

Invited Talk  
International Conference 'Nonlinear Optics: East-West Reunion' (NLO50 2011)  
Suzdal, Russia  
Friday 23 September, 2011

# Nonlinear Optics of Vacuum

Toshiki Tajima  
LMU and MPQ, Garching, Germany

Acknowledgments for Collaboration and advice: G. Mourou, F. Krausz, E. Goulielmakis, W. Leemans, K. Nakajima, K. Homma, D. Habs, P. Chomaz, H. Videau, T. Esirkepov, S. Bulanov, M. Kando, W. Sandner, A. Suzuki, M. Teshima, R. Assmann, R. Heuer, S. Karsch, F. Gruener, W. Chou, F. Takasaki, M. Nozaki, A. Chao, P. Bolton, J.P. Koutchouk, K. Ueda, Y. Kato, X. Q. Yan, R. Li, A. Ringwald, H. Ruhl, T. Ostermayr, S. Petrovic, C. Klier, B. Altschul, Y. K. Kim, M. Spiro, A. Seryi, A. Sergeev, A. Livak, K. Iqbal, C. Robilliard, J. Taran

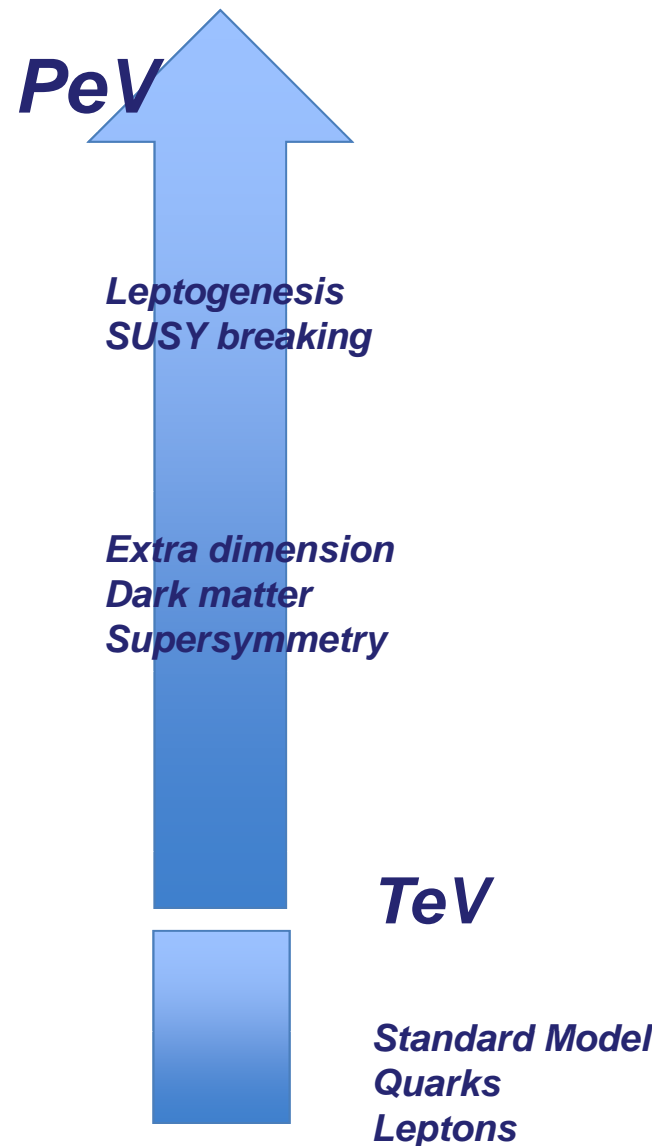
1. Suzuki's challenge in high energy physics  
High energy frontier: TeV and beyond  
A collider?
2. Non-collider paradigm  
Vacuum texture and synchrotron radiation  
in high energy  
Energy frontier at PeV with attosceond metrology  
without luminosity
3. **High Field** explores low energy new fields:  
high field of **laser** (cf. high momentum)  
Dark matter and dark energy fields in vacuum  
2nd harmonic, degenerate 4 wave mixing
4. zs streaking of vacuum by **laser** and  $\gamma$  photon
5. New initiative : **IZEST** = LIL compression, **XCELS** in  
Russia, etc.

# ***IZEST's Mission: Responding to Suzuki's Challenge***



***Atsuto Suzuki:  
KEK Director General,  
ICFA Chair***

## **New Paradigm**



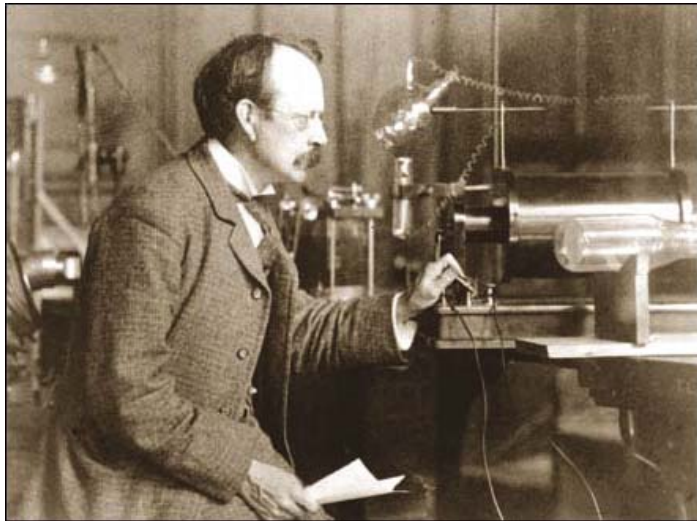




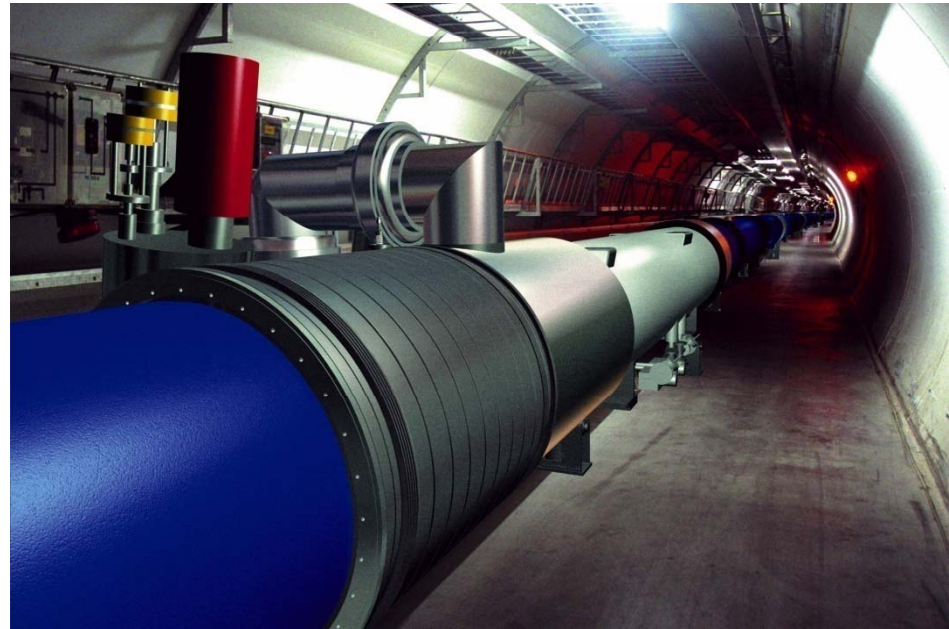
ZEST

# 20<sup>th</sup> Century, the Electron Century

## Basic Research Dominated by Massive and Charged Particles



J. J. Thomson





**ZEST**

21<sup>st</sup> Century; the **Photon** Century  
Could basic research be driven  
by the massless and chargeless particles;  
**Photons?**

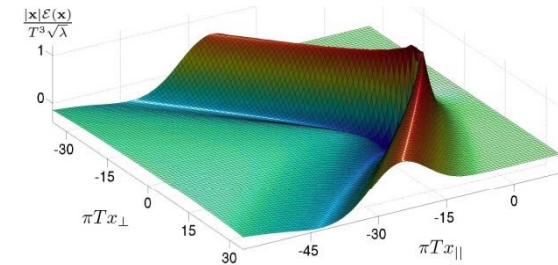


C. Townes

# Laser Wakefield (LWFA): nonlinear optics in plasma

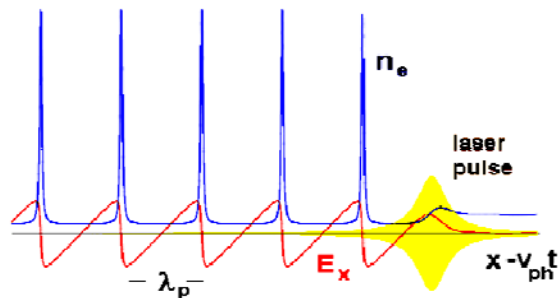


Kelvin wake



Maldacena (string theory) method:  
QCD **wake** (Chesler/Yaffe 2008)

