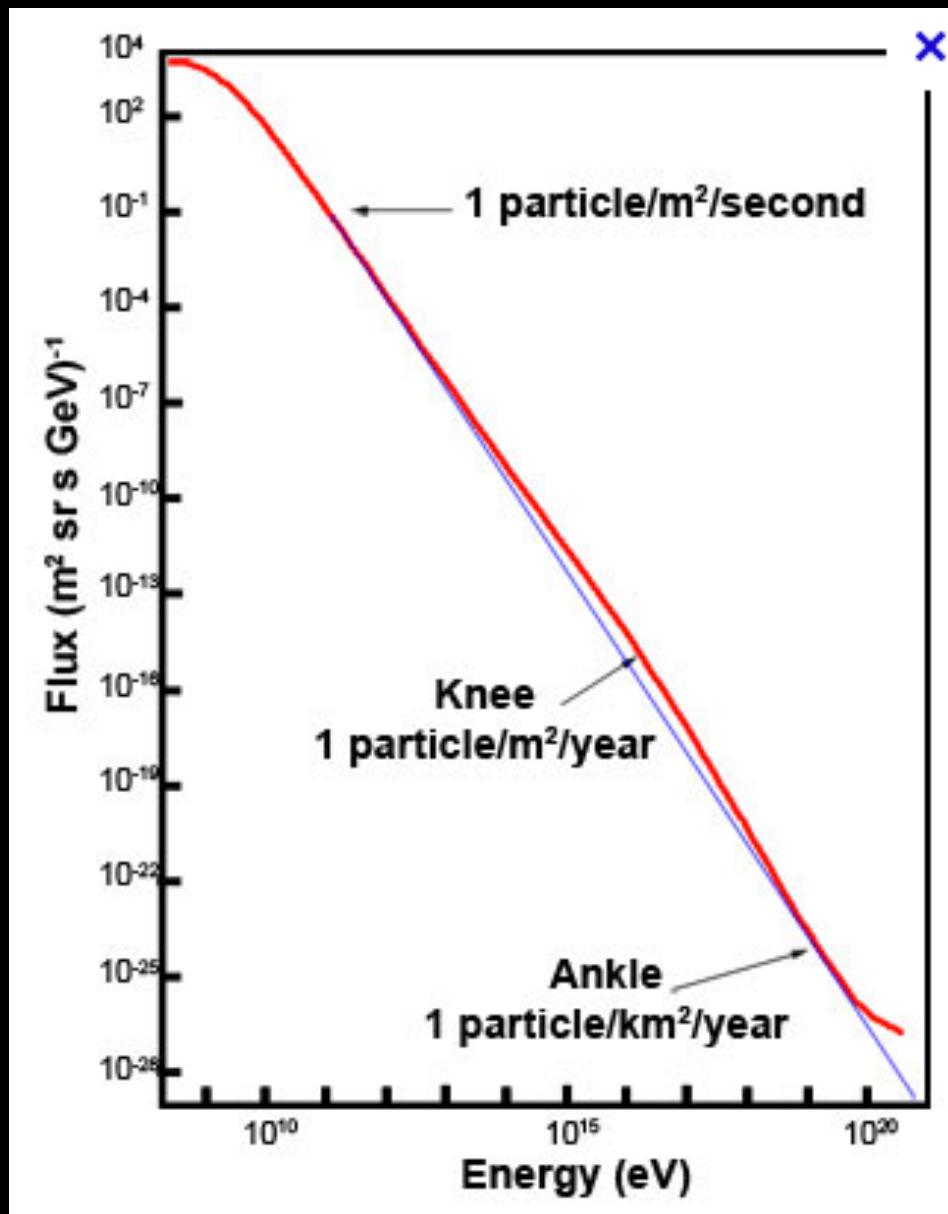
Princeton-Rochester-
Ottawa

Feel vacuum texture: PeV energy γ

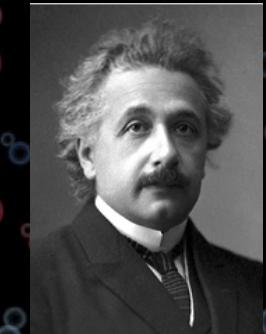
Laser acceleration → controlled laboratory test to see quantum gravity texture on photon propagation (Special Theory of Relativity: c_0)



