

Linear Algebra

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■ Vectors

■ Vectors are given as lists

```
In[79]:= v := {a, b, c}
```

```
In[80]:= w := {x, y, z}
```

```
In[81]:= k v
```

```
Out[81]= {a k, b k, c k}
```

```
In[82]:= v + w
```

```
Out[82]= {a + x, b + y, c + z}
```

■ Functions are applied to each element in a vector Scalar Dot Product

```
In[83]:= v . w
```

```
Out[83]= a x + b y + c z
```

■ Vector element

```
In[84]:= v[[3]]
```

```
Out[84]= c
```

■ Ways to generate vectors

```
In[85]:= Array[d, 6]
```

```
Out[85]= {d[1], d[2], d[3], d[4], d[5], d[6]}
```

```
In[86]:= Table[i + 6, {i, 5}]
```

```
Out[86]= {7, 8, 9, 10, 11}
```

■ Matrices

■ Matrices are given by

```
In[87]:= m = {{m11, m12}, {m21, m22}}
```

```
Out[87]= {{m11, m12}, {m21, m22}}
```

```
In[88]:= MatrixForm[m]
```

```
Out[88]//MatrixForm=  
  ( m11  m12 )  
  ( m21  m22 )
```

■ To generate a matrix

```
In[89]:= A := Array[f, {3, 3}]
```

```
In[90]:= MatrixForm[A]
```

```
Out[90]//MatrixForm=
```

$$\begin{pmatrix} f[1, 1] & f[1, 2] & f[1, 3] \\ f[2, 1] & f[2, 2] & f[2, 3] \\ f[3, 1] & f[3, 2] & f[3, 3] \end{pmatrix}$$

```
In[91]:= T := Table[3 i - 3 + j, {i, 3}, {j, 3}]
```

```
In[92]:= H := MatrixForm[T]
```

```
In[93]:= H
```

```
Out[93]//MatrixForm=
```

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 4 & 5 & 6 \\ 7 & 8 & 9 \end{pmatrix}$$

```
In[94]:= d := DiagonalMatrix[{a1, a2, a3}]
```

```
In[95]:= MatrixForm[d]
```

```
Out[95]//MatrixForm=
```

$$\begin{pmatrix} a1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & a2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & a3 \end{pmatrix}$$

```
In[96]:= iden := IdentityMatrix[3]
```

```
In[97]:= MatrixForm[iden]
```

```
Out[97]//MatrixForm=
```

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

```
In[98]:= MatrixForm[Transpose[T]]
```

```
Out[98]//MatrixForm=
```

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 4 & 7 \\ 2 & 5 & 8 \\ 3 & 6 & 9 \end{pmatrix}$$

```
In[99]:= T
```

```
Out[99]= {{1, 2, 3}, {4, 5, 6}, {7, 8, 9}}
```

```
In[100]:= T[[2, 3]]
```

```
Out[100]= 6
```

Third row

```
In[101]:= T[[3]]
```

```
Out[101]= {7, 8, 9}
```

Third column

```
In[102]:= Transpose[T][[3]]
```

```
Out[102]= {3, 6, 9}
```

```
In[103]:= Range[10]
```

```
Out[103]= {1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10}
```

■ Matrix multiplication

```
In[104]:= m
```

```
Out[104]= {{m11, m12}, {m21, m22}}
```

```
In[105]:= p := {{p11, p12}, {p21, p22}}
```

```
In[106]:= MatrixForm[m . p]
```

```
Out[106]//MatrixForm=
  ( m11 p11 + m12 p21  m11 p12 + m12 p22 )
  ( m21 p11 + m22 p21  m21 p12 + m22 p22 )
```