No wave breaks and wake **peaks** at  $v \approx c$



(The density cusps.  
Cusp singularity)

← relativity  
regularizes

Wave **breaks** at  $v < c$



Hokusai



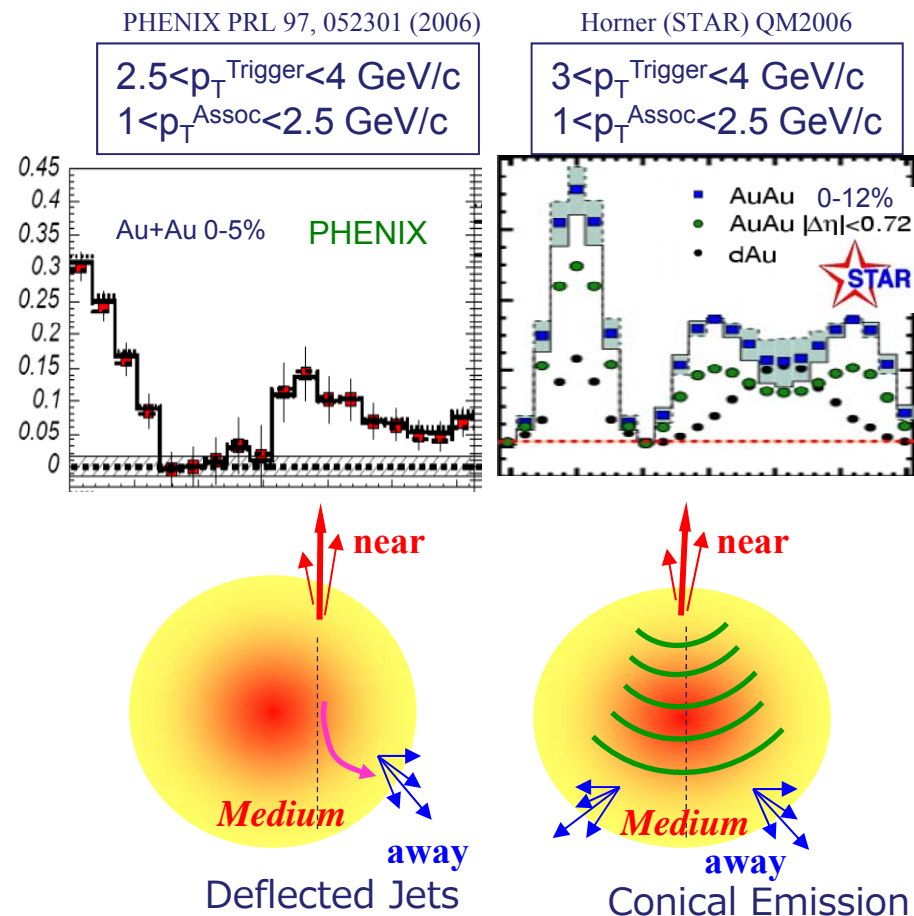
Maldacena



(Plasma physics vs.  
String theory)

# Nuclear Wake?

- BNL (and CERN) heavy ion collider: “**monojet**”
- Could be caused by:
  - Large angle gluon radiation (Vitev and Polsa and Salgado).
  - Deflected jets, due to flow (Armesto, Salgado and Wiedemann) and/or path length dependent energy loss (Chiu and Hwa).
  - Hydrodynamic conical flow from mach cone shock-waves (Stoecker, Casalderrey-Solanda, Shuryak and Teaney, Renk, Ruppert and Muller).
  - Cerenkov gluon radiation (Dremin, Koch).
- **Jet quenching: collective deceleration by wakefield?**
  - **LWFA** method, or Maldacena method?





Density scalings of **LWFA**  
 for collider

Accelerating field $E_z$	$\propto n_e^{1/2}$
Focusing constant $K$	$\propto n_e^{1/2}$
Stage length $L_{\text{stage}}$	$\propto n_e^{-3/2}$
Energy gain per stage $W_{\text{stage}}$	$\propto n_e^{-1}$
Number of stages $N_{\text{stage}}$	$\propto n_e$
Total linac length $L_{\text{total}}$	$\propto n_e^{-1/2}$
Number of particles per bunch $N_b$	$\propto n_e^{-1/2}$
Laser pulse duration $\tau_L$	$\propto n_e^{-1/2}$
Laser peak power $P_L$	$\propto n_e^{-1}$
Laser energy per stage $U_L$	$\propto n_e^{-3/2}$
Radiation loss $\Delta\gamma$	$\propto n_e^{1/2}$
Radiative energy spread $\sigma_\gamma/\gamma f$	$\propto n_e^{1/2}$
Initial normalized emittance $\varepsilon_{n0}$	$\propto n_e^{-1/2}$
Collision frequency $f_c$	$\propto n_e$
Beam power $P_b$	$\propto n_e^{1/2}$
Average laser power $P_{\text{avg}}$	$\propto n_e^{-1/2}$
<u>Wall plug power <math>P_{\text{wall}}</math></u>	<u><math>\propto n_e^{1/2}</math></u>

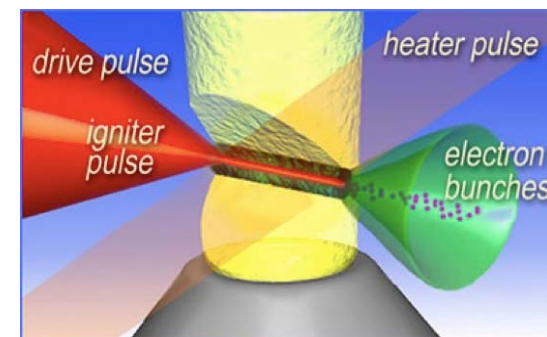
# PeV Accelerator



*With conventional Technology  
The accelerator would Girdle the Earth:  
Fermi's vision (1954)*

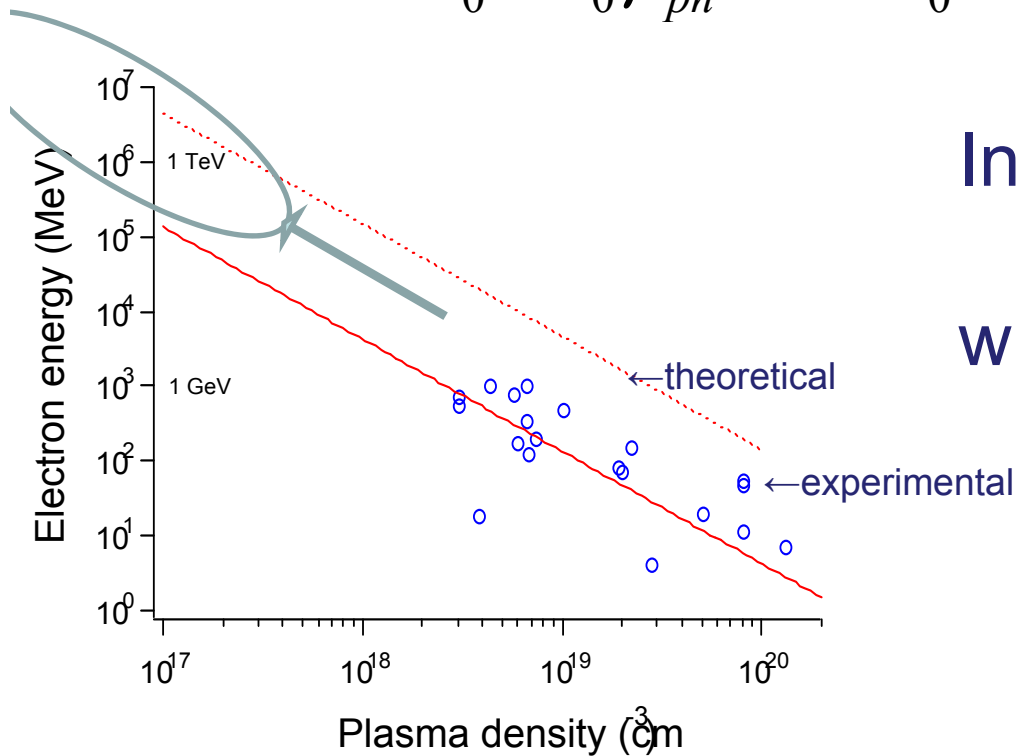


*1km **laser** plasma accelerator  
with **LIL** or **LMJ**  
(Vision 2011)*



# Theory of **wakefield** toward extreme energy

$$\Delta E \approx 2m_0c^2 a_0^2 \gamma_{ph}^2 = 2m_0c^2 a_0^2 \left( \frac{n_{cr}}{n_e} \right), \quad (\text{when 1D theory applies})$$