Cosmic Ray Spectrum



Vacuum is not nothingness but is full of activity i.e Quantum Fluctuations



A. Einstein



L. Hertz



Fritz Sauter



Werner Heisenberg

e^-

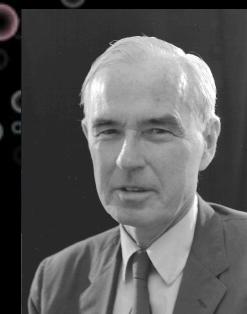
e^+



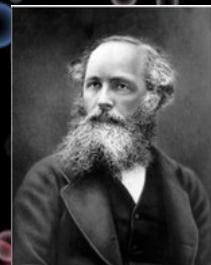
Julian Schwinger



H. Casimir



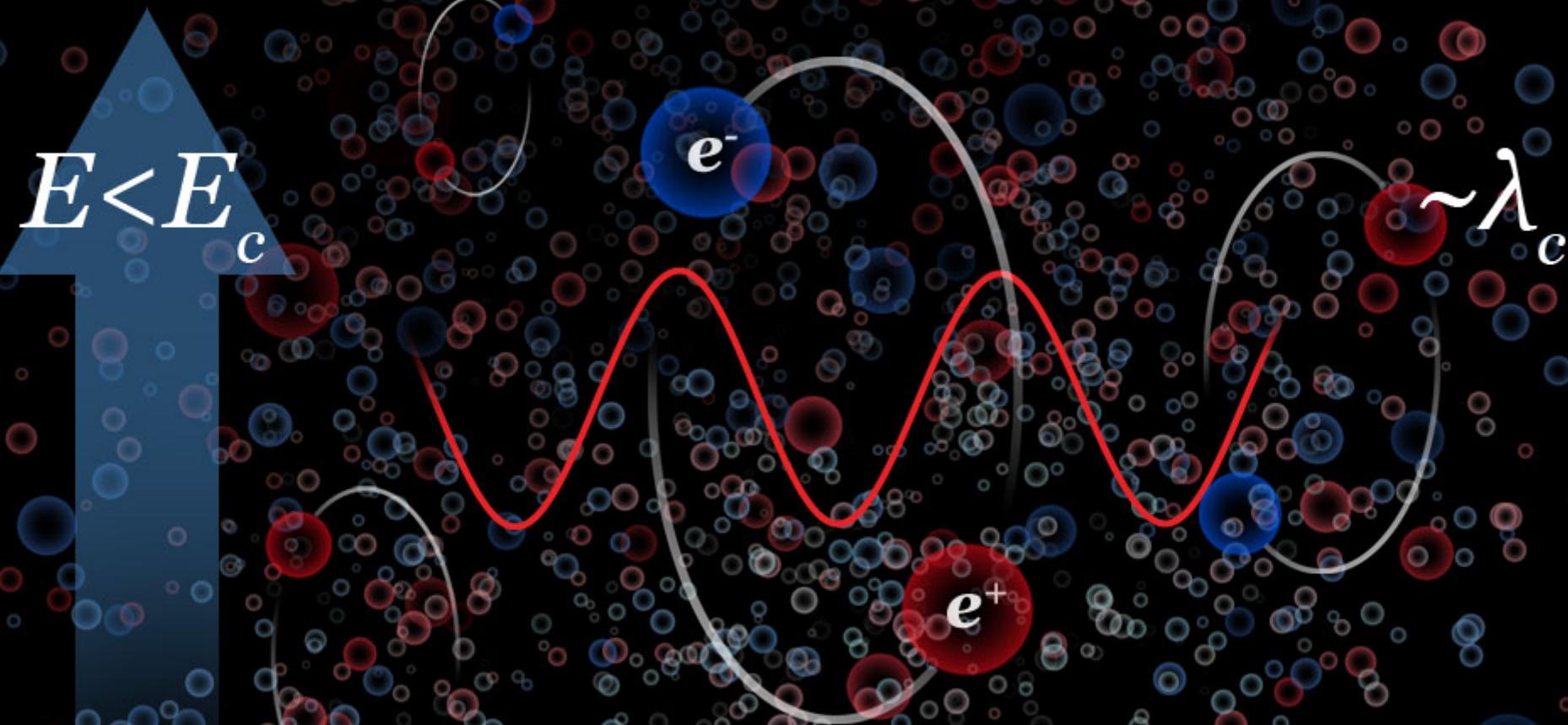
W. Lamb



J. Maxwell



... virtual pairs under a medium field ...