■ Matrix products with vectors

```
In[107]:= x := {x1, x2}
```

```
In[108]:= MatrixForm[m . x]
```

```
Out[108]//MatrixForm=
  ( m11 x1 + m12 x2 )
  ( m21 x1 + m22 x2 )
```

```
In[109]:= MatrixForm[x . m]
```

```
Out[109]//MatrixForm=
  ( m11 x1 + m21 x2 )
  ( m12 x1 + m22 x2 )
```

```
In[110]:= y := {y1, y2}
```

```
In[111]:= x . m . y
```

```
Out[111]= (m11 x1 + m21 x2) y1 + (m12 x1 + m22 x2) y2
```

```
In[112]:= Inverse[m]
```

```
Out[112]= {{  $\frac{m22}{-m12 m21 + m11 m22}$ ,  $-\frac{m12}{-m12 m21 + m11 m22}$  }, {  $-\frac{m21}{-m12 m21 + m11 m22}$ ,  $\frac{m11}{-m12 m21 + m11 m22}$  } }
```

```
In[113]:= Det[m]
```

```
Out[113]= -m12 m21 + m11 m22
```

```
In[114]:= Det[T]
```

```
Out[114]= 0
```

■ The trace is given by the sum over diagonal elements

```
In[115]:= tr :=  $\sum_{i=1}^3 T[[i, i]]$ 
```

```
In[116]:= tr
```

```
Out[116]= 15
```

■ Eigenvalues and Eigenvectors

```
In[117]:= Eigenvalues[T]
```

```
Out[117]= {0,  $\frac{3}{2} (5 - \sqrt{33})$ ,  $\frac{3}{2} (5 + \sqrt{33})$ }
```

```
In[118]:= evt := Eigenvectors[T]
```

```
In[119]:= evt
```

```
Out[119]= {{1, -2, 1},  $\left\{-\frac{15 - \sqrt{33}}{-33 + 7\sqrt{33}}, \frac{4(-6 + \sqrt{33})}{-33 + 7\sqrt{33}}, 1\right\}$ ,  $\left\{-\frac{-15 - \sqrt{33}}{33 + 7\sqrt{33}}, \frac{4(6 + \sqrt{33})}{33 + 7\sqrt{33}}, 1\right\}}$ }
```

```
In[120]:= << "LinearAlgebra`Orthogonalization`"
```

```
In[121]:= nevt := N[evt]
```

```
In[122]:= nevt
```

```
Out[122]= {{1., -2., 1.}, {-1.28335, -0.141675, 1.}, {0.283349, 0.641675, 1.}}
```

```
In[123]:= GramSchmidt[nevt]
```

```
Out[123]= {{0.408248, -0.816497, 0.408248}, {-0.78583, -0.0867513, 0.612328},  
{0.464547, 0.570796, 0.677044}}
```

```
In[124]:= Normalize[nevt[[1]]]
```

```
Out[124]= {0.408248, -0.816497, 0.408248}
```

```
In[125]:= Projection[nevt[[1]], nevt[[2]]]
```

```
Out[125]= {0., 0., 0.}
```

```
In[127]:= cp := CharacteristicPolynomial[T, eig]
```

In[128]:= **cp**

Out[128]= $18 \text{ eig} + 15 \text{ eig}^2 - \text{eig}^3$

In[129]:= **Roots [cp == 0, eig]**

Out[129]= $\text{eig} == \frac{3}{2} (5 - \sqrt{33}) \ || \ \text{eig} == \frac{3}{2} (5 + \sqrt{33}) \ || \ \text{eig} == 0$

In[130]:= **Factor [cp]**

Out[130]= $-\text{eig} (-18 - 15 \text{ eig} + \text{eig}^2)$

In[131]:= **m**

Out[131]= $\{\{m11, m12\}, \{m21, m22\}\}$

■ Linear Equations $m x = \text{vec}$

In[132]:= **? LinearSolve**

LinearSolve[m, b] finds an x which solves the matrix equation $m.x==b$.

In[133]:= **vec := {vec1, vec2}**

In[134]:= **LinearSolve [m, vec]**

Out[134]= $\left\{ \frac{m22 \text{ vec1} - m12 \text{ vec2}}{-m12 m21 + m11 m22}, \frac{-m21 \text{ vec1} + m11 \text{ vec2}}{-m12 m21 + m11 m22} \right\}$