In order to avoid wavebreak,

$$a_0 < \gamma_{ph}^{1/2},$$

where

$$\gamma_{ph} = (n_{cr} / n_e)^{1/2}$$

$$L_d = \frac{2}{\pi} \lambda_p a_0^2 \left( \frac{n_{cr}}{n_e} \right), \quad L_p = \frac{1}{3\pi} \lambda_p a_0 \left( \frac{n_{cr}}{n_e} \right),$$

dephasing length

pump depletion length

Adopt:

**LMJ laser (3MJ)**

→ **0.7PeV**

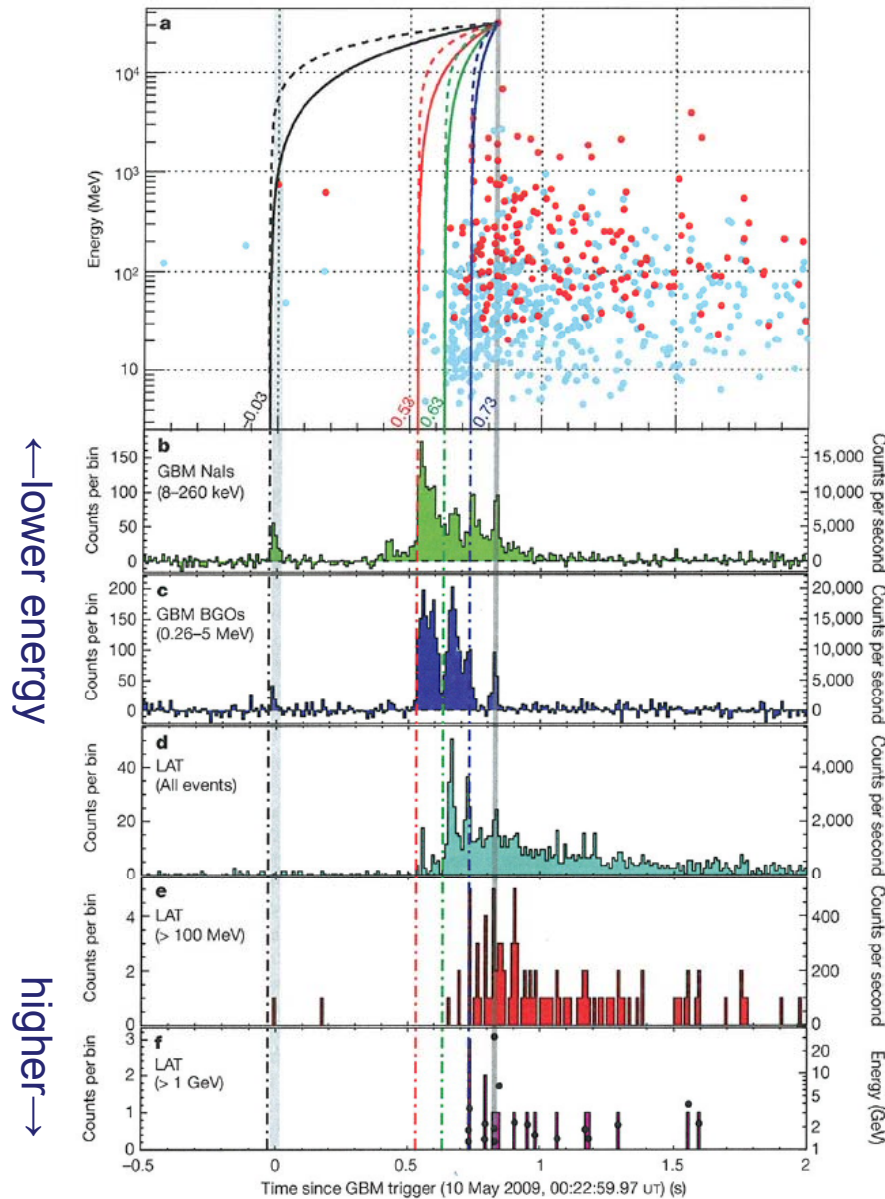
(with Kando, Teshima)

# $\gamma$ -ray signal from primordial GRB

LETTERS

NATURE

(Abdo, et al, 2009)



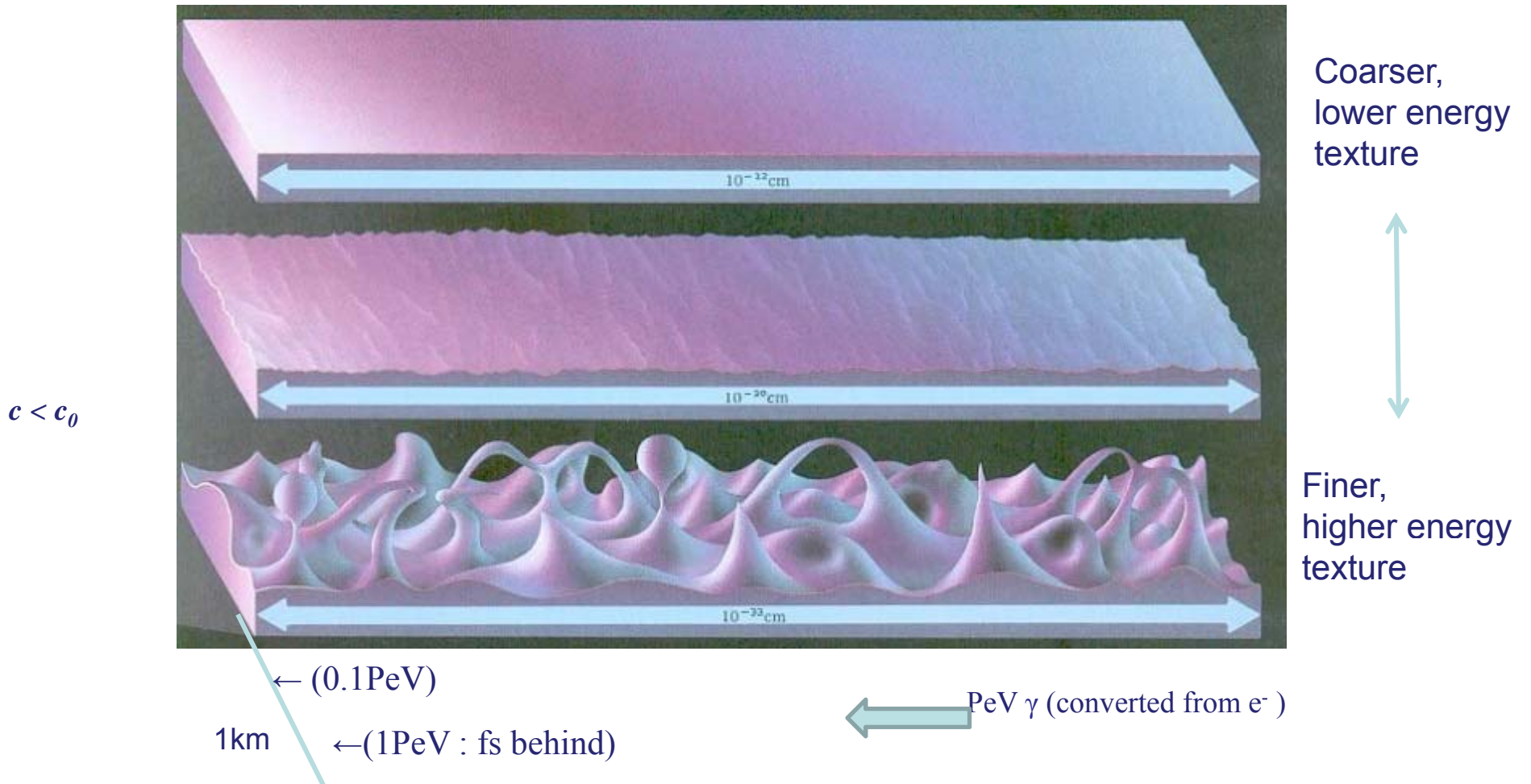
**Energy-dependent  
photon speed ?  
Observation of primordial  
Gamma Ray Bursts (GRB)**  
(limit is pushed up  
close to Planck mass)

**Lab PeV  $\gamma$  (from e-)  
can explore this  
with control**

Figure 1 | Light curves of GRB 090510 at different energies. a, Energy lowest to highest energies. f also overlays energy versus arrival time for each

# Feel vacuum texture: PeV energy $\gamma$

Laser acceleration  $\rightarrow$  controlled laboratory test to see quantum gravity texture on photon propagation (Special Theory of Relativity:  $c_0$ )



# Extreme High Energy and Synchrotron Radiation

$E > 30\text{TeV}$ : untested territory for Lorentz invariance

(B. Altschul, 2008)

with a modified Lorentz factor

$$\tilde{\gamma} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + 2\delta_\gamma(\hat{v}) - v^2}}. \quad (13)$$