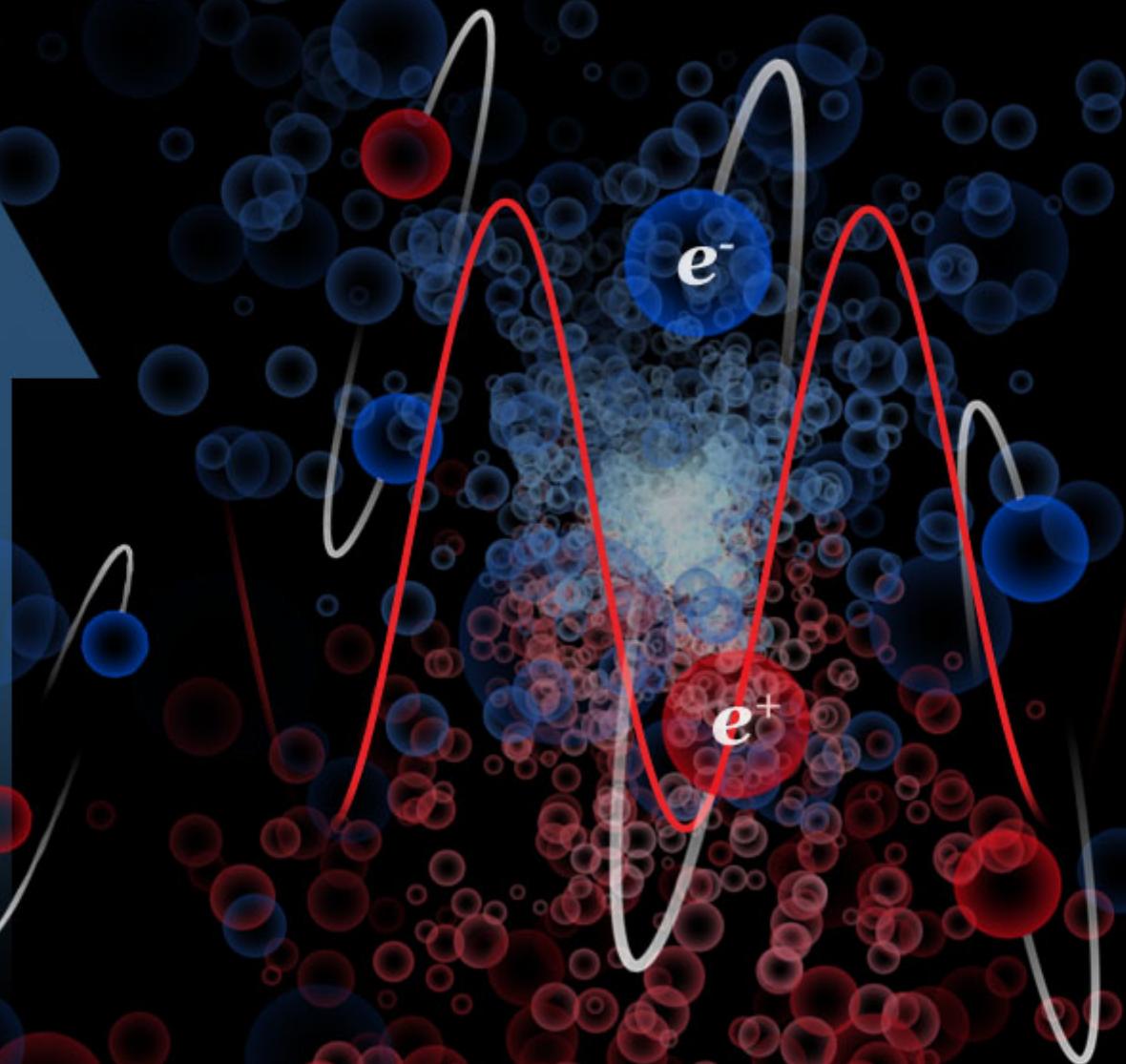
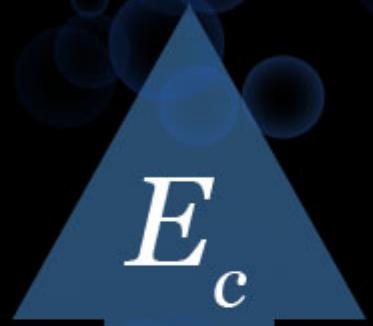


