

# Quantum Penguins Investigate Antimatter

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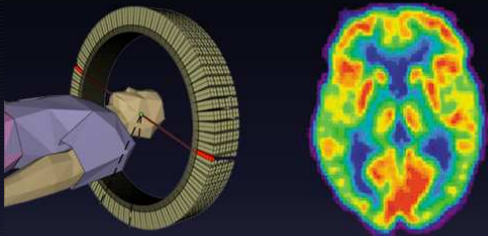


# Antimatter: not just sci-fi



We know antimatter is great for warp travel.

# Antimatter: not just sci-fi



More common uses: **PET scans**, nuclear energy, nonproliferation...

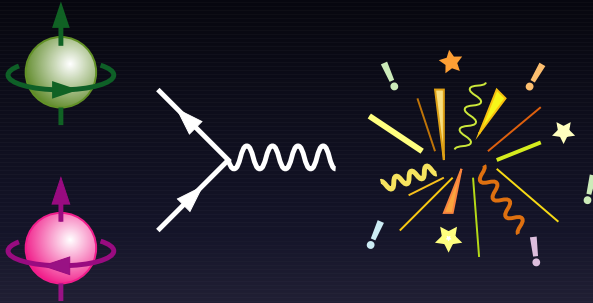
# Antimatter: not just sci-fi



**Matter** and **antimatter** are related by *CP* symmetry, which swaps charge and handed-ness.

Sci-fi accurately captures a key property of antimatter...

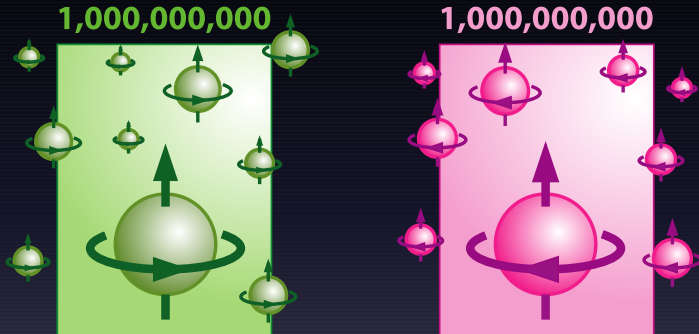
# Antimatter: not just sci-fi



**Matter** and **antimatter** annihilate into **energy**.

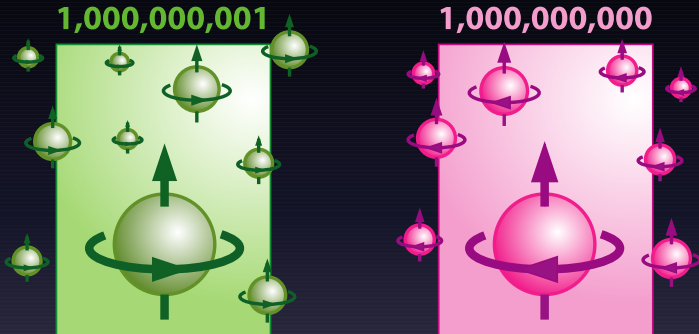
(Example of simple Feynman diagram.)

# What's the matter with antimatter?



If antimatter is so symmetric, *why are we here?*

# What's the matter with antimatter?



There must have been some **small** initial asymmetry...

# What's the matter with antimatter?

1

0

our present universe



'Great annihilation' of the early universe, we're the survivors. Why?

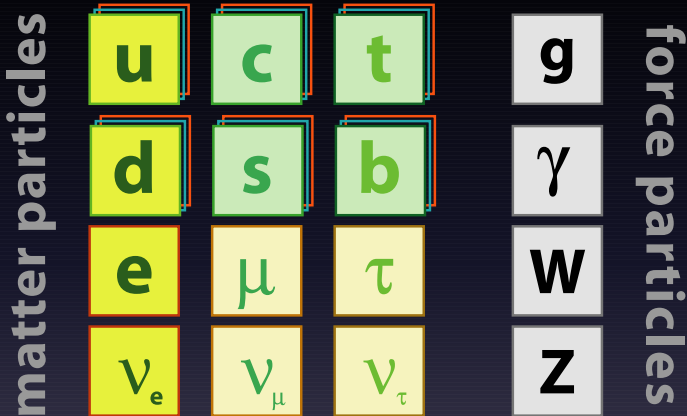


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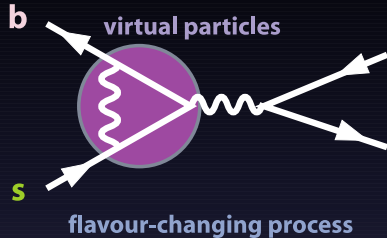
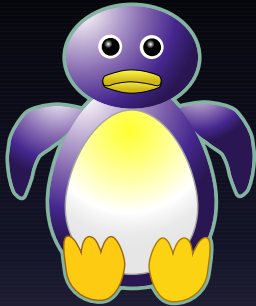
It turns out that  $CP$  asymmetry is deeply related to another curiosity of our current model.