The power radiated would then be  $P = \frac{e^2 a^2}{6\pi m^2} \tilde{\gamma}^4$ .] For ultrarelativistic particles,  $\gamma \approx [2(1 - v)]^{-1/2}$  increases very rapidly as a function of  $v$ , since  $\frac{d\gamma}{dv} = v\gamma^3 \approx \gamma^3$ . The modified expression for  $\vec{v}(\vec{p})$  changes the radiated power  $P(\vec{p})$  to

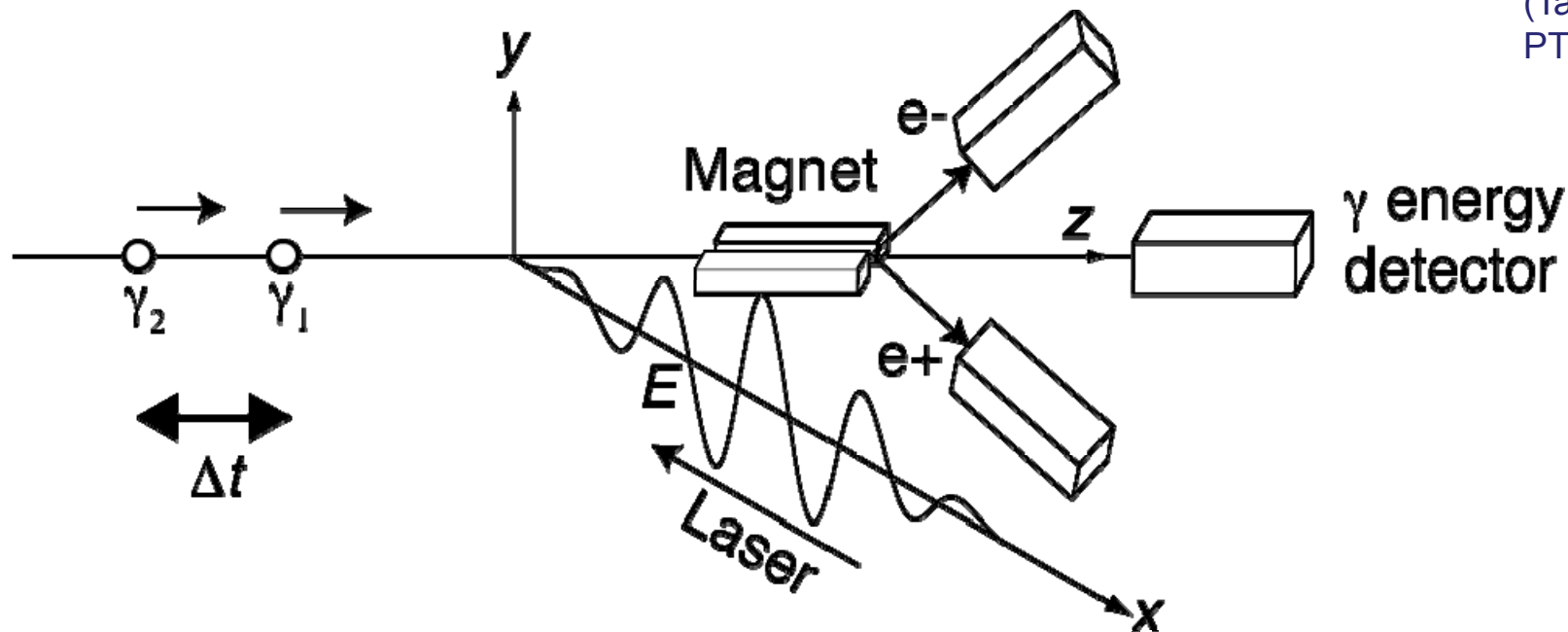
$$P(\vec{p}) = P_0(\vec{p})\{1 + 4\gamma^2[\delta(\hat{p}) - \delta_\gamma(\hat{p})]\}, \quad (14)$$

Synchrotron radiation  
radiation

↑ Lorentz violating term ( $>30\text{TeV}$ )

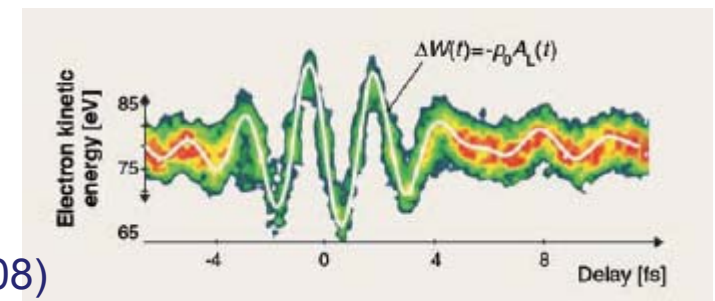
# Attosecond Metrology of PeV $\gamma$ Arrivals

(Tajima, Kando, PTP, 2011)



Narozhny, Nikisho, Ritus

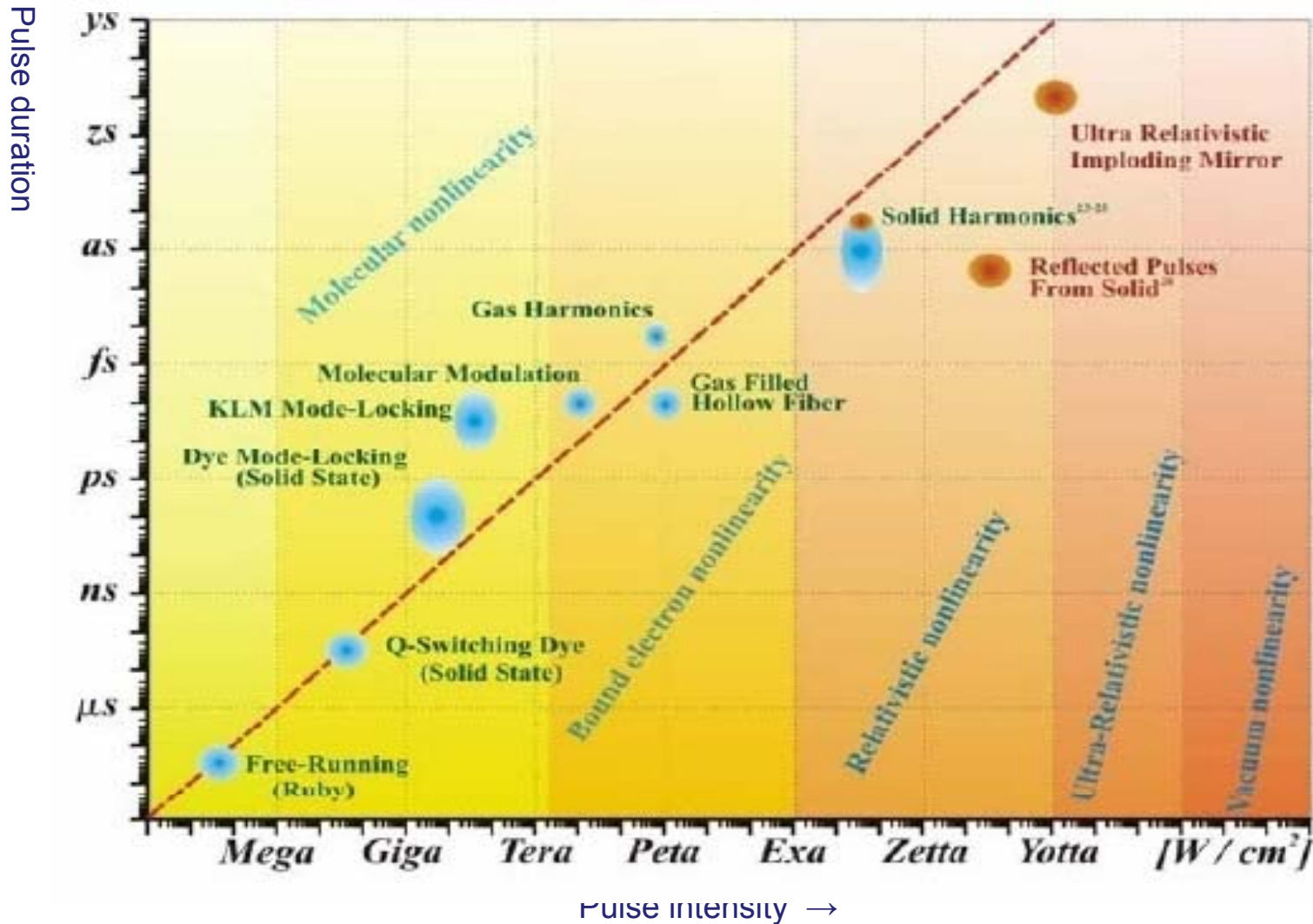
High energy  $\gamma$ - induced Schwinger breakdown (Narozhny, 1968)  
 CEP phase sensitive electron-positron acceleration  
 Attosecond electron streaking  
 $\gamma$ - energy tagging possible



