# THE BIRDS & THE BS in a Warped Extra dimension

#### The $b \rightarrow s \gamma$ penguin in Randall-Sundrum

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The Birds & The Bs in RS

#### The next 13 minutes of your life

Warped flavor at loop level 5D calculation Flavor phenomenology Theory remarks

#### Warped flavor review



## Flavor-changing dipole operators

 $5D \Rightarrow$  non-renormalizable theory, loop-level process:

$$y_{ij}H\cdot \bar{Q}_i\sigma^{\mu\nu}D_j$$

## In fact: UV finite at loop-level I. Gauge invariance (Ward identity) 2. Lorentz invariance

## Effective theory with flavor-changing dipoles



Also analogous  $C'_8$  terms for gluon penguin. Significant  $C_7$ - $C_8$  mixing from RG evolution:  $M_{\rm KK} \rightarrow m_b$ 

#### Structure of the amplitude



Misalignment:  $f_i Y_{ij} f_j \propto m_{ij}$  wants to be diagonalized Non-zero contribution from  $b_{ij}$  (bulk masses)

### Calculation

## 5D formalism

- position/momentum space
- Sums entire KK tower
- Mass insertion approximation

## vs KK reduction

- Avoids ambiguities with 5D Lorentz-invariant loop integral
- Flavor structure manifest



## Dominant $C_7$ diagrams



- $H^{\pm}$  diagram: not in  $\mu \rightarrow e\gamma$ , no 'accidental' cancellations
- Gluon diagrams: enhanced by  $\left(g_s^2 \ln \frac{R'}{R}\right) \approx 36$

Chirality flipped  $C'_7$  given by Hermitian conjugate

## Dominant $C_8$ diagrams



- (glue)<sup>3</sup> vertex enhanced over quark vertex by Dynkin factors
- Anarchic diagrams come with independent Yukawa structures, sum with arbitrary phase

Chirality flipped  $C_8'$  given by Hermitian conjugate

#### Large contributions to wrong-chirality dipole

Contributions to  $\Delta C_7^{(\prime)}$  in the minimal and custodial models; also the misalignment contribution alone



Note scale!  $C'_7 \gg C_7$  in RS. C' corresponds to  $b_L \rightarrow s_R$ , recall that  $b_L$  localized near IR brane.  $C_8^{(')}$  plots are similar,  $\mathcal{O}(10)$  larger.

Scan over parameters that pass quark spectrum and CKM constraints

#### Magnetic dipole distribution at $\mu_b$

Contributions to  $\Delta C_7^{(\prime)}$  in the minimal and custodial models



#### Note scale! $C'_7 \gg C_7$ in RS.

Scan over parameters that pass quark spectrum and CKM constraints

## Penguin phenomenology in RS

Inclusive  $B \to X_s \gamma$ **CP** Asym. in  $B \to K^* \gamma$ Semileptonic  $B \to X_s \mu \mu$ Semileptonic  $B \to K^* \mu \mu$ Forward-backward asymmetry Transverse asymmetry

Scan over custodial model parameters that pass  $\Delta F = 2$  tree-level bounds.





CP Asymmetry in  $B^0(t) \rightarrow K^{*0}\gamma$ 

$$\frac{\Gamma(\bar{B} \to \bar{K}^* \gamma) - \Gamma(B \to K^* \gamma)}{\Gamma(\bar{B} \to \bar{K}^* \gamma) + \Gamma(B \to K^* \gamma)} = S \sin(\Delta M t) - C \cos(\Delta M t)$$
$$S_{K^* \gamma} \simeq \frac{2}{|C_7|^2 + |C_7'|^2} \mathrm{Im} \left( e^{-i\phi_d} C_7 C_7' \right)$$

 $S_{K^*\gamma}$  sensitive to new physics in  $C_7'$ , where we expect large RS contributions. Current:  $S_{K^*\gamma}^{\rm exp}=-16\%\pm22\%$ 

Transverse Asymmetry in  $B \to K^* \mu \mu$ 

 $A_T^{(2)}$  describes the linear polarization vectors of the  $K^*$  and  $\mu\mu$  relative to one another:  $F=2m_bm_B/q^2$ 

 $=\frac{2\left[\operatorname{Re}(C_{10A}'C_{10A}^{*})+F^{2}\operatorname{Re}(C_{7}'C_{7}^{*})+F\operatorname{Re}(C_{7}'C_{9V}^{*})\right]}{|C_{10A}|^{2}+|C_{10A}'|^{2}+F^{2}\left(|C_{7}|^{2}+|C_{7}'|^{2}\right)+|C_{9V}|^{2}+2F\operatorname{Re}(C_{7}C_{9V}^{*})}$ 

Depends only on short-distance physics &  $C'_{\rm SM} \approx 0 \Rightarrow A^{(2)}_{T,\rm SM} \approx 0$ . Krüger et al. hep-ph/0502060

## Transverse Asymmetry in $B \to K^* \mu \mu$



- Big enhancements possible for small  $q^2$
- Weak correlation with  $S_{K^*\gamma}$  due to  $C_7'$  sensitivity
  - $\circ A_T^{(2)}$  is CP conserving while  $S_{K^*\gamma}$  is CP violating
  - Correlation can be washed out depending on the phase

#### Matching 4D and 5D calculations

$$\mathcal{M} \sim \frac{1}{M_{\rm KK}^2} \left[ \left( \frac{n_f M_{\rm KK}}{\Lambda} \right)^2 + \mathcal{O} \left( \frac{v^2}{M_{\rm KK}^2} \right) \right]$$

Leading term vanishes if finite loop cutoff  $\Lambda\to\infty$  without including all KK modes. Must match  $\Lambda$  with heaviest KK scale.



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The Birds & The Bs in RS

#### Conclusions

- One loop penguin amplitudes are finite and calculable
- Main RS contributions appear in  $C'_7: b_L \to s_R \gamma$
- Good agreement with data
  - $\circ \ B \to X_s \gamma, \qquad B \to x_s \mu \mu, \qquad A_{\rm FB}(B \to K^* \mu \mu)$
- Distinctive signature at flavor factories
  - $\circ~$  Time-dependent CP asymmetry in  $B \to K^* \gamma$
  - $\circ$  Angular observables in  $B \to K^* \mu \mu$
- Theory feature: Matching 4D KK EFT to 5D

#### Partial References

#### RS model building

Original: hep-ph/9905221. **Reviews:** hep-ph/0404096, hep-ph/0510275, 1008.2570. **Bulk fields:** hep-ph/9911262, hep-ph/9911294, hep-ph/9912408, hep-ph/0003129. **Custodial**: hep-ph/0308036.

#### **RS** Penguins

**NDA**: hep-ph/0406101, hep-ph/0606021. **Calculation**: 1004.2037, 1203.6650

#### Penguin Flavor

hep-ph/9806471, 1104.3342, 1111.1257.

#### **RS** Flavor

hep-ph/0002279, hep-ph/0408134, 0804.1954, 0807.4937, 0812.3803, 0903.2415, 0905.2318, 0912.1625