IZEST
International Zeta-Exawatt
Science Technology



International
Year of Light
2015

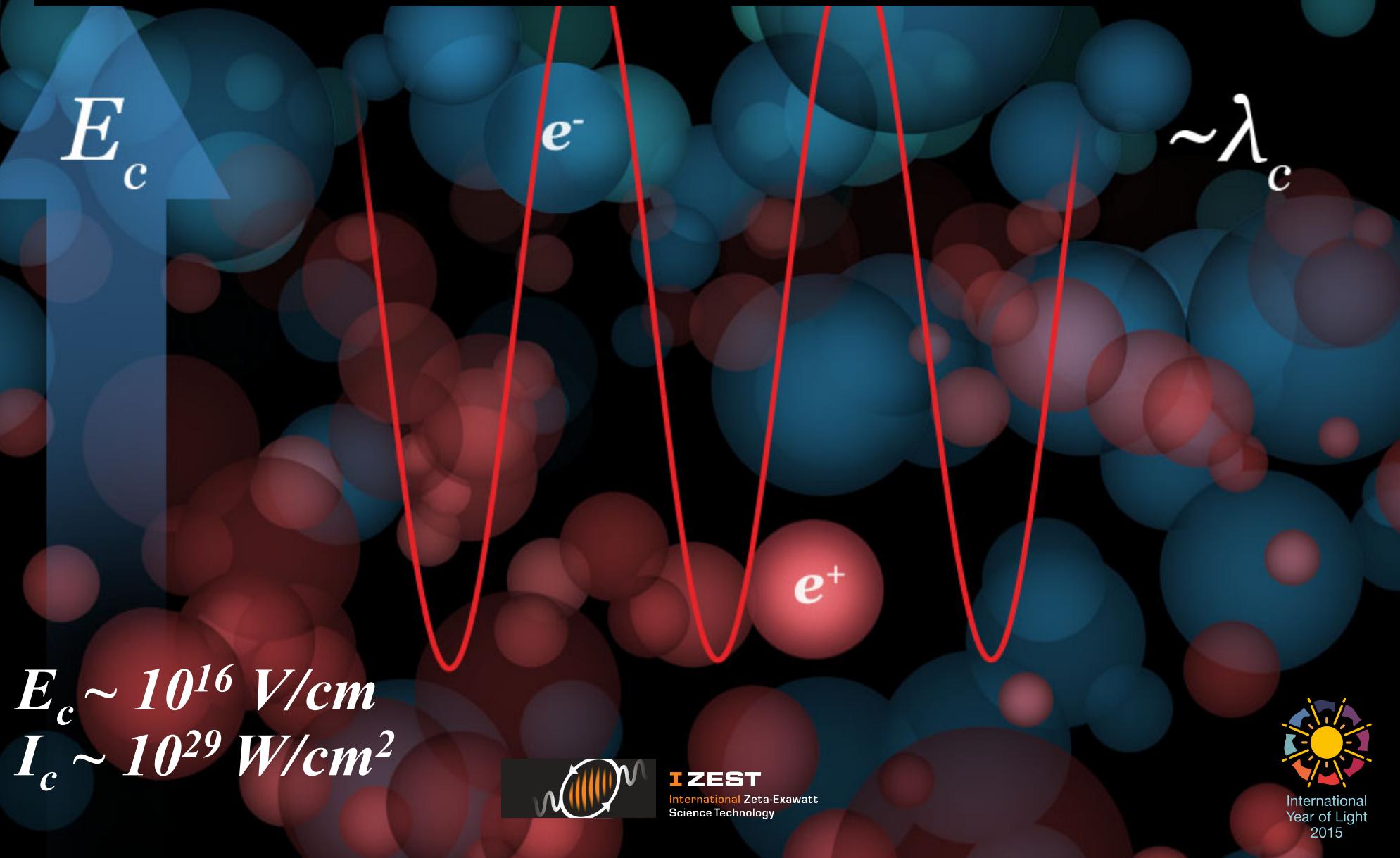
... virtual pairs under a field near critical E_c ...



$\sim \lambda_c$
Compton Wavelength

The virtual pairs are turning into a large number of real pairs

At the end of an Extreme Light Laser Beam the vacuum acts as an impenetrable wall stopping the Beam.