Goulielmakis(2008)

# The Conjecture

(← physics: “Matter is **nonlinear**”  
“The more rigid nonlinearity, the more intense to manipulate it”;  
rigidity vs. pulse length)



(Mourou / Tajima, science, 2011)



# Streaking Vacuum

(from atomic physics to QED vacuum physics)

## vacuum

Gamma photon 'ionization'

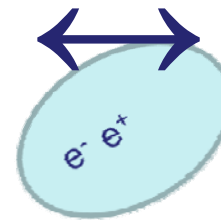
XUV streaking

→zeptosecond dynamics

$$E_S/E_K = \alpha^{-3}; P_{c\text{ vac}}/P_c = \alpha^{-6}$$

size

$$\lambda_C = \alpha a_B$$



depth of potential

$$\Phi = \alpha^{-2} W_B$$

$$R_{e^+e^-} \propto \exp\left(-\left(\frac{8}{3}\right)\left(\frac{m}{\omega}\right)\left(\frac{E_S}{E}\right)\right)$$

Nikishov(1964)

Nonperturbative:

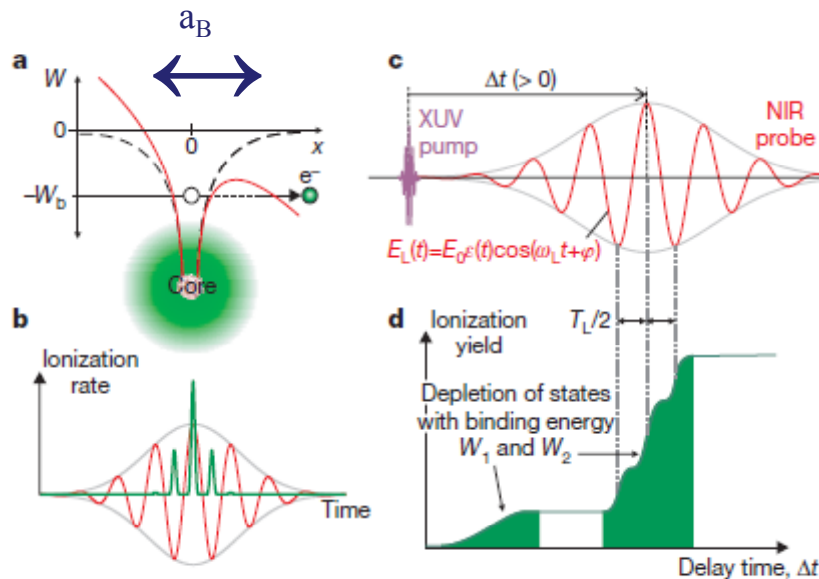
$$W_1 = \frac{3\sqrt{3}\pi^2}{128} \left(\frac{\alpha}{3\pi}\right)^{3/2} e^{-2\pi\alpha}, \quad W_2 = 2W_1, \quad \alpha \ll 1. \quad (38')$$

For large values of  $\alpha$  we essentially have  $\alpha \gg 1$  in the integrals (34). Using this fact, we obtain

Multiphoton:

$$W_1 = \frac{27\pi^2(3\alpha)^{3/2}}{64\pi^2} \left(\frac{3\alpha}{2}\right)^{3/2}, \quad W_2 = \frac{2}{3} W_1, \quad \alpha \gg 1. \quad (39')$$

Uiberacker et al. (2007)



XUV photon ionization

Laser streaking

→ attosecond dynamics

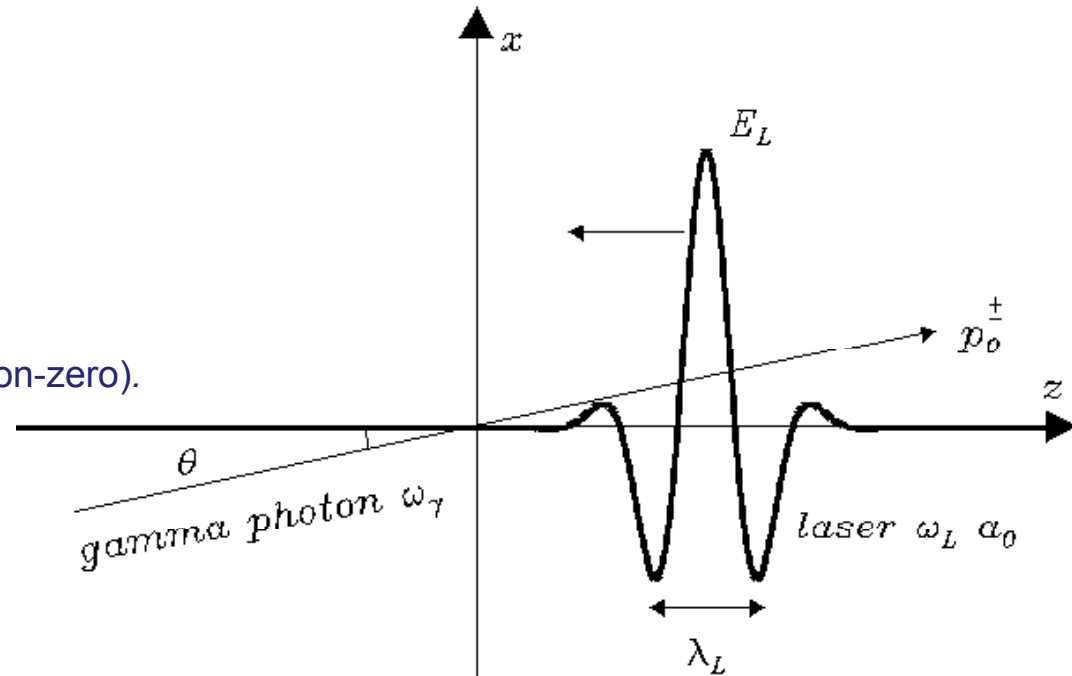
## atom

# $\gamma$ -photon induced vacuum streaking by **lasers**

Schwinger-Nikishov amplitude

$$a_0^{SN} = (mc^2/\hbar\omega_L)(mc^2/\hbar\omega_\gamma)$$

(We need to make the Schwinger invariant non-zero).

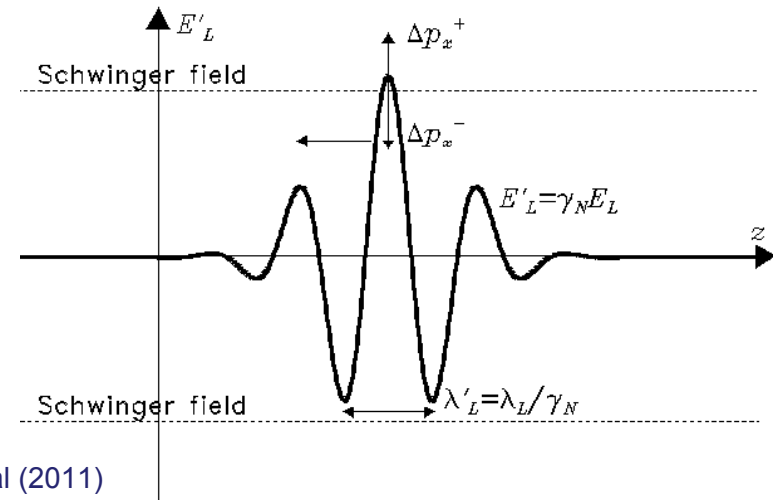


time resolution of streaking on the Nikishov frame (the Nikishov  $\gamma_N = \hbar\omega_\gamma/mc^2$ )

$$\Delta t' = [2(\hbar/mc^2)/(a_0^2\omega_L'^2)]^{1/3}.$$

Necessary **laser** amplitude:

$$a_0^{res} = 2 (mc^2/\hbar\omega_L').$$

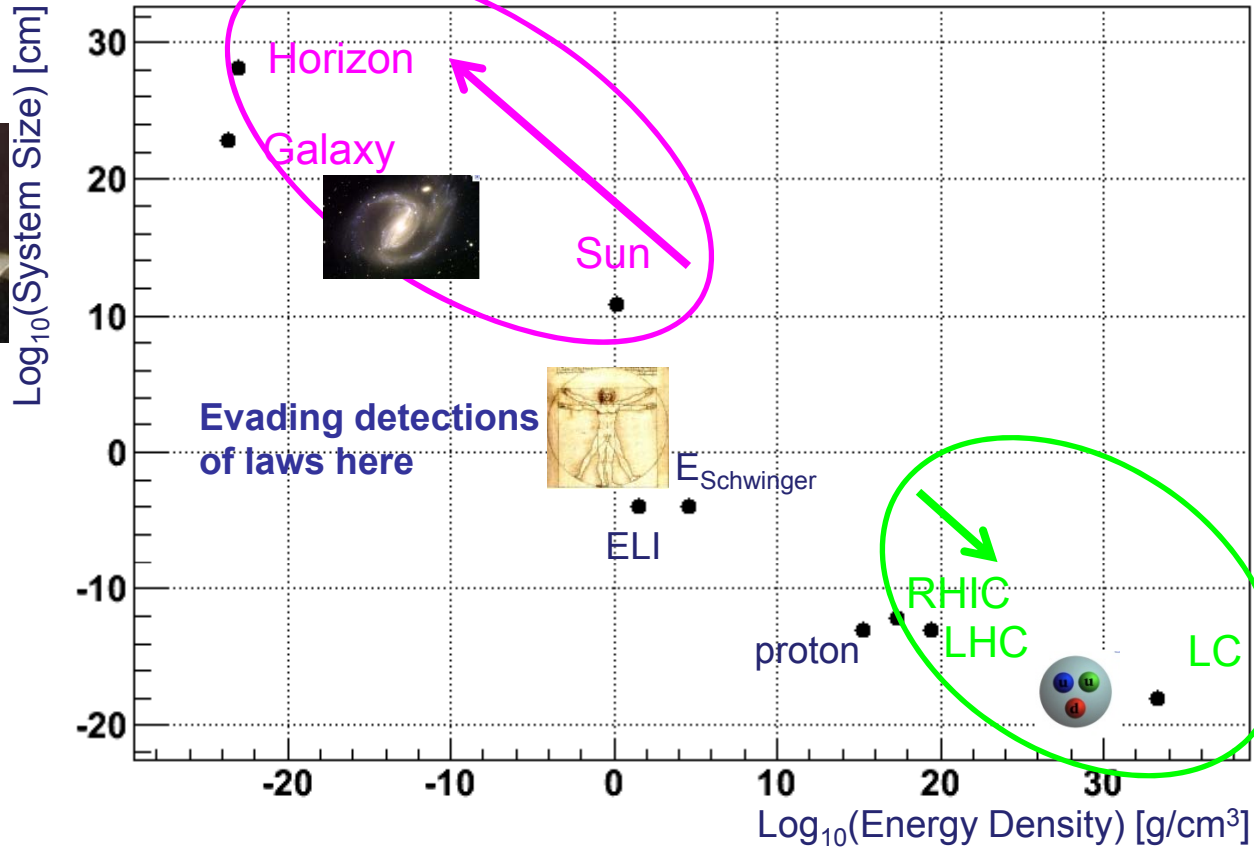
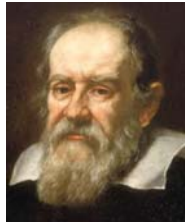


# Laser fits the gaping hole

in search of unknown fields:  
dark matter/dark energy



Cosmological  
observation



Domains of physical laws

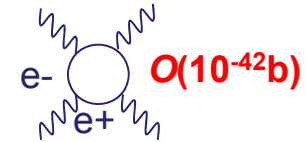
High energy  
collider



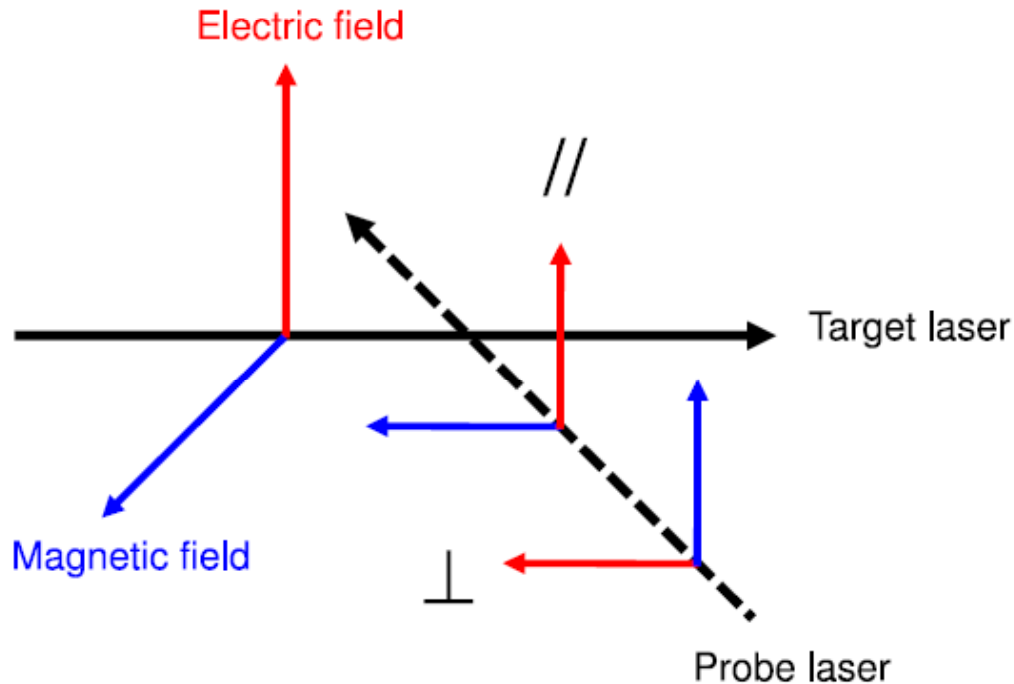
# Birefringence by QED in eV range

## Euler-Heisenberg one-loop Lagrangian

$$L_{QED} = \frac{1}{360} \frac{\alpha^2}{m^4} [4(F_{\mu\nu}F^{\mu\nu})^2 + 7(F_{\mu\nu}\tilde{F}^{\mu\nu})^2]$$



## Refractive index depends on polarizations

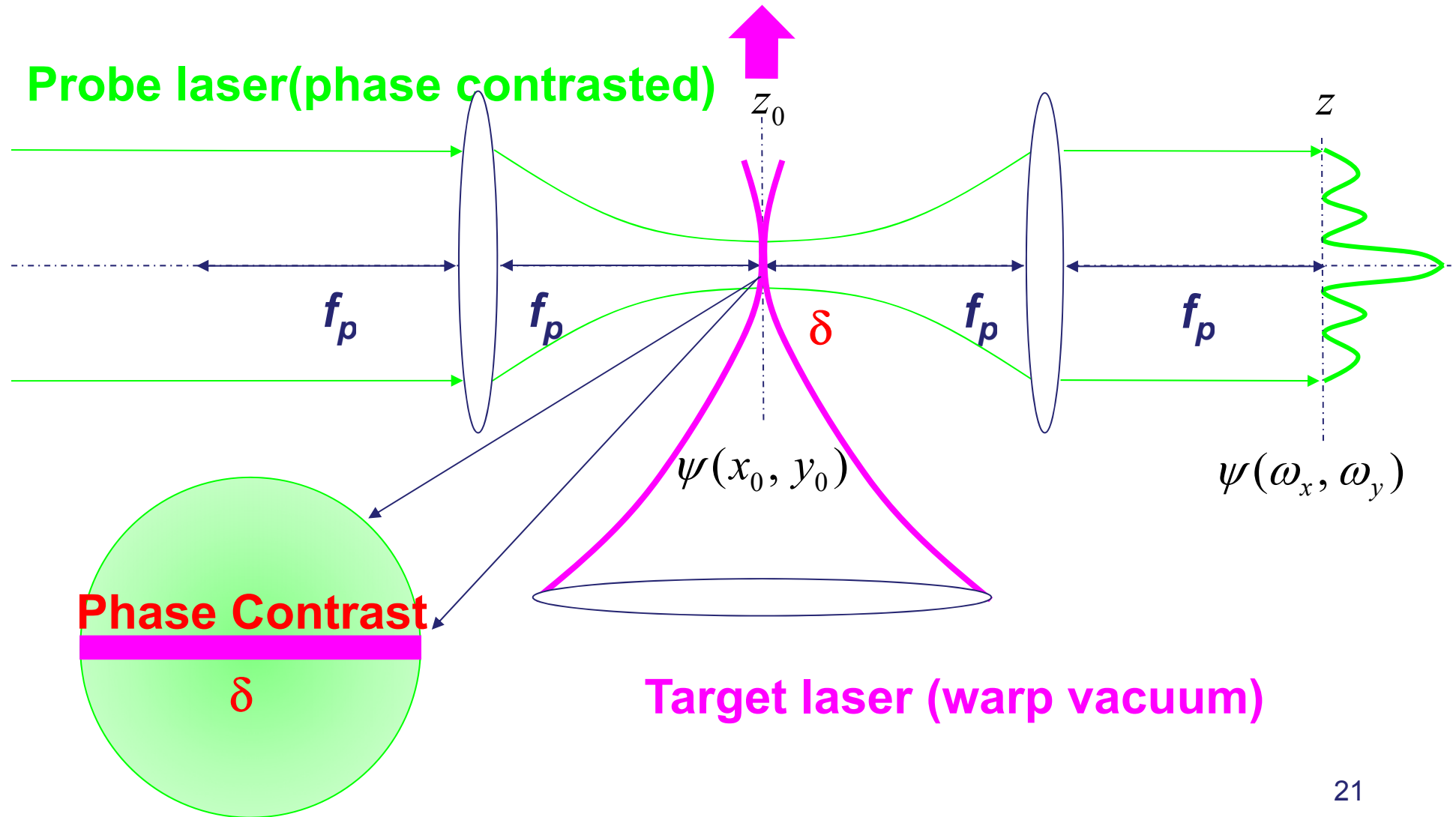


$$n_{\parallel} = 1 + \frac{16 \alpha^2 U}{45 U_e}, \quad n_{\perp} = 1 + \frac{28 \alpha^2 U}{45 U_e}$$