# Why are there three copies of matter?



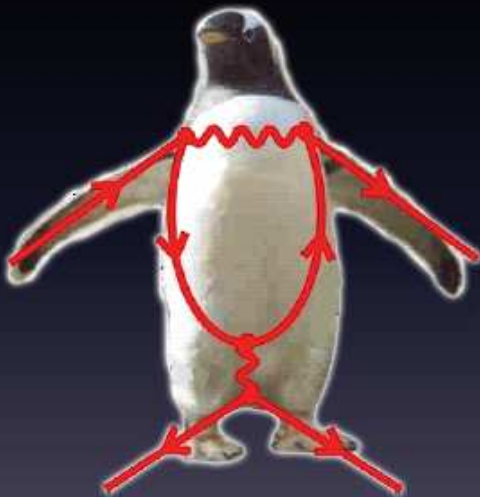
Chemistry only requires the first copy ('flavour'). Why three?  
We need three for matter-antimatter ( $CP$ ) asymmetry!

# The Birds and the Bs



**Penguin diagrams:** flavour-changing **quantum** processes that reveal the flavour ( $CP$ ) structure of nature.

... they kind of look like penguins



... named by an Englishman (John Ellis, CERN)

# Birds and Bs: The B meson



Meson	Mass	Mean lifetime
$B_d^0$	5.28 GeV	$1.53 \times 10^{-12} \text{s}$
$B_s^0$	5.37 GeV	$1.44 \times 10^{-12} \text{s}$

**B meson:** easy to detect, penguin-mode decay is dominant.

B-mesons are bound states of quarks and  $b$  antiquarks. Their decays shed light on the  $CP$  structure of nature.

# The LHCb experiment

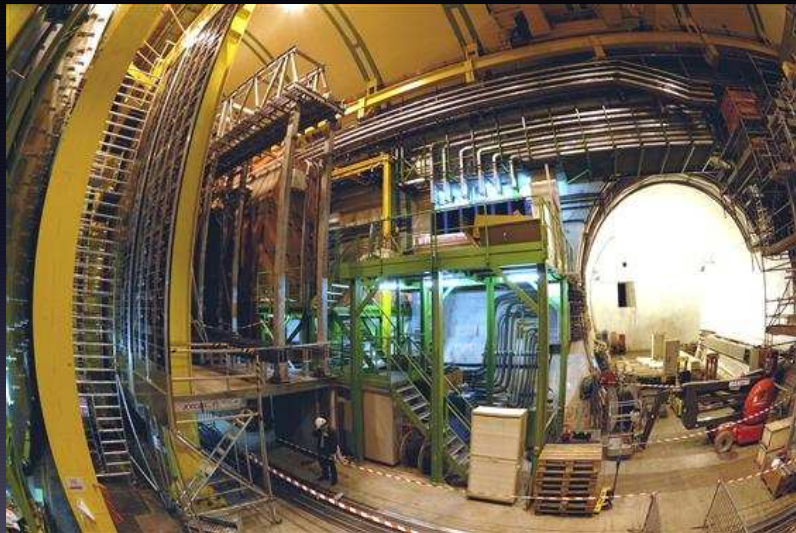
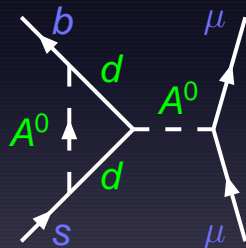
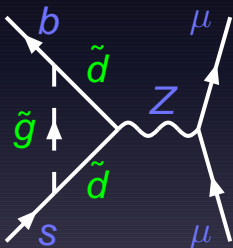
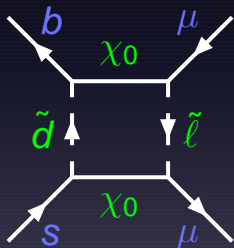


Image courtesy of the CERN Document Server

# Theoretical Considerations

The 'Standard Model' does *not* contain enough  $\mathcal{CP}$  violation to account for the observed matter-antimatter asymmetry!

This means that there must be **new physics** waiting to be discovered!



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Standard Model, **Supersymmetry**,

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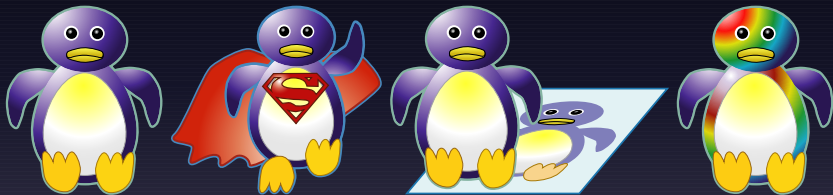


Standard Model, **Supersymmetry**, **Extra Dimensions**,

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Standard Model, **S**upersymmetry, **E**xtra Dimensions, **T**echnicolour

# Theoretical Considerations

These ideas have deep connections to other 'big questions' in physics:

- What is the nature of space and time?
- Do all of the forces unify?
- What is the origin of mass?
- What is dark matter/dark energy?

The physics of antimatter is part of a larger puzzle to **understand nature at its most fundamental level.**

# UK Leadership

## Experimental groups in the LHCb collaboration:

- University of Bristol
- Cambridge University
- Rutherford Appleton Laboratory
- University of Edinburgh
- University of Glasgow
- University of Liverpool
- Imperial College
- Oxford University

## Theoretical groups doing related research:

- Durham University IPPP
- University of Southampton
- (Cambridge, Edinburgh, Oxford, ...)



## Institute for Particle Physics Phenomenology

- Established 2000
- Supported by STFC and private philanthropy
- Unique group focusing on the intersection between theory and experiment
- Hub for UK particle physics community
- Hub for international collaborations

# Conclusions

- This is an exciting time for physics when we can probe fundamental questions about matter and antimatter.
- Expect a lot of experimental and theoretical progress
- The UK plays a leading role in this research

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Thanks to the Marshall Commission and the IPPP!



Special thanks to Mary, Lizzie, and Natasha.