IZEST
International Zeta-Exawatt
Science Technology



International
Year of Light
2015

Nonlinear Filament in Vacuum

$$\text{Critical Power } P_c = \lambda^2/n_2$$

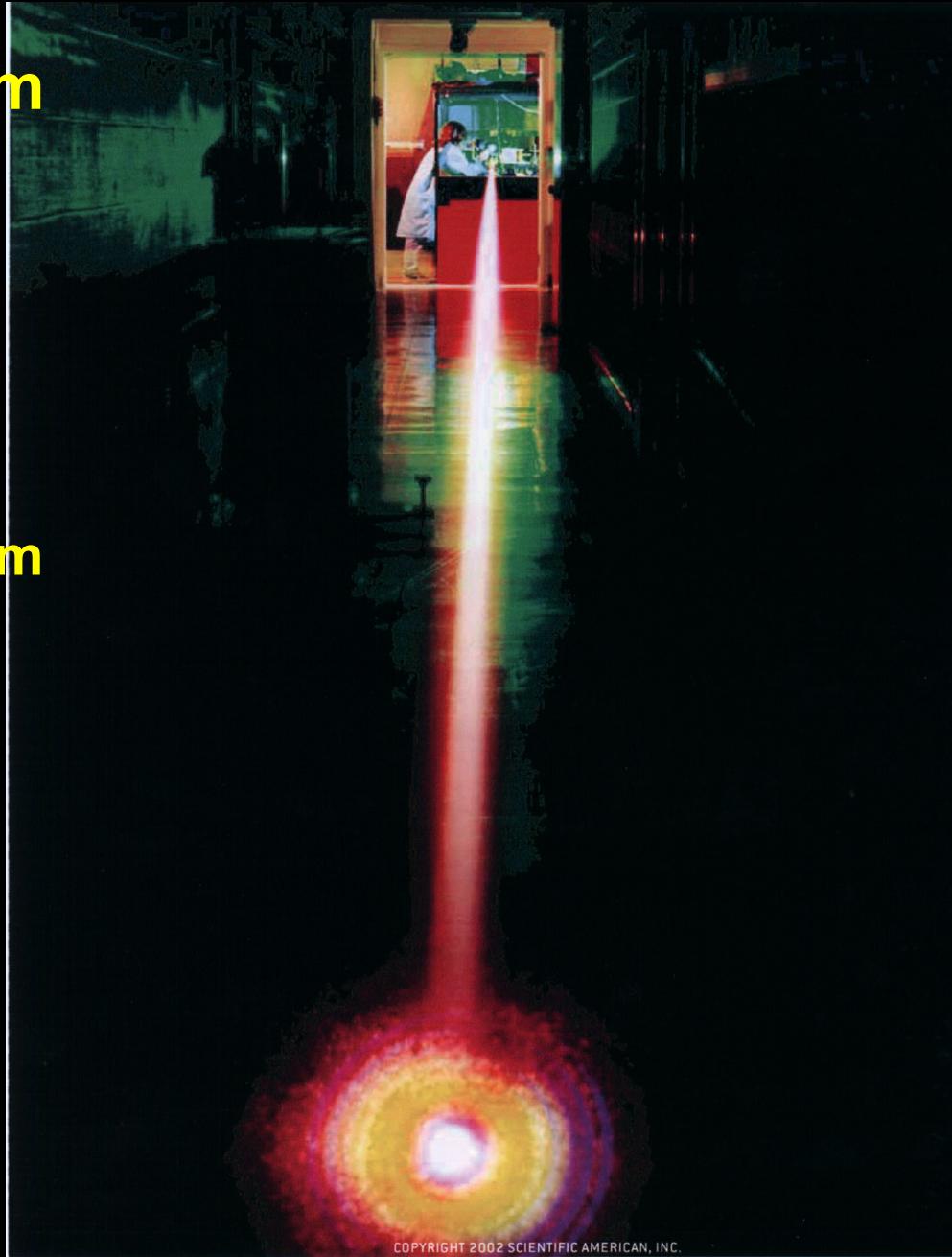
For zepto second pulse $\lambda = 10^{-10} \text{ cm}$

$n_{2\text{vac}} 10^{-18}$ of n_2 material

$$P_{c\text{vac}} = 10^{14} \text{ W}$$

$$\text{Size filament} = \lambda_{\text{compton}} = 10^{-10} \text{ cm}$$

$$\text{Energy per filament} = 1 \mu\text{J}$$



COPYRIGHT 2002 SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN, INC.