$$U_e = m_e^4 c^5 / \hbar^3 \approx 1.42 \times 10^6 \text{ J}/\mu\text{m}^3$$

**ELI** (~200J per ~20fs)  
can reach  $\Delta n \sim 10^{-9} \sim 10^{-10}$

# Phase contrast imaging of vacuum



# Beyond QED **photon-photon** interaction

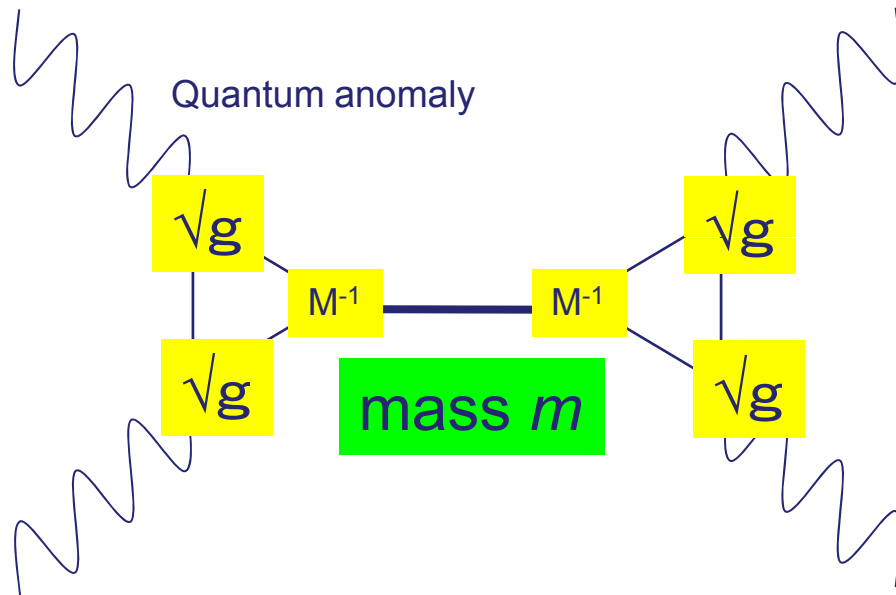
$$L_{QED} = \frac{1}{360} \frac{\alpha^2}{m^4} [4(F_{\mu\nu} F^{\mu\nu})^2 + 7(F_{\mu\nu} \tilde{F}^{\mu\nu})^2]$$

$\updownarrow$   
 $\phi F_{\mu\nu} F^{\mu\nu}$

$\updownarrow$   
 $\sigma F_{\mu\nu} \tilde{F}^{\mu\nu}$

Away from 4 : 7 = QCD , low-mass scalar  $\phi$  , or pseudoscalar  $\sigma$

## Resonance in quasi-parallel collisions in low cms energy



If  $M \sim M_{\text{Planck}}$ , **Dark Energy**

$$gM^{-1} F^{\mu\nu} F_{\mu\nu} \phi$$

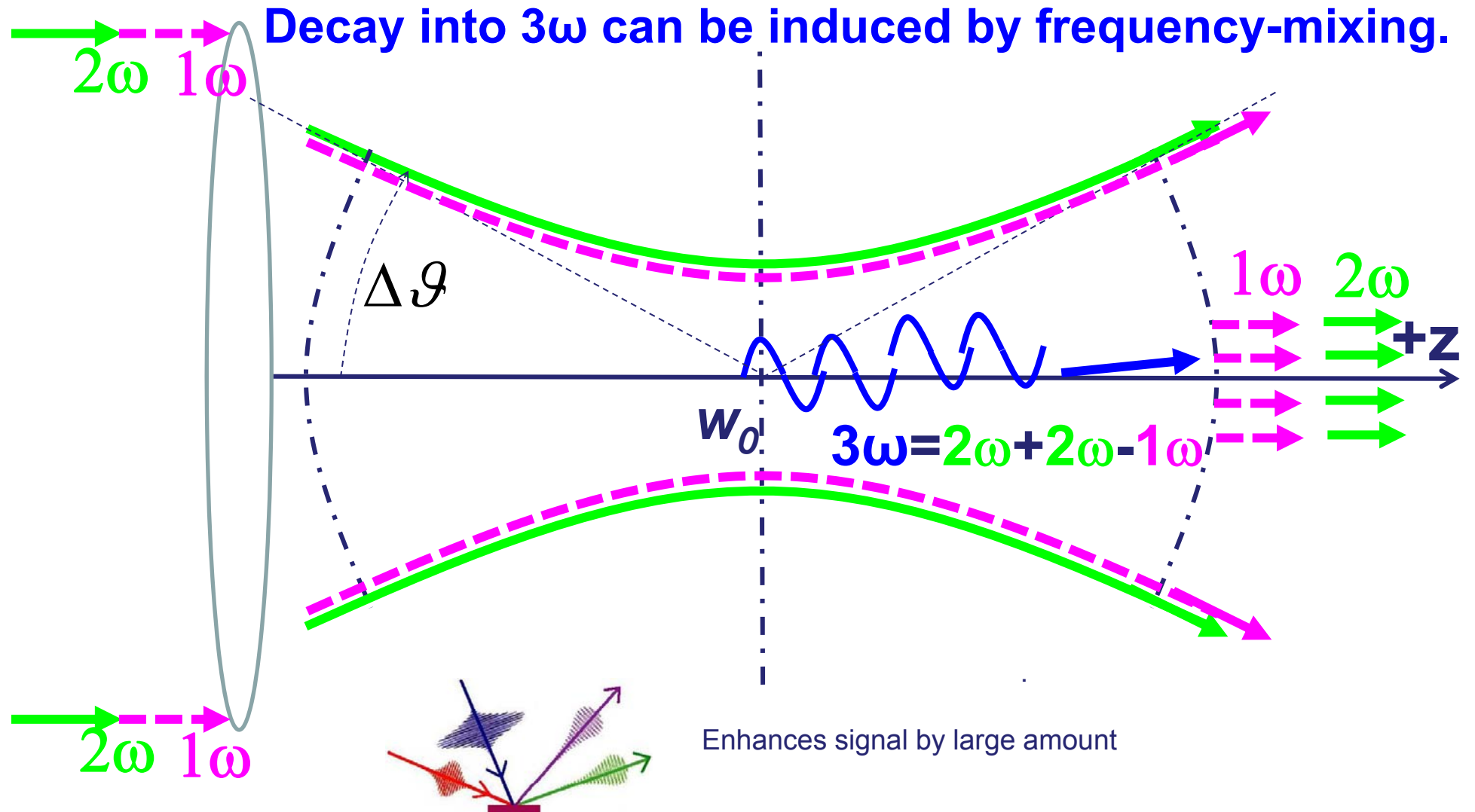
arXiv:1006.1762 [gr-qc]  
Y. Fujii and K.Homma