Extreme Light Sub-critical Reactor Transmutation of Nuclear Waste



I ZEST

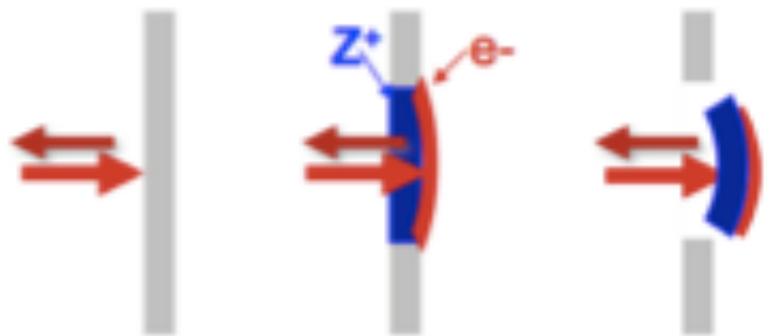
International Zeta-Exawatt
Science Technology



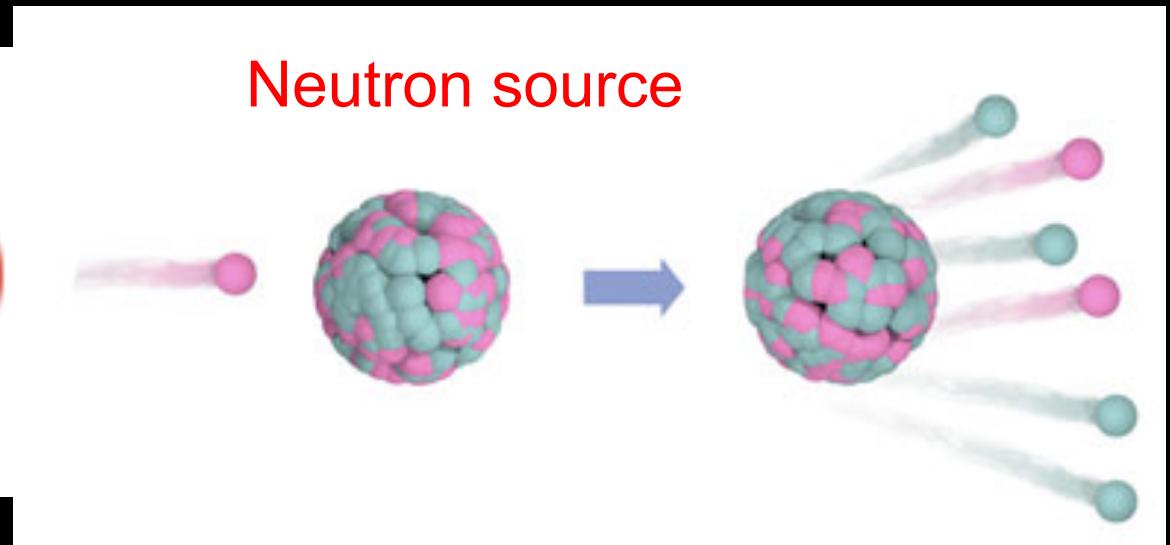
International
Year of Light
2015

High Energy Proton Applications

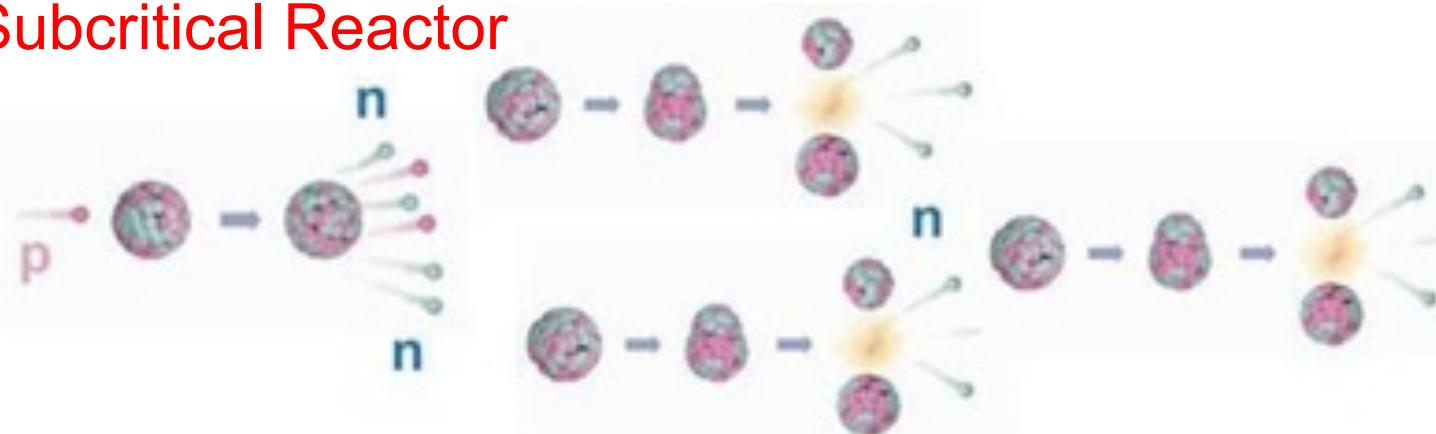
GeV Proton Generation



Neutron source



Subcritical Reactor

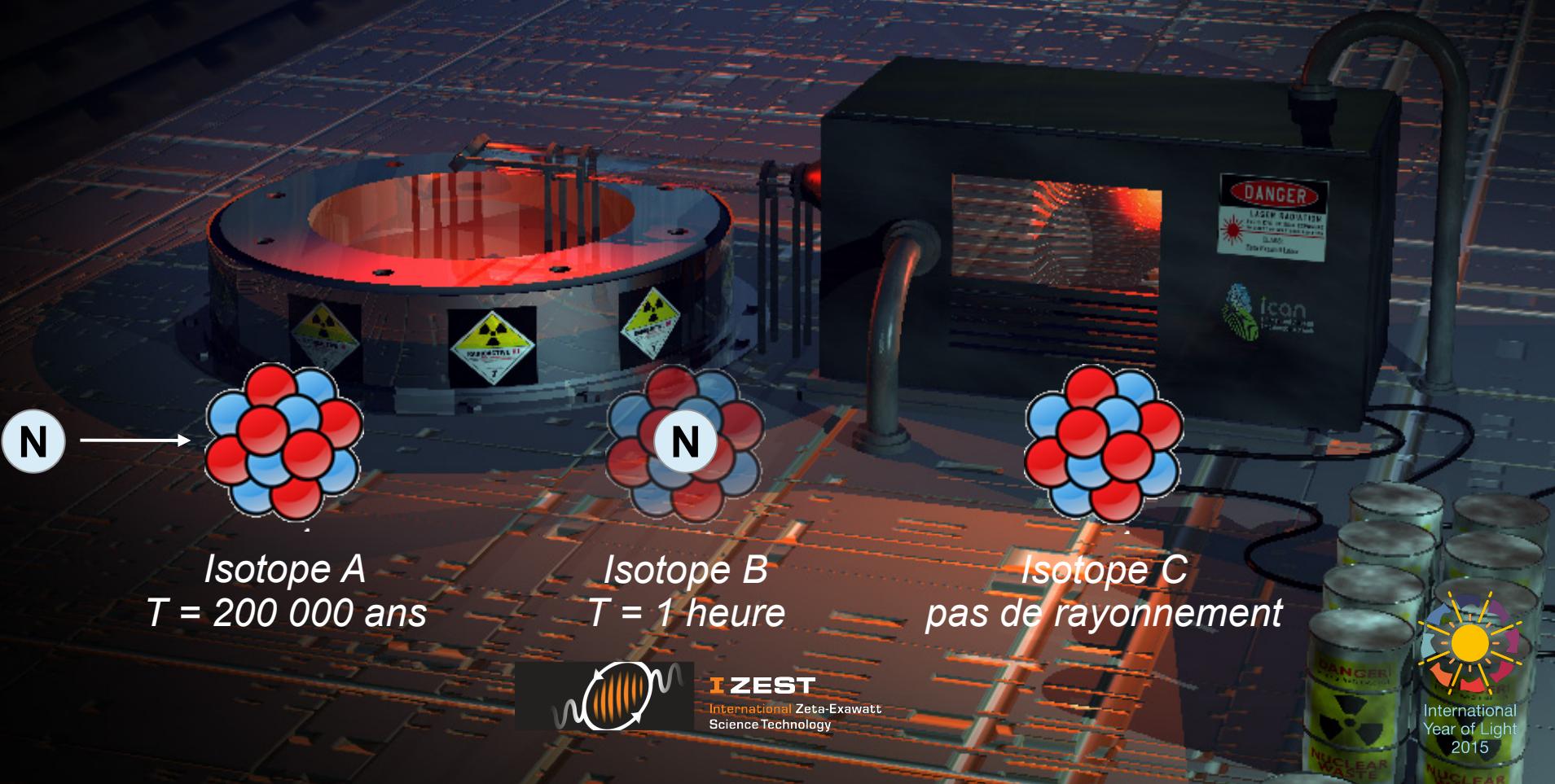


Princeton-Rochester-
Ottawa

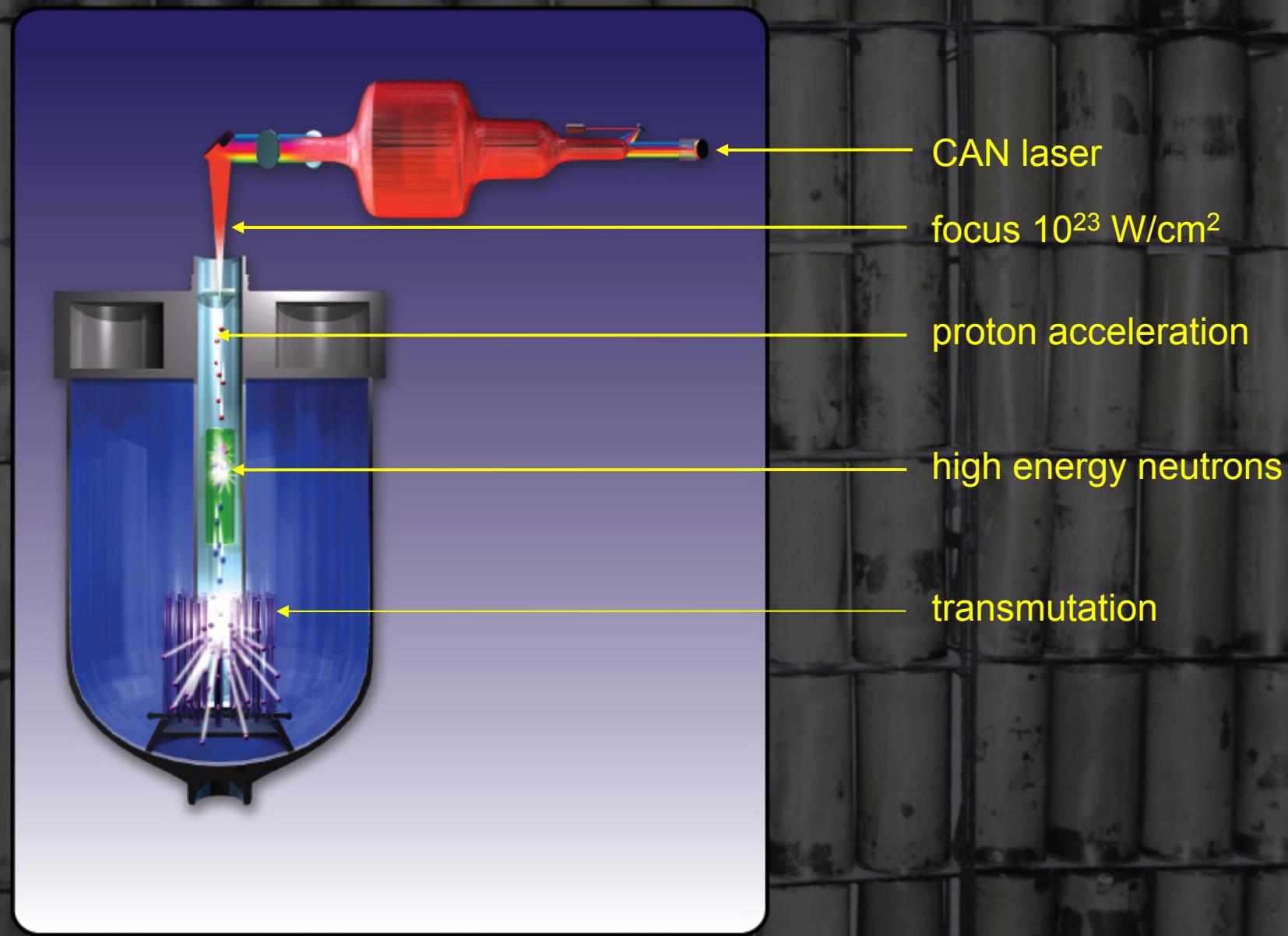
Transmutation Concept

Example

^{99}Tc (Technetium) half-life of 200 000 years
 ^{100}Tc half-life 16s decays to a stable ^{100}Ru (Ruthenium)



The Transmutation Concept



Conclusion

**Extreme Light can become a new Paradigm in
Subatomic Science and Application**

Scientific Applications

*Vacuum Physics, Vac. Polarization,
Materialization of Light*

High Energy Physics Beyond the Standard Model(TeV/cm)

*Laser Astrophysics and Cosmology(**Table Top Cosmos**)*

Higgs Factory

Dark Matter

Societal Applications

Transmutation of Nuclear Waste

Under Critical Reactor

Nuclear Pharmacology

Proton Therapy



I ZEST
International Zeta-Exawatt
Science Technology



International
Year of Light
2015

Thank you



I ZEST
International Zeta-Exawatt
Science Technology



International
Year of Light
2015