QCD-instanton, **Dark Matter**

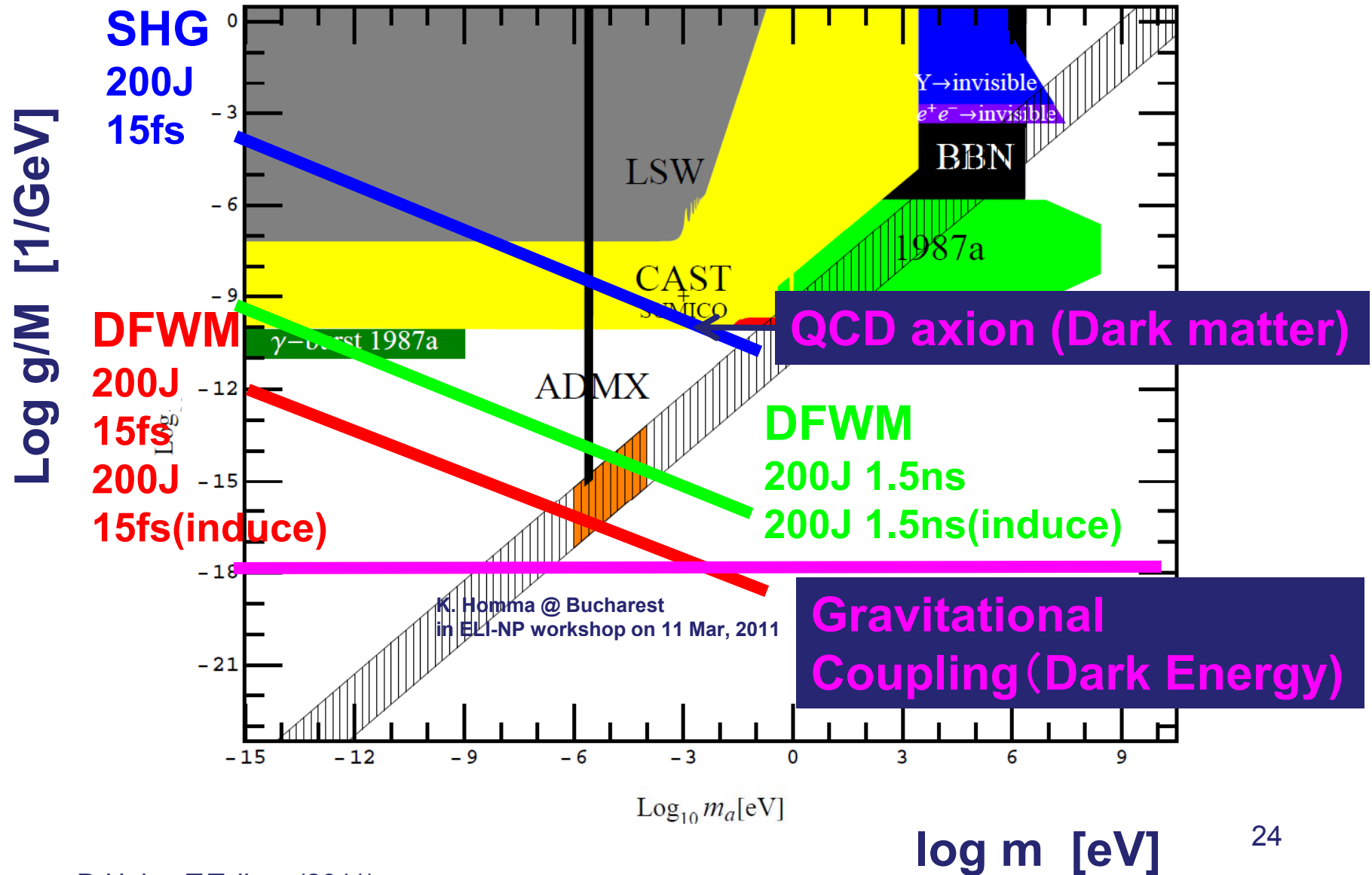
$$gM^{-1} F^{\mu\nu} \tilde{F}_{\mu\nu} \sigma$$

# Degenerate Four-Wave Mixing (DFWM)

Laser-induced nonlinear optics in vacuum (cf. Nonlinear optics in crystal)



# HFS road to unknown fields: dark matter and dark energy





# Latest Development: CERN getting into the game

EuroNNAc Workshop on novel accelerators (May 3-6, 2011)

EuCARD, EuroNNAc Workshop, 3 - 6 May'11 / Programme

Tuesday 03 May 2011

## Tuesday 03 May 2011

### Introductory Presentations - Kjell Johnsen Auditorium (08:30-10:30)

- Conveners: Dr. Collier, Paul (CERN)

time	title	presenter
08:30	Goals of Network and Workshop (00h15')	ASSMANN, Ralph (CERN)
08:45	Accelerator R & D as Driver of Innovation (00h45')	HEUER, Rolf (CERN)
09:30	History and Outlook for Plasma Acceleration (00h30')	TOSHI, Tajima (LMU Munich)
10:00	Modern Lasers for Novel Acceleration Methods (00h30')	MOUROU, Gerard (ILE)

### Coffee Break - 30-7-012 (10:30-11:00)

### Introductory Presentations - Kjell Johnsen Auditorium (11:00-12:30)

- Conveners: Dr. Collier, Paul (CERN)

time	title	presenter
11:00	Accelerator R & D for Particle Physics (00h30')	MYERS, Steve (CERN)
11:30	Status Report Asia (00h30')	SHENG, Zhengming (Shanghai Jiao Tong University)
12:00	Status and Plans US (beam driven) (00h15')	HOGAN, Mark (SLAC)
12:15	Status and Plans US (Laser driven) (00h15')	ESAREY, Eric (LBNL)



**IZEST**

***IZEST***

***International Center for  
Zetta-Exawatt Science and Technology***

*Under the Aegis of  
CEA, Ecole Polytechnique and  
Ministry of Research and Education*

# ELI (2010), now Mega Project on Extreme Laser (2011)

**Extreme Light Infrastructure:** EU decided (2010) at Czech, Hungary, and Romania

Now, Russia announced July 5, 2011: 6 Mega Projects (3-4B Euro) include **Extreme Laser**

Beyond Exawatt  
Beyond 10kJ

ELI: serving Chair, Scientific  
Advisory Committee  
Extreme Laser Mega Project  
(in budget negotiation):  
Chief Scientific Advisor/  
Mega Grant Honorary Director  
(suggested)  
International team being formed:  
IZEST (International Center for  
Zetawatt / Exawatt Science and  
Technology)

<http://strf.ru/>



Евразийский открытый институт, используя обучение через интернет, реализует 18 программ ба..

По диаметру отверстия можно определить и вещества у ..

05.07.11

Σ Стерлигов Иван

Правительственная комиссия по высоким технологиям и инновациям | Обсуждение

Обсуждение

Версия для печати

добавить ссылку

## Сверхмощный лазер как интегратор науки

В числе **меганаучных проектов**, которые будут реализованы на территории России, – Международный центр исследований экстремальных световых полей на основе сверхмощного лазерного комплекса в Нижнем Новгороде. Руководит центром всемирно известный физик **Жерар Муру** при поддержке Минобрнауки России. **STRF.ru** подробно рассказывал об этой работе в статье «**Российские учёные строят сверхмощный лазер**». Насколько значим этот проект для мировой науки, мы выяснили у **Тосики Тадзимы**, заведующего кафедрой физического факультета Университета Людвига Максимилиана в Мюнхене, председателя Международного комитета по сверхмощным лазерам (**International Committee on Ultra-High Intensity Lasers, ICUIL**).



Тосики Тадзима не терпит поучаствовать в российском мегапроекте по созданию сверхмощного лазера

Справка STRF.ru:

Международный комитет по сверхмощным лазерам – подразделение Международного союза фундаментальной и прикладной физики, основанное в 2003 году. Задача ICUIL – продвижение науки и технологии сверхмощных лазеров и координация исследований и разработок в этой области. Под сверхмощными лазерами в комитете понимают лазеры с интенсивностью  $10^{19}$  ватт на  $\text{см}^2$  и мощностью около 10 тераватт

На Ваш взгляд, что примечательного произошло в области сверхмощных лазеров в последнее время?

– Прошлый год стал эпохальным для нас благодаря решению Евросоюза о запуске проекта **Extreme Light Infrastructure [ELI]**, включает целый ряд сверхмощных лазеров в нескольких регионах Европы], а также началу реальной работы **National Ignition Facility** в США – альтернативный токамакам проект термоядерной энергетики, основанный на лазерном нагреве и инерционном удержании плазмы. Мы предполагаем, что развитие сверхмощных лазеров и сопутствующих областей науки значительно ускорится, и стараемся способствовать

# XCELS (Russia)



# Conclusions

- Optical approach: does it overtake the accelerator in high energy and fundamental physics?
- Collider physics requirements:  $\Rightarrow$  low density operation, **laser** with large energy per stage
- Energy frontier (beyond TeV) with precision w/ a few shots possible = non-collider paradigm of fundamental science
  - e.g. Lorentz invariance test , quantum gravity
- **High field science** approach: capability to explore new fields (dark matter; dark energy): SHG, DFWM, learning from NLO (in matter); zs metrology
- Join us at **IZEST**; collaboration btw ISTC and IZEST



The Cabin in Suzdal  
(a Waka poem)

「遙か来ぬ ロシアの大地 夏残照  
芳しきかな 丸太屋の宿」

“The distance I’ve come  
far to the land of Russia  
at summer’s last cry  
What fragrance and comfort  
the logcabin lulls me in!”

Toshi Tajima  
Sept, 2011

**Спасибо!** 30